

# INVERTER Control terminal option FR-E7TR INSTRUCTION MANUAL

RS-485 2 port terminal block





Thank you for choosing this Mitsubishi Inverter control terminal option.

This instruction manual gives handling information and precautions for use of this equipment. Incorrect handling might cause an unexpected fault. Before using the equipment, please read this manual carefully to use the equipment to its optimum performance.

Please forward this manual to the end user.

# This section is specifically about safety matters

Do not attempt to install, operate, maintain or inspect this product until you have read through this instruction manual and appended documents carefully and can use the equipment correctly. Do not use this product until you have a full knowledge of the equipment, safety information and instructions.

In this instruction manual, the safety instruction levels are classified into "WARNING" and "CAUTION".



Assumes that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in death or severe injury.

Assumes that incorrect handling may cause hazardous conditions, resulting in medium or slight injury, or may cause physical damage only.

Note that even the <u>ACAUTION</u> level may lead to a serious consequence according to conditions. Please follow the instructions of both levels because they are important to personnel safety.

#### **Safety Precautions**

**1. Electric Shock Prevention** 

### 

- While power is on or when the inverter is running, do not open the front cover. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock.
- Do not run the inverter with the front cover or wiring cover removed. Otherwise, you may access the exposed highvoltage terminals and charging part and get an electric shock.
- If power is off, do not remove the front cover except for wiring or periodic inspection. You may access the charged inverter circuits and get an electric shock.
- Before starting wiring or inspection, check to make sure that the indication of the inverter operation panel is off, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched off, and check that there are no residual voltage using a tester or the like. The capacitor is charged with high voltage for some time after power off and it is dangerous.
- Any person who is involved in the wiring or inspection of this equipment should be fully competent to do the work.
- Always install the control terminal option before wiring. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock or be injured.
- Do not touch the control terminal option with wet hands. Otherwise, you may get an electric shock.
- Do not subject the cables to scratches, excessive stress, heavy loads or pinching. Otherwise you may get an electric shock.

#### 2. Injury Prevention

# 

- Apply only the voltage specified in the instruction manual to each terminal. Otherwise, burst, damage, etc. may occur.
- Ensure that the cables are connected to the correct terminals. Otherwise, burst, damage, etc. may occur.
- Always make sure that polarity is correct to prevent damage, etc. Otherwise, burst, damage may occur.
- While power is on or for some time after power-off, do not touch the inverter as they will be extremely hot. Doing so can cause burns.

#### 3. Additional Instructions

Also note the following points to prevent an accidental failure, injury, electric shock, etc.

(1) Transportation and mounting

#### 

- Do not install or operate the terminal block option unit if it is damaged or has parts missing.
- Do not stand or rest heavy objects on the product.
- · Check that the mounting orientation is correct.
- Prevent other conductive bodies such as screws and metal fragments or other flammable substance such as oil from entering the inverter.

(2) Trial run

# 

Before starting operation, confirm and adjust the parameters.
A failure to do so may cause some machines to make unexpected motions.

#### (3) Usage

# 

- Do not modify the equipment.
- Do not perform parts removal which is not instructed in this manual. Doing so may lead to fault or damage of the product.

# 

- When parameter clear or all parameter clear is performed, reset the required parameters before starting operations. Each parameter returns to the initial value.
- For prevention of damage due to static electricity, touch nearby metal before touching this product to eliminate static electricity from your body.

(4) Maintenance, inspection and parts replacement

## 

- Do not test the equipment with a megger (measure insulation resistance).
- (5) Disposal

## 

• Treat as industrial waste.

#### (6) General instruction

All illustrations given in this manual may have been drawn with covers or safety guards removed to provide in-depth description. Before starting operation of the product, always return the covers and guards into original positions as specified and operate the equipment in accordance with the inverter manual.

#### - CONTENTS -

1	PRE-OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS	1
1. 1.	Unpacking and Product Confirmation     .1.1   Packing Confirmation     .1.2   Parts     .1.3   Terminal layout	1 2
1.2	Terminal connection diagram	
1.3		
1.4	Communication	12
2	INSTALLATION	13
2.1	Pre-Installation Instructions	13
2.2	Installation procedure	14
3	WIRING	17
3.1	RS-485 terminals system configuration	
3.2		19
3.3	Wiring	23
4	COMMUNICATION OPERATION FROM RS-485 TERMINALS	25
4.1	RS-485 communication related parameter	26

# **PRE-OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS**

### **1.1 Unpacking and Product Confirmation**

Take the control terminal option out of the package, check the product name on the reverse side, and confirm that the product is as you ordered and intact.

This product is a control terminal option unit dedicated for the FR-E700 series.

### 1.1.1 Packing Confirmation

Check the enclosed items.



## PRE-OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS

## 1.1.2 Parts



#### 1.1.3 Terminal layout



1



**PRE-OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS** 

#### **1.2 Terminal connection diagram**



**PRE-OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS** 

- \*1 When using terminals PC-SD as a 24VDC power supply, take care not to short across terminals PC-SD.
- \*2 Terminal input specifications can be changed by analog input specifications switchover (Pr. 73).
- \*3 Terminal input specifications can be changed by analog input specifications switchover (*Pr. 267*). Set the voltage/current input switch in the "V" position to select voltage input (0 to 5V/0 to10V) and "I" (initial value) to select current input (4 to 20mA).
- \*4 It is recommended to use 2W1kΩ when the frequency setting signal is changed frequently.
- \*5 It is not necessary when calibrating the indicator from the operation panel.
- \*6 Set the switch to the right (ON) position to pass a shielded wire across terminal SG.
- \*7 Set only the terminating resistor switch of the remotest inverter to the " $100\Omega$ " position.



#### **1.3 Control terminal specifications**

#### (1) RS-485 communication

Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description
SDA (2 points)	Inverter send+	Sending signal output terminal from the inverter.
SDB (2 points) Inverter send- Inverse sending signal output te		Inverse sending signal output terminal from the inverter.
RDA (2 points)	Inverter receive+	Receive signal input terminal of the inverter. Changing the terminating resistor switch to " $100\Omega$ " side connects the inverter to the $100\Omega$ terminating resistor.
RDB (2 points)	Inverter receive-	Receive signal input terminal of the inverter. Changing the terminating resistor switch to " $100\Omega$ " side connects the inverter to the $100\Omega$ terminating resistor.
SG	RS-485 communication common, Analog common	Common terminal of RS-485 communication and frequency setting signal (terminal 2 or terminal 4). Do not earth (ground).

#### (2) Frequency setting

\*

Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description	Rated Specifications
10	Frequency setting power supply	Used as power supply when connecting potentiometer for frequency setting (speed setting) from outside of the inverter.	$5.2VDC \pm 0.2V$ Permissible load current 10mA
2	Frequency setting (voltage)/ Common terminal	Inputting 0 to 5VDC (or 0 to 10V) provides the maximum output frequency at 5V (10V) and makes input and output proportional. Use <i>Pr. 73</i> to switch between input 0 to 5VDC (initial setting) and 0 to 10VDC input. Set terminal 2/SG switch ( <i>refer to page 2</i> ) to the right position (ON) to change terminal 2 to terminal SG to pass a shielded wire across terminal SG during RS-485 communication. In this case, voltage at terminal 2 is 0V input.	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
4	Frequency setting (current)   Inputting 4 to 20mADC (or 0 to 5V, 0 to 10V) provides the maximum output frequency at 20mA and makes input and output proportional. This input signal of terminal 4 is valid only when the AU signal is on (terminal 2 input is invalid). Use <i>Pr. 267</i> to switch from among input 4 to 20mA (initial setting), 0 to 5VDC and 0 to 10VDC. Set the voltage/current input switch in the "V" position to select voltage input (0 to 5V/0 to 10V).		Current input: Input resistance $233\Omega \pm 5\Omega$ Maximum permissible current 30mA. Voltage input: Input resistance $10k\Omega \pm 1k\Omega$ Permissible maximum voltage 20VDC Current input (Initial status) Voltage input

Refer to the inverter manual for details of Pr. 73 and Pr. 267.

1



#### (3) Contact input

Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Des	Rated Specifications		
STF*	Forward rotation start	Turn on the STF signal to start forward rotation and turn it off to stop.	R		
STR*	Reverse rotation start	and turn it off to stop.   signals are turned on     Furn on the STR signal   simultaneously, the stop     o start reverse rotation   command is given.     and turn it off to stop.   or start reverse			
RH,RM, RL∗	Multi-speed selection	Multi-speed can be sele combination of RH, RM	Input resistance 4.7kΩ Voltage at opening 21 to 26VDC When contacts are short- circuited 4 to 6mADC		
MRS*	Output stop	Turn on the MRS signal inverter output. Use to shut off the invert motor by electromagnet			
RES*	Reset	Used to reset fault outpo occurs. Turn on the RES then turn it off. By setting <i>Pr.</i> 75, reset of an inverter alarm occurr after reset is cancelled. Refer to the inverter ma			

\* Input signal functions can be selected using *Pr*.178 to *Pr*.184 (input terminal function selection). Refer to the inverter manual for details of *Pr*. 178 to *Pr*.184.

#### **PRE-OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS**

Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description	Rated Specifications
	Contact input common (sink) (initial setting)	Common terminal for contact input terminal (sink logic) and terminal FM.	
SD	External transistor common (source)	When connecting the transistor output (open collector output), such as a programmable controller (PLC), when source logic is selected, connect the external power supply common for transistor output to this terminal to prevent a malfunction caused by undesirable currents.	—
	24VDC power supply common	Common output terminal for 24VDC 0.1A power supply (PC terminal). Isolated from terminals SG and SE.	
PC	External transistor common (sink) (initial setting)	When connecting the transistor output (open collector output), such as a programmable controller (PLC), when sink logic is selected, connect the external power supply common for transistor output to this terminal to prevent a malfunction caused by undesirable currents.	Power supply voltage range 22 to 26VDC Permissible load current 100mA
	Contact input common (source)		
	24VDC power supply	Can be used as 24VDC 0.1A power supply.	



#### (4) Output signal

Type	Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Descri	Rated Specifications		
	,	<b>,</b>	1 changeover contact output indic	changeover contact output indicates that the inverter protective		
Relay	A, B, C	Relay output	function has activated and the ou	itput stopped.	0.3A	
Re	*1	(fault output)	Alarm: discontinuity across B-C (	continuity across A-C), Normal:	(power factor = 0.4)	
			continuity across B-C (discontinu	ity across A-C)	30VDC 0.3A	
			Switched low when the inverter of	output frequency is equal to or		
_	RUN *1	Inverter running	higher than the starting frequency	y (initial value 0.5Hz). Switched	Permissible load 24VDC	
cto			high during stop or DC injection b	(27VDC maximum) 0.1A		
Open collector		Frequency	Switched low when the inverter of	(maximum voltage drop		
en c	FU *1		higher than the preset detected f	when the signal is on 3.4V)		
do		dotoolion	than the preset detected frequent			
	SE	Open collector output common	Common terminal of terminal RU	ommon terminal of terminal RUN and FU.		
			Select one e.g. output frequency			
e			from monitor items. *3	Output item:	Permissible load current	
Pulse	FM	For meter	The output signal is proportional	Output frequency (initial	1mA	
Ш			to the magnitude of the	setting)	1440 pulses/s at 60Hz	
			corresponding monitoring item.			

\*1 Output signal function can be selected using *Pr. 190 to Pr. 192 (output terminal function selection)* Refer to the inverter manual for details of *Pr. 190 to Pr. 192.* 

\*2 Low indicates that the open collector output transistor is on (conducts). High indicates that the transistor is off (does not conduct).

\*3 Not output during inverter reset.

—— CAUTION —

- Terminals SD, SG and SE are common terminals for I/O signal. (All common terminals are isolated from each other.) Do not earth them.
- Do not connect terminal SD-SG and terminal SE-SG.
- Terminal SD is a common terminal for the contact input terminals (STF, STR, RH, RM, RL, MRS, RES) and frequency output signal (FM). The open collector circuit is isolated from the internal control circuit by photocoupler.
- Terminal SG is a common terminal for the frequency setting signals (terminal 2 or 4) and RS-485 communication. It should be protected from external noise using a shielded or twisted cable.
- Terminal SE is a common terminal for the open collector output terminal (RUN, FU). The contact input circuit is isolated from the internal control circuit by photocoupler.



## **1.4 Communication**

Item	Description	
Communication protocol	Mitsubishi inverter protocol (computer link communication), Modbus-RTU protocol	
Conforming standard	EIA-485 (RS-485)	
Number of connectable devices	32 units maximum	
Communication speed	ication speed 4800/9600/19200/38400bps	
Communication method Half-duplex system, full-duplex system		
Terminating resistor	100 $\Omega$ (valid/invalid can be changed with a terminating resistor switch)	

# 2/INSTALLATION

#### 2.1 **Pre-Installation Instructions**

Make sure that the input power of the inverter is off.

# 

Do not install or remove a control terminal option with the input power supply is on. Otherwise, the inverter and option may be damaged.



#### 2.2 Installation procedure

- (1) Remove the inverter front cover. (Refer to the inverter instruction manual for removing the front cover.)
- (2) Remove the installation screws of the standard control circuit terminal. Pull the control circuit terminal downward.



INSTALLATION

(3) Using care not to bend the pins of the inverter's control circuit connector, reinstall the control terminal option and fix it with the mounting screws.
(Tightening torque 0.56N·m to 0.75N·m)



Í INSTALLATION

(4) Install the inverter front cover.

(Refer to the inverter instruction manual for installing the front cover.) Attatch a supplied control terminal change notice sticker to the next to the model name on the front cover so that the control terminal has been replaced with the FR-E7TR. (Two control terminal change notice sitckers are supplied and one of them is an extra.)



# 3 WIRING

#### 3.1 **RS-485** terminals system configuration

•Connection of a computer to the inverter (1:1 connection)



\*Set the terminating resistor switch to the "100 $\Omega$ " position.

#### •Combination of computer and multiple inverters (1:n connection)



#### 3.2 Wiring method of RS-485 terminals

#### (1) Four-wire type connection

•Wiring of one RS-485 computer and n inverters (several inverters)



- \*1 Make connections in accordance with the manual of the computer used. Fully check the terminal numbers of the computer since they vary with the model.
- \*2 For the inverter farthest from the computer, set the terminating resistor switch to ON (100 $\Omega$  side).



#### REMARKS

Refer to the figure below for branch wiring in the case of full-duplex system.



#### (2) Two-wire type connection

If the computer is 2-wire type, a connection from the inverter can be changed to 2-wire type by passing wires across reception terminals and transmission terminals of the RS-485 terminals.



\*1 Make connections in accordance with the manual of the computer used. Fully check the terminal numbers of the computer since they vary with the model.

\*2 For the inverter farthest from the computer, set the terminating resistor switch to ON (100 $\Omega$  side).



# WIRING

#### REMARKS

Refer to the figure below for branch wiring in the case of half-duplex system.



A program should be created so that transmission is disabled (receiving state) when the computer is not sending and reception is disabled (sending state) during sending to prevent the computer from receiving its own data.

## 3.3 Wiring

(1) Strip off the sheath of the cable to wire.

Strip off the sheath about the size below. If the length of the sheath pealed is too long, a short circuit may occur among neighboring wires. If the length is too short, wires might come off.



Wire the stripped cable after twisting it to prevent it from becoming loose. In addition, do not solder it.

Use a bar terminal as necessary.

Terminal	L(mm)
A, B, C	6
Other than the above	5

#### REMARKS

Information on bar terminals

Commercially available product examples (as of Sep., 2006)

Terminal Screw Size	Wire Size	Bar Tern	Maker	
Terminal Screw Size	(mm²)	with insulation sleeve	without insulation sleeve	waker
M3	0.3 to 0.5	AI 0,5-6WH	A 0,5-6	
(terminal A, B, C)	0.5 to 0.75	AI 0,75-6GY	A 0,75-6	Phoenix Contact
M2 (Other than the above)	0.3 to 0.5	AI 0,5-6WH	A 0,5-6	Co., Ltd.

· Bar terminal crimping tool: CRIMPFOX ZA3 (Phoenix Contact Co., Ltd.)

When using the bar terminal (without insulation sleeve), use

care so that the twisted wires do not come out.



# WIRING

- (2) Loosen the terminal screw and insert the cable into the terminal.
- (3) Tighten the screw to the specified torque.

Undertightening can cause cable disconnection or malfunction. Overtightening can cause a short circuit or malfunction due to damage to the screw or unit.

Tightening torque: 0.5N·m to 0.6N·m (A, B, C terminals)

0.22N·m to 0.25N·m (other than the above)

\* Screwdriver: Small flathead  $\ominus$  screwdriver (Tip thickness: 0.4mm/tip width: 2.5mm)

# **COMMUNICATION OPERATION FROM RS-485 TERMINALS**

Mounting a control terminal option FR-E7TR allows RS-485 communication from RS-485 terminals in place of PU connector on the standard control circuit terminal.

Set the same parameter (*refer to page 26*) as when performing RS-485 communication from PU connector. For details of initial setting and specifications when performing RS-485 communication with RS-485 terminals, refer to explanations of "RS-485 communication from PU connector" of the inverter manual.

In addition, RS-485 communication from RS-485 terminals allows communication operation and parameter setting with Mitsubishi inverter protocol (computer link communication) and Modbus-RTU communication protocol selected as same as when RS-485 communication from PU connector with a standard control circuit terminal block mounted.

For details of communication specifications and initial setting of Mitsuibishi inverter protocol (computer link communication) and Modbus-RTU communication protocol, refer to "Each protocol of communication operation from PU connector" of the inverter manual.

----- CAUTION -

Always reset the inverter after making the initial settings of the parameters. After you have changed the communication-related parameters, communication cannot be made until the inverter is reset.



#### 4.1 RS-485 communication related parameter

For details of parameter, refer to explanations of "RS-485 communication from PU connector" and "Each protocol of communication operation from PU connector" of the inverter manual.

(1) Operation command source and speed command source during communication operation (*Pr. 338, Pr. 339, Pr. 550, Pr. 551*)

Parameter Number	Name	Initial Value	Setting Range	Description
338	Communication	0	0	Operation command source communication
550	operation command source	0	1	Operation command source external
			0	Speed command source communication
339	Communication speed command source	0	1	Speed command source external (Frequency setting from communication is invalid, terminal 2 setting from external is valid)
			2	Speed command source external (Frequency setting from communication is valid, terminal 2 setting from external is invalid)
	NET mode operation command source 9999 selection	0000	0	Selects the communication option as NET operation mode command source.
550 *			2	Selects RS-485 terminals as the NET operation mode command source.
			9999	Automatic communication option recognition Normally, the RS-485 terminals are valid. When a communication option is mounted, the communication option is valid.

#### COMMUNICATION OPERATION FROM RS-485 TERMINALS

Parameter Number	Name	Initial Value	Setting Range	Description
			2	Selects RS-485 terminals as the NET operation mode command source.
	PU mode operation		3	Selects the USB connector as the PU operation mode command source.
551 *	command source selection	9999	4	Selects the operation panel as the PU operation mode command source.
			9999	USB automatic recognition Normally, operation panel is the command source. When USB is connected, USB is the command source.

The above parameters can be set when *Pr. 160 User group read selection* = "0". However, the parameters can be set whenever the communication option is connected.

\* Pr. 550 and Pr. 551 are always write-enabled.

27



(2) Initial settings and specifications of RS-485 communication (*Pr. 117 to Pr. 120, Pr. 123, Pr. 124, Pr. 549*)

Parameter Number	Name	lnitial Value	Setting Range	Description		
117	PU communication station number	0	0 to 31 (0 to 247) *	Inverter station number specification Set the inverter station numbers when two or more inverters are connected to one personal computer.		
118	PU communication speed	192	48, 96, 192, 384	Communication speed The setting value × 100 equals the communication speed. Example) 19200bps if 192		
119	PU communication stop bit length	1		Stop bit length	Data length	
			0	1bit	8bit	
			1	2bit		
			10	1bit	7bit	
			11	2bit	7.01	
	PU communication parity check	2	0	Without parity check		
120			1	With odd parity check		
			2	With even parity check		
123	PU communication waiting time setting	9999	0 to 150ms	Set the waiting time between data transmission to the inverter and response.		
			9999	Set with communication data.		
	PU communication CR/LF selection	1	0	Without CR/LF		
124			1	With CR		
	3616011011		2	With CR/LF		
549	Protocol selection	0	0	Mitsubishi inverter (computer link operation) protocol		
			1	Modbus-RTU protocol		

The above parameters can be set when *Pr. 160 User group read selection* = "0".

\* When "1" (Modbus-RTU protocol) is set in Pr. 549, the setting range within parenthesis is applied.

#### (3) Operation selection at communication error occurrence (Pr.121, Pr.122, Pr.502)

Parameter	Name	Initial	Setting	Description				
Number	Name	Value	Range	Description				
121	Number of PU communication retries	1	0 to 10	Number of retries at data receive error occurrence. If the number of				
				consecutive erro	ors exceeds the	permissible value,	, the inverter will	
				come to trip (dep	pends on Pr. 502).			
				Valid only Mitsubishi inverter (computer link operation) protocol.				
			9999	If a communication error occurs, the inverter will not come to trip.				
122	PU communication check time interval	0	0	RS-485 communication can be made. Note that a communication fault				
				(E.PUE) occurs as soon as the inverter is switched to the operation				
				mode with control source.				
			0.1 to 999.8s	Communication check (signal loss detection) time interval				
				If a no-communication state persists for longer than the permissible				
				time, the inverter will come to trip (depends on Pr:502).				
			9999	No communication check (signal loss detection)				
502	Stop mode selection at communication error	0		At Alarm	Indication	Alarm Output	At Error	
				Occurrence			Removal	
			0, 3	Coasts to stop E.PUE		Output	Stop	
							(E.PUE)	
			1	Decelerates to	After stop	Output after	Stop	
				stop	E.PUE	stop	(E.PUE)	
			2	Decelerates to	After stop	Without output	Automatic	
				stop	E.PUE		restart functions	

The above parameters can be set when *Pr. 160 User group read selection* = "0". However, the parameters can be set whenever the communication option is connected.

29

# MEMO

# MEMO

#### REVISIONS

\*The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

Print Date	*Manual Number	Revision
Oct., 2007	IB-0600330ENG-A	First edition