

# AC Servo Drives $\Sigma$ -V Series /DC Power Input $\Sigma$ -V Series / $\Sigma$ -V Series for Large-Capacity Models USER'S MANUAL MECHATROLINK-II Commands



1	MECHATROLINK-II Commands
2	Operation Sequence
3	Commands for Preparation Process
4	Motion Commands for Operation
5	Command Related Parameters
6	MECHATROLINK-II Subcommands
7	Data Field
8	Detecting Alarms/Warnings Related to Communications or Commands
Арр	Appendix

MANUAL NO. SIEP S800000 54I

Copyright © 2007 YASKAWA ELECTRIC CORPORATION

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form, or by any means, mechanical, electronic, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of Yaskawa. No patent liability is assumed with respect to the use of the information contained herein. Moreover, because Yaskawa is constantly striving to improve its high-quality products, the information contained in this manual is subject to change without notice. Every precaution has been taken in the preparation of this manual. Nevertheless, Yaskawa assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions. Neither is any liability assumed for damages resulting from the use of the information contained in this publication.

# About this Manual

This manual describes the specifications of MECHATROLINK-II commands used for the following MECHATROLINK-II communications reference input type SERVOPACKs and multi-winding drive units, the basic operations using these commands, and the parameters for these commands.

- $\Sigma$ -V Series SERVOPACKs (Model: SGDV-DDDF11, -DDDA11, -DDD11, -DDDF15, -DDDA15, and -DDD15)
- DC Power Input  $\Sigma$ -V Series SERVOPACKs (Model: SGDV- $\Box\Box\Box$ E11)
- Large-Capacity Σ-V Series SERVOPACKs (Model: SGDV-□□□H11 and -□□□J11)
- Large-Capacity  $\Sigma$ -V Series Multi-winding Drive Units (Model: JUSP-MD $\Box$  11)

#### Targeted Readers

Users who incorporate MECHATROLINK-II commands in controllers Users who design applications for host controllers that directly transmit MECHATROLINK-II commands

#### Related Documentation

Refer to the following manuals for information on  $\Sigma$ -V series SERVOPACKs, including hardware, adjustment methods, and trial operation.

Manual Name	Manual Number
Σ-V Series Product Catalog	KAEP S800000 42
Large-Capacity Σ-V Series Catalog	KAEP S800000 86
Σ-V Series User's Manual Setup Rotational Motor	SIEP S800000 43
Σ-V Series User's Manual Setup Linear Motor	SIEP S800000 44
Σ-V Series User's Manual Design and Maintenance Rotational Motor/MECHATROLINK-II Communications Reference	SIEP S800000 46
Σ-V Series User's Manual Design and Maintenance Linear Motor/MECHATROLINK-II Communications Reference	SIEP S800000 48
DC Power Input Σ-V Series User's Manual Setup Rotational Motor	SIEP S800000 80
DC Power Input Σ-V Series User's Manual Design and Maintenance Rotational Motor/MECHATROLINK-II Communications Reference	SIEP S800000 82
Σ-V Series User's Manual for Use with Large-Capacity Models Setup Rotational Motor	SIEP S800000 89
Σ-V Series User's Manual for Use with Large-Capacity Models Design and Maintenance Rotational Motor/MECHATROLINK-II Communications Reference	SIEP S800000 90
Σ-V Series User's Manual for Use with Large-Capacity Models Setup Rotational Motor Multi-winding Drive System	SIEP S800001 85
Σ-V Series User's Manual for Use with Large-Capacity Models Design and Maintenance Multi-winding Drive System Rotational Motor/MECHATROLINK-II Communications Reference	SIEP S800001 69



#### General Precautions

# Observe the following general precautions to ensure safe application.

- The products shown in illustrations in this manual are sometimes shown without covers or protective guards. Always replace the cover or protective guard as specified first, and then operate the products in accordance with the manual.
- The drawings presented in this manual are typical examples and may not match the product you received.
- If the manual must be ordered due to loss or damage, inform your nearest Yaskawa representative or one of the offices listed on the back of this manual.

# Warranty

#### (1) Details of Warranty

#### Warranty Period

The warranty period for a product that was purchased (hereinafter called "delivered product") is one year from the time of delivery to the location specified by the customer or 18 months from the time of shipment from the Yaskawa factory, whichever is sooner.

#### Warranty Scope

Yaskawa shall replace or repair a defective product free of charge if a defect attributable to Yaskawa occurs during the warranty period above. This warranty does not cover defects caused by the delivered product reaching the end of its service life and replacement of parts that require replacement or that have a limited service life.

This warranty does not cover failures that result from any of the following causes.

- 1. Improper handling, abuse, or use in unsuitable conditions or in environments not described in product catalogs or manuals, or in any separately agreed-upon specifications
- 2. Causes not attributable to the delivered product itself
- 3. Modifications or repairs not performed by Yaskawa
- 4. Abuse of the delivered product in a manner in which it was not originally intended
- 5. Causes that were not foreseeable with the scientific and technological understanding at the time of shipment from Yaskawa
- 6. Events for which Yaskawa is not responsible, such as natural or human-made disasters

#### (2) Limitations of Liability

- 1. Yaskawa shall in no event be responsible for any damage or loss of opportunity to the customer that arises due to failure of the delivered product.
- 2. Yaskawa shall not be responsible for any programs (including parameter settings) or the results of program execution of the programs provided by the user or by a third party for use with programmable Yaskawa products.
- 3. The information described in product catalogs or manuals is provided for the purpose of the customer purchasing the appropriate product for the intended application. The use thereof does not guarantee that there are no infringements of intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights of Yaskawa or third parties, nor does it construe a license.
- 4. Yaskawa shall not be responsible for any damage arising from infringements of intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights of third parties as a result of using the information described in catalogs or manuals.

#### (3) Suitability for Use

- 1. It is the customer's responsibility to confirm conformity with any standards, codes, or regulations that apply if the Yaskawa product is used in combination with any other products.
- 2. The customer must confirm that the Yaskawa product is suitable for the systems, machines, and equipment used by the customer.
- 3. Consult with Yaskawa to determine whether use in the following applications is acceptable. If use in the application is acceptable, use the product with extra allowance in ratings and specifications, and provide safety measures to minimize hazards in the event of failure.
  - Outdoor use, use involving potential chemical contamination or electrical interference, or use in conditions or environments not described in product catalogs or manuals
  - Nuclear energy control systems, combustion systems, railroad systems, aviation systems, vehicle systems, medical equipment, amusement machines, and installations subject to separate industry or government regulations
  - Systems, machines, and equipment that may present a risk to life or property
  - Systems that require a high degree of reliability, such as systems that supply gas, water, or electricity, or systems that operate continuously 24 hours a day
  - Other systems that require a similar high degree of safety
- 4. Never use the product for an application involving serious risk to life or property without first ensuring that the system is designed to secure the required level of safety with risk warnings and redundancy, and that the Yaskawa product is properly rated and installed.
- 5. The circuit examples and other application examples described in product catalogs and manuals are for reference. Check the functionality and safety of the actual devices and equipment to be used before using the product.
- 6. Read and understand all use prohibitions and precautions, and operate the Yaskawa product correctly to prevent accidental harm to third parties.

#### (4) Specifications Change

The names, specifications, appearance, and accessories of products in product catalogs and manuals may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. The next editions of the revised catalogs or manuals will be published with updated code numbers. Consult with your Yaskawa representative to confirm the actual specifications before purchasing a product.

# Contents

About this Manual iii Warranty	
Chapter 1 MECHATROLINK-II Commands1-1	
1.1 MECHATROLINK-II Communications       1-2         1.1 Layers       1-2         1.2 Frame Structure       1-2         1.3 State Transition Diagram       1-3         1.4 Terminology       1-4         1.2 MECHATROLINK-II Command List       1-5         1.2.1 Main Commands (In command code order)       1-5         1.2.2 Subcommands (In command code order)       1-6         1.2.3 Combination of MECHATROLINK-II Main Commands and Subcommands       1-7         1.3 Command and Response Timing       1-8         1.3.1 Command Data Execution Timing       1-8         1.3.2 Monitored Data Input Timing       1-8         1.4 Data Order       1-9	
Chapter 2 Operation Sequence	
2.1 Preparing for Operation       2-2         2.1.1 Setting MECHATROLINK-II Communications       2-2         2.1.2 Checking the Communications Status       2-10         2.2 Operation Sequence for Managing Parameters Using a Controller       2-12         2.3 Operation Sequence for Managing Parameters Using a SERVOPACK.       2-13         2.3.1 Setup Sequence.       2-13         2.3.2 Ordinary Operation Sequence       2-13         2.4 Specific Operation Sequences       2-14         2.4.1 Operation Sequence When Turning the Servo ON       2-14         2.4.2 Operation Sequence When OT (Overtravel Limit Switch) Signal Is Input       2-14         2.4.3 Operation Sequence at Emergency Stop (Main Circuit OFF)       2-14         2.4.4 Operation Sequence at Occurrence of Alarm       2-15         2.4.5 Operation Sequence at Occurrence of Alarm       2-16         2.4.6 When Motion Command Is Interrupted and Servomotor Is in Position       2-16         2.5 Setting the Origin Before Starting Operation       2-17         2.5.1 When Using an Incremental Encoder       2-17         2.5.2 When Using an Absolute Encoder       2-17	
Chapter 3 Commands for Preparation Process	
3.1 Commands List for Preparation Process.3-23.2 Commands Details.3-33.2.1 No Operation (NOP: 00H).3-33.2.2 Release MECHATROLINK-II Connection (DISCONNECT: 0FH).3-63.2.3 Establish MECHATROLINK-II Connection (CONNECT: 0EH).3-73.2.4 Start Synchronous Communications (SYNC_SET: 0DH).3-93.2.5 Check Device ID (ID_RD: 03H).3-103.2.6 Set Parameters (PRM_WR: 02H).3-143.2.7 Set and Save Parameters in Non-volatile Memory (PPRM_WR: 1CH).3-153.2.8 Validate Parameters (Setup) (CONFIG: 04H).3-163.2.9 Turn Encoder Power Supply ON (SENS_ON: 23H).3-173.2.10 Turn Servo ON (SV_ON: 31H).3-203.2.11 Turn Encoder Power Supply OFF (SENS_OFF: 24H).3-233.2.12 Turn Servo OFF (SV_OFF: 32H).3-24	

<ul> <li>3.2.13 Read Parameters (PRM_RD: 01H)</li> <li>3.2.14 Check SERVOPACK Status (SMON: 30H)</li> <li>3.2.15 Read Alarm or Warning (ALM_RD: 05H)</li> <li>3.2.16 Clear Warning or Alarm (ALM_CLR: 06H)</li> <li>3.2.17 Set Coordinate System (POS_SET: 20H)</li> <li>3.2.18 Monitor and Adjust Settings (ADJ: 3EH)</li> </ul>	3-26 3-27 3-29 3-30
Chapter 4 Motion Commands for Operation	4-1
4.1 Motion Commands List	4-2
4.2 Motion Commands Details	
4.2.1 Stop Motion (HOLD: 25H)	
4.2.2 Set Latch Mode (LTMOD_ON: 28H)	
4.2.3 Release Latch Mode (LTMOD_OFF: 29H).	
4.2.4 Interpolation Feeding (INTERPOLATE: 34H).	
4.2.5 Positioning (POSING: 35H)	
4.2.7 Interpolation Feeding with Position Detection (LATCH: 38H)	
4.2.8 External Input Positioning (EX_POSING: 39H)	
4.2.9 Homing (ZRET: 3AH)	
4.2.10 Velocity Control (VELCTRL: 3CH)	
4.2.11 Torque (Force) Control (TRQCTRL: 3DH)	
Chapter 5 Command Related Parameters	5-1
5.1 Command Delated Decomptors List	
	5-2
5.1 Command Related Parameters List.	
5.2 Command Related Parameters Details	5-4
5.2 Command Related Parameters Details	5-4 5-4
5.2 Command Related Parameters Details	
<ul> <li>5.2 Command Related Parameters Details</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>5.2 Command Related Parameters Details</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>5.2 Command Related Parameters Details</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>5.2 Command Related Parameters Details</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>5.2 Command Related Parameters Details</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>5.2 Command Related Parameters Details</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>5.2 Command Related Parameters Details</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>5.2 Command Related Parameters Details</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>5.2 Command Related Parameters Details</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>5.2 Command Related Parameters Details</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>5.2 Command Related Parameters Details</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>5.2 Command Related Parameters Details</li> <li>5.2.1 Electronic Gear Setting</li> <li>(1) Electronic Gear</li> <li>(2) Setting the Electronic Gear Ratio</li> <li>5.2.2 Motion Acceleration/Deceleration Function Setting</li> <li>(1) Linear Acceleration/Deceleration Function</li> <li>(2) Position Reference Filter</li> <li>(3) Linear Deceleration Speed Setting for Commands to Stop a Motor</li> <li>5.2.3 Motion Sequence Setting</li> <li>(1) Settings for EX_POSING Command</li> <li>(2) Settings for ZRET Command</li> <li>(3) Linear Options</li> <li>(1) Torque (Force) Limiting Function</li> <li>(2) Torque (Force) Feed Forward Function</li> <li>(3) Speed Limiting Function During Torque (Force) Control</li> <li>(4) OPTION Field Allocation</li> <li>5.2.5 Position Data Latch Function Setting</li> <li>(1) Latching Allowable Area</li> </ul>	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
<ul> <li>5.2 Command Related Parameters Details .</li> <li>5.2.1 Electronic Gear Setting .</li> <li>(1) Electronic Gear .</li> <li>(2) Setting the Electronic Gear Ratio .</li> <li>5.2.2 Motion Acceleration/Deceleration Function Setting .</li> <li>(1) Linear Acceleration/Deceleration Function .</li> <li>(2) Position Reference Filter .</li> <li>(3) Linear Deceleration Speed Setting for Commands to Stop a Motor .</li> <li>5.2.3 Motion Sequence Setting .</li> <li>(1) Settings for EX_POSING Command .</li> <li>(2) Settings for ZRET Command .</li> <li>5.2.4 Command Data Options .</li> <li>(1) Torque (Force) Limiting Function .</li> <li>(2) Torque (Force) Feed Forward Function .</li> <li>(3) Speed Limiting Function During Torque (Force) Control .</li> <li>(4) OPTION Field Allocation .</li> <li>5.2.5 Position Data Latch Function Setting .</li> <li>(1) Latching Allowable Area .</li> <li>(2) Continuous Latch Function .</li> </ul>	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
<ul> <li>5.2 Command Related Parameters Details .</li> <li>5.2.1 Electronic Gear Setting .</li> <li>(1) Electronic Gear .</li> <li>(2) Setting the Electronic Gear Ratio .</li> <li>5.2.2 Motion Acceleration/Deceleration Function Setting .</li> <li>(1) Linear Acceleration/Deceleration Function .</li> <li>(2) Position Reference Filter .</li> <li>(3) Linear Deceleration Speed Setting for Commands to Stop a Motor .</li> <li>5.2.3 Motion Sequence Setting .</li> <li>(1) Settings for EX_POSING Command .</li> <li>(2) Settings for ZRET Command .</li> <li>5.2.4 Command Data Options .</li> <li>(1) Torque (Force) Limiting Function .</li> <li>(2) Torque (Force) Feed Forward Function .</li> <li>(3) Speed Limiting Function During Torque (Force) Control .</li> <li>(4) OPTION Field Allocation .</li> <li>5.2.5 Position Data Latch Function Setting .</li> <li>(1) Latching Allowable Area .</li> <li>(2) Continuous Latch Function Parameter High-speed Switching Function .</li> </ul>	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
5.2 Command Related Parameters Details         5.2.1 Electronic Gear Setting         (1) Electronic Gear         (2) Setting the Electronic Gear Ratio         5.2.2 Motion Acceleration/Deceleration Function Setting         (1) Linear Acceleration/Deceleration Function         (2) Position Reference Filter         (3) Linear Deceleration Speed Setting for Commands to Stop a Motor         5.2.3 Motion Sequence Setting         (1) Settings for EX_POSING Command         (2) Settings for ZRET Command         (2) Setting for ZRET Command         (3) Linear (Force) Limiting Function         (1) Torque (Force) Limiting Function         (2) Torque (Force) Feed Forward Function         (3) Speed Limiting Function During Torque (Force) Control         (4) OPTION Field Allocation         5.2.5 Position Data Latch Function Setting         (1) Latching Allowable Area         (2) Continuous Latch Function         5.2.6 Acceleration/Deceleration Parameter High-speed Switching Function         5.2.7 STATUS Field and Monitor Related Settings	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
<ul> <li>5.2 Command Related Parameters Details .</li> <li>5.2.1 Electronic Gear Setting .</li> <li>(1) Electronic Gear .</li> <li>(2) Setting the Electronic Gear Ratio .</li> <li>5.2.2 Motion Acceleration/Deceleration Function Setting .</li> <li>(1) Linear Acceleration/Deceleration Function .</li> <li>(2) Position Reference Filter .</li> <li>(3) Linear Deceleration Speed Setting for Commands to Stop a Motor .</li> <li>5.2.3 Motion Sequence Setting .</li> <li>(1) Settings for EX_POSING Command .</li> <li>(2) Settings for ZRET Command .</li> <li>5.2.4 Command Data Options .</li> <li>(1) Torque (Force) Limiting Function .</li> <li>(2) Torque (Force) Feed Forward Function .</li> <li>(3) Speed Limiting Function During Torque (Force) Control .</li> <li>(4) OPTION Field Allocation .</li> <li>5.2.5 Position Data Latch Function Setting .</li> <li>(1) Latching Allowable Area .</li> <li>(2) Continuous Latch Function Parameter High-speed Switching Function .</li> </ul>	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Chapter 6 MECHATROLINK-II Subcommands
6.1 MECHATROLINK-II Subcommands List       6-2         6.2 MECHATROLINK-II Subcommands Details       6-2         6.2.1 No Operation (NOP: 00H)       6-2         6.2.2 Read Parameter (PRM_RD: 01H)       6-3         6.2.3 Write Parameter (PRM_WR: 02H)       6-3         6.2.4 Read Alarm or Warning (ALM_RD: 05H)       6-4         6.2.5 Write Non-volatile Parameter (PPRM_WR: 1CH)       6-4         6.2.6 Set Latch Mode (LTMOD_ON: 28H)       6-5         6.2.7 Release Latch Mode (LTMOD_OFF: 29H)       6-6         6.2.8 Status Monitoring (SMON: 30H)       6-6
Chapter 7 Data Field
7.1 Main Command Data Field.       7-2         7.1.1 Status Field Specifications       7-2         7.1.2 OPTION Field Specifications       7-4         7.1.3 Monitor Selection Field Specifications: SEL_MON1/2/3/4       7-6         7.1.4 Monitor Information Field Specifications: MONITOR 1/2/3/4       7-7         7.1.5 IO Monitor Field Specifications: IO_MON       7-8         7.1.6 LT_SGNL Specifications       7-9         7.2 Substatus Data Field       7-10         7.2.1 Substatus Field Specifications       7-10         7.2.2 Extension Status Field Specifications       7-10
Chapter 8 Detecting Alarms/Warnings Related to Communications or Commands 8-1
8.1 List of Alarms8-28.2 List of Warnings8-48.3 Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning8-6
Appendix A-1
A Brake Control Commands.    A-2      B General-purpose Servo Control Command    A-5
Revision History

# 1

# **MECHATROLINK-II Commands**

This chapter provides on outline of MECHATROLINK-II commands.

1.1 MECHATROLINK-II Communications	1-2
1.1.1 Layers	1-2
1.1.2 Frame Structure	
1.1.3 State Transition Diagram	1-3
1.1.4 Terminology	1-4
1.2 MECHATROLINK-II Command List	1-5
1.2.1 Main Commands (In command code order)	1-5
1.2.2 Subcommands (In command code order)	1-6
1.2.3 Combination of MECHATROLINK-II Main Commands and Subcommands	1-7
1.3 Command and Response Timing	1-8
1.3.1 Command Data Execution Timing	1-8
1.3.2 Monitored Data Input Timing	
1.4 Data Order	1-9

1.1.1 Layers

# **1.1** MECHATROLINK-II Communications

# 1.1.1 Layers

The MECHATROLINK-II communications layers have functions equivalent to layers 1, 2, and 7 in the OSI (Open System Interconnection) reference model.

OSI Reference Model and	MECHATROLINK-II Model

OSI	MECHATROLINK-II
Layer 7: Application layer	MECHATROLINK-II application layer
Layers 3 to 6	None
Layer 2: Data link layer	MECHATROLINK-II data link layer
Layer 1: Physical layer	MECHATROLINK-II physical layer

This manual describes commands for the application layer.

## **1.1.2** Frame Structure

A MECHATROLINK-II command is composed of a main command and a subcommand as shown below. It can also be used only with a main command.

Byte	0	1	16 17		29 30 31	
	Control field		Main command area		Subcommand area	
		┥	Informa	ation	field	

Classifi- cation	Byte	Command	Response	
Control Field	0	03H (Fixed)	01H (Fixed)	
Informa-	1 to 16	Used by main command. Used by subcommands. The subcommands for servo drives use only 17th to 29th byte. Therefore, only 17th to 29th byte are described in this manual. Note: In some main commands, subcommand cannot be used.		
tion Field	17 to 31			

The application layer interfaces with only the information field.

## **1.1.3** State Transition Diagram

The primary (master) and secondary (slave) station state transitions are shown in the following diagrams.



Primary Station (Master Station) State Transition

#### Secondary Station (Slave Station) State Transition



Phase	Abbreviation	Description
1	P1	Waiting for establishment of connection.
2	P2	Asynchronous communications enabled. Only asynchronous commands can be used.
3	Р3	Synchronous communications enabled. Both synchronous and asynchronous commands can be used.

1.1.4 Terminology

#### 1.1.4 Terminology

This section defines the terminology used in this manual.

#### (1) Transmission Cycle and Communications Cycle

#### ■ Transmission Cycle:

The transmission cycle is the cycle in the MAC (Media Access Control) layer. It is the communications cycle for physically sending data to the transmission path.

The transmission cycle is unaffected by the services provided by the application layer.

#### Communications Cycle:

The communications cycle is the cycle for application layer. The communications cycle is set to an integral multiple of the transmission cycle.

#### (2) Synchronization Classification

MECHATROLINK-II commands include both synchronous and asynchronous commands.

• Synchronous Commands (Classification S):

For commands of this type, commands are sent and response are received every communications cycle.

A response to a command that has been sent to a slave station is received at the next communications cycle.

The WDT (Watchdog Timer) in the frames are refreshed and checked every communications cycle. Synchronous commands can be used only during synchronous communications (Phase 3).

• Asynchronous Commands (Classification A):

For commands of this type, commands are sent asynchronously to the communications cycle.

Subsequent commands can be sent after confirming the completion of processing of the slave station that received the command.

The WDT (Watchdog Timer) in the frames are not checked.

# **1.2** MECHATROLINK-II Command List

# **1.2.1** Main Commands (In command code order)

The MECHATROLINK-II main commands used for  $\Sigma$ -V series servo drives are listed below.

Command Code	Command	Function	Reference
00H	NOP	Nothing is performed.	
01H	PRM_RD	Reads the specified parameter.	3.2.13
02H	PRM_WR	Saves the specified parameter.	3.2.6
03H	ID_RD	Reads the device ID.	3.2.5
04H	CONFIG	Enables the current parameter settings.	3.2.8
05H	ALM_RD	Reads the current alarm or warning status, and the alarm history.	3.2.15
06H	ALM_CLR	Clears the current alarm or warning status, and the alarm history.	3.2.16
0DH	SYNC_SET	Starts synchronous communications.	3.2.4
0EH	CONNECT	Requests to establish a MECHATROLINK connection.	3.2.3
0FH	DISCONNECT	Requests to releases connection.	3.2.2
1CH	PPRM_WR	Saves the parameters in non-volatile memory.	3.2.7
20H	POS_SET	Sets the coordinates.	3.2.17
21H	BRK_ON	Turns the brake signal off and applies the holding brake.	Appendix A
22H	BRK_OFF	Turns the brake signal on and release the holding brake.	Appendix A
23H	SENS_ON	Turns the encoder power supply on, and gets the position data.	3.2.9
24H	SENS_OFF	Turns the encoder power supply off.	3.2.11
25H	HOLD	From current motion status, performs a deceleration stop and positioning according to the deceleration value set in the parameter.	4.2.1
28H	LTMOD_ON	Enables the position data latch by the external signal input.	4.2.2
29Н	LTMOD_OFF	Disables the position data latch by the external signal input.	4.2.3
30H	SMON	Monitors the SERVOPACK status.	3.2.14
31H	SV_ON	Turns the servo of the motor on.	3.2.10
32H	SV_OFF	Turns the servo of the motor off.	3.2.12
34H	INTERPOLATE	Starts interpolation feeding.	4.2.4
35H	POSING	Starts positioning to the target position (TPOS) at the target speed (TSPD).	4.2.5
36H	FEED	Starts constant speed feeding at the target speed (TSPD)	4.2.6
38H	LATCH	Performs interpolation feeding and latches the position using the specified latch signal.	4.2.7
39Н	EX_POSING	Moves toward the target position (TPOS) at the target speed (TSPD). When a latch signal is input midway, positioning is performed according to the final travel distance for external position specified in the parameter from the latch signal input position.	4.2.8
3AH	ZRET	Performs a homing.	4.2.9
3CH	VELCTRL	Controls speed.	4.2.10
3DH	TRQCTRL	Controls torque (force).	4.2.11
3EH	ADJ	Used to monitor and adjust data for maintenance.	3.2.18
3FH	SVCTRL	Performs general-purpose servo control. This command is compatible with MECHATROLINK version 1.0 and earlier.	Appendix B

1.2.2 Subcommands (In command code order)

# **1.2.2** Subcommands (In command code order)

The MECHATROLINK-II subcommands used for  $\Sigma$ -V series servo drives are listed below.

Command Code	Command	Function	Reference
00H	NOP	Same function as of the main command NOP	6.2.1
01H	PRM_RD	Same function as of the main command PRM_RD	6.2.2
02H	PRM_WR	Same function as of the main command PRM_WR	6.2.3
05H	ALM_RD	Same function as of the main command ALM_RD	6.2.4
1CH	PPRM_WR	Same function as of the main command PPRM_WR	6.2.5
28H	LTMOD_ON	Same function as of the main command LTMOD_ON	6.2.6
29H	LTMOD_OFF	Same function as of the main command LTMOD_OFF	6.2.7
30H	SMON	Same function as of the main command SMON	6.2.8

# **1.2.3** Combination of MECHATROLINK-II Main Commands and Subcommands

			Subcommand						
CODE	Main Command	NOP	PRM_RD	PRM_WR	ALM_RD	PPRM_ WR	LTMOD_ ON	LTMOD_ OFF	SMON
00	NOP		√						
01	PRM_RD	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	
02	PRM_WR	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	
03	ID_RD	$\checkmark$							
04	CONFIG	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	
05	ALM_RD	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	
06	ALM_CLR	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	
0D	SYNC_SET	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	
0E	CONNECT	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	Х
0F	DISCONNECT	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
1C	PPRM_WR	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	
20	POS_SET	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	
21	BRK_ON	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	
22	BRK_OFF	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	
23	SENS_ON	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	
24	SENS_OFF	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	
25	HOLD	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
28	LTMOD_ON	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	
29	LTMOD_OFF	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	
30	SMON	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
31	SV_ON	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
32	SV_OFF	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
34	INTERPOLATE	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
35	POSING	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
36	FEED	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
38	LATCH	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	×	×	
39	EX_POSING		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	×	×	
ЗA	ZRET		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	×	×	
3C	VELCTRL		$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$	V		
3D	TRQCTRL		$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
3E	ADJ		×	×	×	×	×	×	
3F	SVCTRL						×	×	
	I			L					

Subcommands can be used by combining as listed below.

Note:  $\sqrt{\cdot}$  Can be combined,  $\times$ : Cannot be combined

1.3.1 Command Data Execution Timing

# **1.3** Command and Response Timing

This section describes command execution timing at a slave station and monitored data input timing at the master station.

These timings are constant, regardless of the transmission cycle and communications cycle.

# **1.3.1** Command Data Execution Timing

Motion commands (such as POSING and INTERPOLATE) and the OPTION in the command data field are executed 312.5  $\mu s$  after they are received.



312.5 µs until the motor starts running

## **1.3.2** Monitored Data Input Timing

The monitor, I/O, and status data are the data of 312.5 µs before the response is sent.



Position and signal data 312.5  $\mu s$  before

#### 1.4 Data Order

Data in MECHATROLINK-II commands and responses is stored in little endian byte order. For example, 4-byte data "0x1234ABCD" in hexadecimal is stored from the least significant byte as shown below.

Byte	Data
1	CD
2	AB
3	34
4	12

# **Operation Sequence**

This chapter describes basic operation sequences through MECHATROLINK-II communications.

2.1 Preparing for Operation	. 2-2
2.2 Operation Sequence for Managing Parameters Using a Controller2	2-12
<ul> <li>2.3 Operation Sequence for Managing Parameters Using a SERVOPACK 2</li> <li>2.3.1 Setup Sequence</li></ul>	2-13
2.4 Specific Operation Sequences	2-14 2-14 2-14 2-15 2-16
2.5 Setting the Origin Before Starting Operation       2         2.5.1 When Using an Incremental Encoder       2         2.5.2 When Using an Absolute Encoder       2	2-17

2.1.1 Setting MECHATROLINK-II Communications

# **2.1** Preparing for Operation

This section describes how to set communications specifications before starting communications, and how to confirm the communications status.

## 2.1.1 Setting MECHATROLINK-II Communications

# (1) When the $\Sigma$ -V Series SERVOPACKs (SGDV- $\Box\Box\BoxA11$ , - $\Box\Box\BoxA15$ , - $\Box\Box\BoxD11$ , - $\Box\Box\BoxD15$ , - $\Box\Box\BoxF11$ , - $\Box\Box\BoxF15$ ) are Used

The rotary switch (SW1) and DIP switch (SW2), which are located near the top under the front cover of the SERVOPACK, are used as shown below to set the MECHATROLINK-II communications specifications.



#### SW1 (factory setting)

#### Setting the Communications Specifications

Set the communications specifications using the DIP switch (SW2).

SW2	Function	Setting	Description	Factory setting
Pin 1	Sets the baud rate.	OFF	4 Mbps (MECHATROLINK-I)	ON
1 111 1		ON	10 Mbps (MECHATROLINK-II)	ÖN
Pin 2	Bip 2 Sets the number of	OFF	17 bytes	ON
tra	transmission bytes.	ON	32 bytes	ÖN
Pin 3	Pin 3 Sets the station address.		Station address = $40H + SW1$	OFF
		ON	Station address = $50H + SW1$	011
Pin 4	Reserved. (Do not change.)	OFF	-	OFF



#### Setting the Station Address

The following table lists the possible settings of the rotary switch (SW1) and the DIP switch (SW2) that can be combined to form a station address.

The factory setting for the station address is $41H$ (Bit 3 of SW2 = OFF, SW1 = 1)
--

Bit 3 of SW2	SW1	Station Address	Bit 3 of SW2	SW1	Station Address
OFF	0	Disabled	ON	0	50H
OFF	1	41H	ON	1	51H
OFF	2	42H	ON	2	52H
OFF	3	43H	ON	3	53H
OFF	4	44H	ON	4	54H
OFF	5	45H	ON	5	55H
OFF	6	46H	ON	6	56H
OFF	7	47H	ON	7	57H
OFF	8	48H	ON	8	58H
OFF	9	49H	ON	9	59H
OFF	А	4AH	ON	А	5AH
OFF	В	4BH	ON	В	5BH
OFF	С	4CH	ON	С	5CH
OFF	D	4DH	ON	D	5DH
OFF	Е	4EH	ON	Е	5EH
OFF	F	4FH	ON	F	5FH



Turn the power OFF and then ON again to validate the new settings.

2.1.1 Setting MECHATROLINK-II Communications

#### (2) When the DC Power Input $\Sigma$ -V Series SERVOPACKs (SGDV- $\Box\Box\Box$ E11) are Used

The DIP switches (SW1 and SW2), which are on the front cover of the SERVOPACK, are used as shown below to set the MECHATROLINK-II communications specifications.



#### Setting the Communications Specifications

Set the communications specifications using the DIP switch (SW2).

SW2	Function	Setting	Description	Factory setting
Pin 1	Sets the baud rate.	OFF	4 Mbps (MECHATROLINK-I)	ON
		ON	10 Mbps (MECHATROLINK-II)	ÖN
Pin 2	Bin 2 Sets the number of	OFF	17 bytes	ON
transmission bytes.	transmission bytes.	ON	32 bytes	ÖN
Pin 3	Pin 3 Sets the station address.		Station address = $40H + SW1$	OFF
		ON	Station address = $50H + SW1$	OIT
Pin 4	Reserved. (Do not change.)	OFF	_	OFF



• When connecting to a MECHATROLINK-I network, turn OFF pins 1 and 2.

• When using a MECHATROLINK-I network (Baud rate: 4 Mbps), the settings for the number of transmission bytes is disabled and the number of transmission bytes is always 17.

#### Setting the Station Address

The following table lists the possible settings of the DIP switches (SW1 and SW2) that can be combined to form a station address.

The factory setting for the station address is 41H (Bit 3 of SW2 = OFF, Bit 1 of SW1 = ON, Bit 2 of SW1 = OFF, Bit 3 of SW1 = OFF, Bit 4 of SW1 = OFF).

	Otation Address				
Bit 3 of SW2	Bit 1 of SW1	Bit 2 of SW1	Bit 3 of SW1	Bit 4 of SW1	Station Address
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Disabled
OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	41H
OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	42H
OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	43H
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	44H
OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	45H
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	46H
OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	47H
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	48H
OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	49H
OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	4AH
OFF	ON	ON	OFF	ON	4BH
OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	4CH
OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON	4DH
OFF	OFF	ON	ON	ON	4EH
OFF	ON	ON	ON	ON	4FH
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	50H
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	51H
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	52H
ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	53H
ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	54H
ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	55H
ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	56H
ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	57H
ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	58H
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	59H
ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	5AH
ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON	5BH
ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	5CH
ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON	5DH
ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON	5EH
ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	5FH



Turn the power OFF and then ON again to validate the new settings.

2.1.1 Setting MECHATROLINK-II Communications

# (3) When the Large-Capacity $\Sigma$ -V Series SERVOPACKs (SGDV- $\Box\Box\Box$ H11, - $\Box\Box\Box$ J11) are Used

The rotary switch (S2) and DIP switch (S3), which are located near the top under the plastic cover of the SER-VOPACK, are used as shown below to set the MECHATROLINK-II communications specifications.



#### Setting the Communications Specifications

Set the communications specifications using the DIP switch (S3).

S3	Function	Setting	Description	Factory setting	
Pin 1	Sets the baud rate.	OFF	4 Mbps (MECHATROLINK-I)	ON	
1 111 1		ON	10 Mbps (MECHATROLINK-II)	ON	
Pin 2	Pin 2 Sets the number of transmission bytes.	OFF	17 bytes	ON	
tran		ON	32 bytes	ÖN	
Pin 3 Sets the station address.		OFF	Station address = $40H + S2$	OFF	
		ON	Station address = $50H + S2$	011	
Pin 4	Reserved. (Do not change.)	OFF	_	OFF	



When connecting to a MECHATROLINK-I network, turn OFF pins 1 and 2.
When using a MECHATROLINK-I network (Baud rate: 4 Mbps), the settings for the number of transmission bytes is disabled and the number of transmission bytes is always 17.

#### Setting the Station Address

The following table lists the possible settings of the rotary switch (S2) and the DIP switch (S3) that can be combined to form a station address.

The factory setting for the station address is $41H$ (Bit 3 of S3 = OFF, S2 = 1)
--

Bit 3 of S3	S2	Station Address	Bit 3 of S3	S2	Station Address
OFF	0	Disabled	ON	0	50H
OFF	1	41H	ON	1	51H
OFF	2	42H	ON	2	52H
OFF	3	43H	ON	3	53H
OFF	4	44H	ON	4	54H
OFF	5	45H	ON	5	55H
OFF	6	46H	ON	6	56H
OFF	7	47H	ON	7	57H
OFF	8	48H	ON	8	58H
OFF	9	49H	ON	9	59H
OFF	А	4AH	ON	А	5AH
OFF	В	4BH	ON	В	5BH
OFF	С	4CH	ON	С	5CH
OFF	D	4DH	ON	D	5DH
OFF	Е	4EH	ON	Е	5EH
OFF	F	4FH	ON	F	5FH



Turn the power OFF and then ON again to validate the new settings.

2.1.1 Setting MECHATROLINK-II Communications

#### (4) When the Large-Capacity Σ-V Series Multi-winding Drive Units (JUSP-MD□□11) are Used

The rotary switch (S1001) and DIP switch (S1002), which are located under the plastic cover of the multiwinding drive unit, are used as shown below to set the MECHATROLINK-II communications specifications.



#### Setting the Communications Specifications

Set the communications specifications using the DIP switch (S1002).

S1002	Function	Setting	Description	Factory Setting	
1	Sets the baud rate. (Do not change.)	OFF	-	ON	
I		ON	10 Mbps (MECHATROLINK-II)	UN	
2	Sets the number of transmission bytes.	OFF	17 bytes	ON	
2		ON	32 bytes	ON	
3	Sets the station address.	OFF	Station address = $40H + S1001$	OFF	
5		ON	Station address = $50H + S1001$	UIT	
4	Reserved. (Do not change.)	OFF	-	OFF	

#### Setting the Station Address

The following table lists the possible settings of the rotary switch (S1001) and the DIP switch (S1002) that can be combined to form a station address.

The factory setting for the station address is 41H (Bit 3 of S1002 = OFF, S1001 = 1).

Bit 3 of S1002	S1001	Station Address		Bit 3 of S1002	S1001	Station Address
OFF	0	Disabled	-	ON	0	50H
OFF	1	41H	-	ON	1	51H
OFF	2	42H	-	ON	2	52H
OFF	3	43H	-	ON	3	53H
OFF	4	44H	-	ON	4	54H
OFF	5	45H	-	ON	5	55H
OFF	6	46H	-	ON	6	56H
OFF	7	47H	-	ON	7	57H
OFF	8	48H	-	ON	8	58H
OFF	9	49H	-	ON	9	59H
OFF	А	4AH	-	ON	А	5AH
OFF	В	4BH	-	ON	В	5BH
OFF	С	4CH	-	ON	С	5CH
OFF	D	4DH	-	ON	D	5DH
OFF	Е	4EH	-	ON	Е	5EH
OFF	F	4FH	-	ON	F	5FH



Turn the power OFF and then ON again to validate the new settings.

# 2.1.2 Checking the Communications Status

Turn ON the control and main circuit power supplies and use the following procedure to confirm that the SER-VOPACK is ready for communications.

#### (1) Operation Procedure

# ■ When the $\Sigma$ -V Series SERVOPACKs (SGDV-□□□A11, -□□□A15, -□□□D11, -□□□D15, -□□□F11, -□□□F15) or the Large-Capacity $\Sigma$ -V Series SERVOPACKs (SGDV-□□□H11, -□□□J11) are Used

Procedure	Operation		
1	Confirm that the wiring is correctly made.		
2	Turn ON the SERVOPACK control and main circuit power supplies. When the control power is being normally supplied to the SERVOPACK, POWER LED on the SERVO- PACK is lit. When the main circuit power supply is ON, CHARGE is lit.		
3	Turn ON the controller power supply and start MECHATROLINK communications.		
4	Check the communications status. When communications in the data link layer have started, COM LED on the SERVOPACK is lit. Note: If COM LED is not lit, check the communications settings of SW1, SW2, and the controller, and then turn the power supplies OFF and ON again. When the MECHATROLINK-II connection in the application layer is established, the 7-segment LED indi- cates the completion of CONNECT execution as shown below. When lit: CONNECT execution completed When unlit: CONNECT execution not completed		

#### ■ When the DC Power Input Σ-V Series SERVOPACKs (SGDV-□□□E11) are Used

Procedure	Operation		
1	Confirm that the wiring is correctly made.		
2	Turn ON the SERVOPACK control and main circuit power supplies.		
3	Turn ON the controller power supply and start MECHATROLINK communications.		
4	Check the communications status. When communications in the data link layer have started, COM LED on the SERVOPACK is lit. Note: If COM LED is not lit, check the communications settings of SW1, SW2, and the controller, and then turn the power supplies OFF and ON again. When lit: During data link communications. When unlit: Communications not established.		

Procedure	Operation					
1	Confirm that the wiring is correctly made.					
2	Turn ON the multi-winding drive unit and SERVOPACK/conv	verter power supplies.				
3	Turn ON the controller power supply and start MECHATROL	INK communications.				
	<ul> <li>Check the communications status.</li> <li>When communications in the data link layer have started, the MS1 LED (yellow) on the multi-winding drive unit is lit.</li> <li>Note: If MS1 LED is not lit, check the communications settings of S1001, S1002, and the controller, and then turn the power supplies OFF and ON again.</li> </ul>					
		S1001				
4		S1002				
		8.8.8.8.				
	MS1 LED When lit: During data link communications. When unlit: Communications not established.					

#### ■ When the Large-Capacity Σ-V Series Multi-winding Drive Units (JUSP-MD□□11) are Used



Wait for at least 10 seconds after the power supplies are turned ON before accessing the multi-winding drive unit (i.e., before sending the CONNECT command) from the host computer.

The multi-winding drive system requires up to 10 seconds to start, and it may not be possible to establish normal communications in less time.

2.1.2 Checking the Communications Status

# **2.2** Operation Sequence for Managing Parameters Using a Controller

When the parameters are managed by a controller, the parameters are automatically transmitted from the controller to the SERVOPACK when the power is turned ON. Therefore, the settings of SERVOPACK do not need to be changed when the SERVOPACK is replaced.

Procedure	Operation	Command to Send
1	Turn on the control and main circuit power supplies.	NOP
2	Reset the previous communications status.	DISCONNECT*
3	Establish communications connection and starts WDT count.	CONNECT
4	Check information such as device ID.	ID_RD
5	Get device setting data such as parameters.	PRM_RD, ADJ
6	Set the parameters required for device.	PRM_WR
7	Enable the parameter settings (Setup).	CONFIG
8	Turn the encoder power supply to the position data.	SENS_ON
9	Turn the servo on.	SV_ON
10	Start operation.	-
11	Turn the servo off.	SV_OFF
12	Disconnect the communications connection.	DISCONNECT
13	Turn the control and main circuit power supplies.	-

\* If the connection cannot be released normally, send DISCONNECT command for 2 or more communications cycles, and then send CONNECT command.

# **2.3** Operation Sequence for Managing Parameters Using a SERVOPACK

To manage the parameters by using SERVOPACK's non-volatile memory, save the parameters in the non-volatile memory at setup and use an ordinary operation sequence.

#### 2.3.1 Setup Sequence

Procedure	Operation	Command to Send
1	Turn on the control and main circuit power supply.	NOP
2	Reset the previous communications status.	DISCONNECT*
3	Establish communications connection and start WDT count.	CONNECT
4	Check information such as device ID.	ID_RD
5	Get device setting data such as parameters.	PRM_RD, ADJ
6	Save the parameters required for device in the non-volatile memory.	PPRM_WR Note: Do not use PRM_WR.
7	Disconnect the communications connection.	DISCONNECT
8	Turn off the control and main circuit power supplies.	-

\* If the connection cannot be released normally, send a DISCONNECT command for 2 or more communications cycles, and then send a CONNECT command.

## 2.3.2 Ordinary Operation Sequence

Procedure	Operation	Command to Send
1	Turn on the control and main circuit power supplies.	NOP
2	Reset the previous communications status.	DISCONNECT*
3	Establish communications connection and start WDT count.	CONNECT
4	Check information such as device ID.	ID_RD
5	Get device setting data such as parameters.	PRM_RD, ADJ
6	Turn on the encoder power supply to get the position data.	SENS_ON
7	Turn the servo on.	SV_ON
8	Start operation.	POSING, INTERPOLATE, etc.
9	Turn the servo off.	SV_OFF
10	Disconnect the communications connection.	DISCONNECT
11	Turn off the control and main circuit power supplies.	-

\* If the connection cannot be released normally, send a DISCONNECT command for 2 or more communications cycles, and then send a CONNECT command.

2.4.1 Operation Sequence When Turning the Servo ON

# 2.4 Specific Operation Sequences

This section describes operations that use commands in specific sequences.

## 2.4.1 Operation Sequence When Turning the Servo ON

Motor control using a host controller is performed using motion commands only during Servo ON (motor power ON).

While the SERVOPACK is in Servo OFF status (while current to the motor is interrupted), the SERVOPACK manages position data so that the reference coordinate system (POS, MPOS) and the feedback coordinate system (APOS) are equal. For correct execution of motion commands, therefore, it is necessary to use the SMON (Status Monitoring) command after the SERVOPACK status changes to Servo ON, to read the servo reference coordinates (POS) and send an appropriate reference position.

Confirm the following bit status before sending the SV\_ON command:

STATUS field: PON = 1 and ALM = 0

IO Monitor field: HBB = 0

## 2.4.2 Operation Sequence When OT (Overtravel Limit Switch) Signal Is Input

When an OT signal is input, the SERVOPACK prohibits the motor from rotating in the way specified in the parameter Pn001. The motor continues to be controlled by the SERVOPACK while its rotation is prohibited.

Procedure	Operation
1	Monitor OT signals (P_OT and N_OT of IO Monitor field). When an OT signal is input, send an appropri- ate stop command: While an interpolation command (INTERPOLATE, LATCH) is being executed: Leave the interpolation command as it is and stop updating the interpolation position. Or, send a HOLD command and SMON command. While a move command (such as POSING) other than interpolation commands is being executed: Send a HOLD command.
2	Check the output completion flag DEN. If DEN = 1, the SERVOPACK completed the OT processing. At the same time, check the flag PSET. If PSET = 1, the motor is completely stopped. Keep the command used in procedure 1 active until both of the above flags are set to 1.
3	Read out the current reference position (POS) and use it as the start position for retraction processing.
4	Use a move command such as POSING or INTERPOLATE for retraction processing. Continue to use this command until the retraction is finished. If the move command ends without finishing the retraction, restart the move command continuously from the last target position.

When an OT signal is input, use the following procedure to process the OT signal.

- Note 1. When an OT signal is input during execution of motion command ZRET or EX\_POSING, the execution of the command will be canceled. For retraction, always send a stop command described in procedure 1 first, and then send a retraction command (move command).
  - 2. In case of OT ON (P-OT or N-OT of IO\_MON field = 1) or Software-Limit ON (P\_SOT or N\_SOT of STATUS field = 1), the motor may not reach the target position that the host controller specified. Make sure that the axis has stopped at a safe position by confirming the feedback position (APOS).



The host controller may not be able to monitor a brief change in the P-OT or N-OT signal to P-OT=1 or N-OT=1. Proper selection, installation and wiring in the limit switch is required to avoid chattering and malfunctions in the OT signal.

# **2.4.3** Operation Sequence at Emergency Stop (Main Circuit OFF)

After confirming that SV\_ON or PON bit in the response data STATUS field is OFF (= 0), send an SV\_OFF command.

During emergency stop, always monitor the SERVOPACK status using a command such as the SMON (Status Monitoring) command.

#### **2.4.4** Operation Sequence When a Safety Signal is Input

When an HWBB1 or HWBB2 signal is input while the motor is being operated, current to the motor will be forcibly stopped, and the motor will be stopped according to the setting of the 1st digit of parameter Pn001.

Note: The safety function cannot be used with DC power input  $\Sigma$ -V series SERVOPACKs (SGDV- $\Box\Box\Box$ E11).

11/hon on U11/DD aignal is	input offer the SEDV/ODACK	stops powering the motor]
VULEI ALL HVVDD SIULIALIS		

/HWBB1 /HWBB2	ON (Does not request HWBB	3 function)	OFF (Request HWBB function)	ON (Does not request HWBB	function)
M-II command	Λ	SV_OFF	SV_OFF command, etc.		SV_ON command, etc
STATUS field SVON	1		0		1
IO Monitor field HBB	0		1	0	
SERVOPACK status	RUN status X	B status aseblocked)	HWBB status (hard wire baseblocked)	BB status (baseblocked)	RUN status

[When an HWBB signal is input while the SERVOPACK is powering the motor]

/HWBB1 /HWBB2	ON (Does not request HWBB function)	OFF (Request HWBB function)		
M-II command	Motion command, etc.	SV_OFF command, etc.		SV_ON command, etc.
STATUS - field SVON	1	0		1
IO Monitor field HBB -	0	1	0	
SERVOPACK status	RUN status	HWBB status (hard wire baseblocked)	BB status (baseblocked)	RUN status

#### When an HWBB Signal is Input

Monitor the HWBB input signal and SCM output signal status, or HBB signal status in IO Monitor field. If a forced stop status is detected, send a command such as SV\_OFF to stop the motor.

#### Restoration from Stop Status

Reset the HWBB1 or HWBB2 signal, and then send a command other than SV\_ON, such as SV\_OFF. Then, restore the controller and system. When the controller and system are restored, turn the servo ON using the operation sequence to turn the servo ON.

- Note 1. If the SERVOPACK enters HWBB status while sending an SV\_ON command, reset the /HWBB1 or /HWBB2 signal and then send a command other than SV\_ON, such as SV\_OFF. Then, send the SV\_ON command again to restore the normal operation status.
  - 2. If the SERVOPACK enters HWBB status during execution of an SV\_OFF, INTERPOLATE, LATCH, POSING, FEED, EX\_POSING, or ZRET command, a command warning will occur since the SERVOPACK status changes to Servo OFF status. Execute the Clear Alarm or Warning (ALM\_CLR) command to restore normal operation.

2.4.5 Operation Sequence at Occurrence of Alarm

## 2.4.5 Operation Sequence at Occurrence of Alarm

When the ALM bit in STATUS field of response turns on (= 1), send SV\_OFF command. Use ALM\_RD command to check the alarm occurrence status.

To clear the alarm status, send ALM\_CLR command after removing the cause of alarm. However, the alarms that require turning the power supply off and then on again to clear the alarm status, sending ALM\_CLR command will not clear the alarm status.

If a communications alarm A.E5 or A.E6 occurs, send ALM\_CLR command to reset the alarm and then send SYNC\_SET command.

#### **2.4.6** When Motion Command Is Interrupted and Servomotor Is in Position

During execution of a Motion command, any one of the following statuses on the SERVOPACK will cause interruption of the motion command and an in-position status of PSET=1.

- Alarm occurrence (ALM of STATUS field =1) causes Servo-Off (SVON of STATUS field =0).
- Main power supply OFF (PON of STATUS field =0) causes Servo-Off (SVON of STATUS field =0).
- OT ON (P-OT or N-OT of IO\_MON field = 1) or Software-Limit ON (P\_SOT or N\_SOT of STATUS field = 1) causes the motor to stop.

Even when PSET is 1 in these cases, the motor may not reach the target position that the host controller specified. Obtain the feedback position (APOS) to make sure that the axis has stopped at a safe position.



The host controller may not be able to monitor a brief change in the P-OT or N-OT signal to P-OT=1 or N-OT=1. Proper selection, installation and wiring in the limit switch is required to avoid chattering and malfunctions in the OT signal.

#### 2.5 Setting the Origin Before Starting Operation

#### 2.5.1 When Using an Incremental Encoder

When an incremental encoder is used in the slave station, carry out a homing operation after turning ON the power supply.

After the origin is set, set the reference coordinate system to determine the work coordinate origin as required:

- 1. Setting the Reference Coordinate System Using ZRET Command The master station (controller) uses ZRET command to return the slave station to the origin and sets the reference coordinate system based on the origin.
- 2. Setting the Reference Coordinate System Using POS SET Command

The master station (controller) uses POS SET command to set the reference coordinate system of the slave station.

- i) Position to the reference position.
- ii) Send the POS SET command with POS SET MODE.POS SEL = APOS (= 3),
  - POS\_SET\_MODE.REFE = 1, and POS\_DATA = reference position.

ZPOINT and software limits are enabled after the reference coordinate system has been set.

#### 2.5.2 When Using an Absolute Encoder

POS: Reference position

When an absolute encoder is used in the slave station, SENS ON command can be used to set the reference coordinate system of the slave station. The reference coordinate system will be set according to the position detected by the absolute encoder and the coordinate system offset of the encoder (i.e., the offset between the encoder's coordinate system and the reference coordinate system (device built-in parameter). The relationship between the reference coordinate system (POS and APOS), the encoder's coordinate system,

and the coordinate system offset of the encoder are shown in the following figure.



 $X = \chi + Pn808$ Pn808: Absolute Encoder Origin Offset
# **Commands for Preparation Process**

This chapter describes the MECHATROLINK-II commands needed to prepare for operation.

3-2
3-3
3-3
3-6
3-7
3-9
3-10
3-14
3-15
3-16
3-17
3-20
3-23
3-24
3-25
3-26
3-27
3-29
3-30
3-31

# **3.1** Commands List for Preparation Process

Operation	Command to Send	Description
Confirmation of completion of SERVOPACK initialization	NOP, DISCONNECT	Checks if the SERVOPACK has been initialized to be ready for communications or not.
Establishment of MECHA- TROLINK-II connection	CONNECT	Establishes communications connection and starts WDT count.
Synchronous communications start	SYNC_SET	Starts synchronous communications.
Device ID check	ID_RD	Checks information such as device ID.
Parameter setting	PRM_WR	Sets the parameters required for device. (When parameters are managed by a controller)
Parameter setting and saving	PPRM_WR	Sets the parameters required for device and saves them in the non-volatile memory. (When parameters are managed by SERVOPACK.)
Validation of parameter settings (Setup)	CONFIG	Enables the set parameters.
Encoder power supply ON	SENS_ON	Turns on the encoder power supply to get position data.
Servo ON	SV_ON	Turns the servo on.
Encoder power supply OFF	SENS_OFF	Turns off the encoder power supply off.
Servo OFF	SV_OFF	Turns the servo off.
Parameter read-out	PRM_RD	Reads active parameters. (When parameters are managed by a controller)
SERVOPACK status monitoring	SMON	Monitors the SERVOPACK status.
Alarm and warning read-out	ALM_RD	Reads the current alarm or warning and the alarm occurrence history.
Clearing alarm or warning status	ALM_CLR	Clears the current alarm or warning status and the alarm occurrence history.
Coordinate system setting	POS_SET	Sets the coordinate system.
Data monitoring and adjustment	ADJ	Monitors and adjusts the set data.

# 3.2 Commands Details

#### **3.2.1** No Operation (NOP: 00H)

After turning on the control and main circuit power supplies, send NOP command to check if initialization of SERVOPACK has been completed or not.

#### (1) NOP Command (00H)

The specifications of the NOP command are shown below.

Byte         Command         Response         Description           1         00H         00H         Phases in which the command can be executed         All phases         Synchronization command         Asynchronous command           2         ALARM         Processing time and titera and time and titera and time and titera and ti	Dute	NC	)P	Description			
1     00H     00H     which the command can be executed     All phases     Synchronization classification     Asynchronous command       2     ALARM     Processing time     Within communications cycle     Subcommand     Can be used.       3     STATUS     • Returns the ALM, WARNG, and CMDRDY bits in STATUS field.     • The response will be NOP from the moment the power is turned on until the initialization of SERVOPACK is completed. During this time, CMDRY = 0.       6     -7     -     -     -       7     -     -     -     -       8     -     -     -     -       9     -     -     -     -       10     -     -     -     -       11     -     -     -     -       12     -     -     -     -       13     -     -     -     -       14     -     -     -     -       15     -     -     -     -       16     WDT     RWDT     -     -       17     -     -     -     -       18     -     -     -     -       19     -     -     -     -       20     -     -     -     - <t< td=""><td>Byte</td><td>Command</td><td>Response</td><td></td><td>Desc</td><td>npuon</td><td></td></t<>	Byte	Command	Response		Desc	npuon	
2     ALAKY     time     nications cycle     Dubblining     Call be used.       3     4     .     Returns the ALM, WARNG, and CMDRDY bits in STATUS field.       4     .     .     .     .       5     .     .     .     .       6     .     .     .     .       7     .     .     .     .       8     .     .     .     .       9     .     .     .     .       10     .     .     .     .       11     .     .     .     .       12     .     .     .     .       13     .     .     .     .       14     .     .     .     .       15     .     .     .     .       16     WDT     RWDT     .     .       17     .     .     .     .       20     .     .     .     .       21     .     .     .     .       22     .     .     .     .       23     .     .     .     .       24     .     .     .     .       25     .	1	00H	00H	which the command can	All phases	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command
4     STATUS     Other bits will not be specified.       6     -     -       6     -     -       7     -     -       8     -     -       9     -     -       10     -     -       11     -     -       12     -     -       13     -     -       14     -     -       15     -     -       16     WDT     RWDT       17     -     -       18     -     -       19     -     -       20     -     -       21     -     -       22     -     -       23     -     -       24     -     -       25     -     -       26     -     -       27     -     -       28     -     -	2		ALARM	Processing time		Subcommand	Can be used.
$\begin{array}{c c} \hline 6 \\ \hline 7 \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline 9 \\ \hline 10 \\ \hline 11 \\ \hline 12 \\ \hline 13 \\ \hline 14 \\ \hline 15 \\ \hline 16 \\ \hline WDT \\ \hline 17 \\ \hline 17 \\ \hline 18 \\ \hline 19 \\ \hline 20 \\ \hline 21 \\ \hline 22 \\ \hline 23 \\ \hline 24 \\ \hline 25 \\ \hline 26 \\ \hline 27 \\ \hline 28 \\ \end{array} $	4	•	STATUS	• The response w	ot be specified.	e moment the power	is turned on until
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				the initialization of SERVOPACK is completed. During this time,			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10						
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	13						
16         WDT         RWDT           17         1           18         19           20         21           21         22           23         Subcommand area           24         25           26         27           28	14						
$ \begin{array}{c c} \hline 17 \\ \hline 18 \\ \hline 19 \\ \hline 20 \\ \hline 21 \\ \hline 22 \\ \hline 22 \\ \hline 23 \\ \hline 23 \\ \hline 24 \\ \hline 25 \\ \hline 26 \\ \hline 27 \\ \hline 28 \\ \hline \end{array} $ Subcommand area							
$ \begin{array}{c c} \hline 18 \\ \hline 19 \\ \hline 20 \\ \hline 21 \\ \hline 22 \\ \hline 22 \\ \hline 23 \\ \hline 24 \\ \hline 25 \\ \hline 26 \\ \hline 27 \\ \hline 28 \\ \end{array} $ Subcommand area		WDT	RWDT	-			
$ \begin{array}{c c} \hline 19\\ \hline 20\\ \hline 21\\ \hline 22\\ \hline 22\\ \hline 23\\ \hline 24\\ \hline 25\\ \hline 26\\ \hline 27\\ \hline 28 \end{array} $ Subcommand area Subcommand area							
$ \begin{array}{c c} \hline 20\\ \hline 21\\ \hline 22\\ \hline 23\\ \hline 23\\ \hline 24\\ \hline 25\\ \hline 26\\ \hline 27\\ \hline 28 \end{array} $ Subcommand area Subcommand area							
$ \begin{array}{c c} \hline 21 \\ \hline 22 \\ \hline 23 \\ \hline 24 \\ \hline 25 \\ \hline 26 \\ \hline 27 \\ \hline 28 \\ \end{array} $ Subcommand area Subcommand area							
2223242425262728							
23Subcommand areaSubcommand area2425262728							
$\begin{array}{c c} \hline \\ \hline 24 \\ \hline 25 \\ \hline 26 \\ \hline 27 \\ \hline 28 \end{array}$ area area							
		area	area				
27 28							
29							
	29						

#### (2) ALARM

The uppermost two digits of the SERVOPACK alarm code are set in the ALARM field of the response. For example, ALARM = 02 when a parameter checksum error 1 (A.020) occurs. If no alarm occurs, ALARM = 00.

For details on alarms and alarm codes, refer to the applicable manual for design and maintenance of the SER-VOPACK.

3.2.1 No Operation (NOP: 00H)

#### (3) Status Field Specifications

The status field is used to monitor the SERVOPACK status. The following table shows the bit allocation in the status field.

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
PSET/ V_CMP	ZPOINT	_	PON	SVON	CMDRDY	WARNG	ALM

D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8
_	_	N_SOT	P_SOT	NEAR/ V_LIM	L_CMP	T_LIM	DEN/ZSPD

The following table explains each bit value and its status.

Bit	Name	Value	Description
D0	ALM	0	No alarm
D0	ALM	1	Alarm occurs.
D1	WARNG	0	No warning
DI	WARNO	Warning occurs.	
D2	CMDRDY	0	Command cannot be received (busy).
D2	CMDRDT	1	Command can be received (ready).
D3	SVON	0	Servo OFF
05	5701	1	Servo ON
D4	PON	0	Main power supply OFF
D4	TON	1	Main power supply ON
D5	-	_	-
D6	ZPOINT	0	Out of home position range
DU		1	Within home position range
	PSET	0	Out of positioning complete range
D7	(During position control)	1	Within positioning complete range (The output is completed (DEN = 1) and APOS is within the positioning complete range.)
	V_CMP	0	Speed does not coincide.
	(During speed control)	1	Speed coincides.
	DEN	0	During output
D8	(During position control)	1	Output completed
100	ZSPD	0	Zero speed not detected
	(During speed control)	1	Zero speed detected
D9	T LIM	0	Not during torque (force) limit
D9		1	During torque (force) limit
D10	L_CMP	0	Latch not completed
D10		1	Latch completed
	NEAR	0	Out of positioning proximity
D11	(During position control)	1	Within positioning proximity
	V_LIM	0	Speed limit not detected
	(During speed control)	1	Speed limit detected
D12	P_SOT	0	OT signal is OFF.
1/12		1	OT signal is ON.

Bit	Name	Value	Description
D13	N SOT	0	OT signal is OFF.
D15	N_501	1	OT signal is ON.
D14	-	-	-
D15	—	-	-

#### (4) Details WDT and RWDT

The watchdog timer data will be set in WDT and RWDT of NOP command and response as shown below.

	D7 D4	D3	00
WDT	SN: Copy of RSN in RWDT	MN: Incremented by 1 each communications cycle	MN: Master station watchdog timer count
	D7 D4	D3	00
RWDT	RSN: Incremented by 1 each communications cycle	RMN: Copy of MIN in WDT	RSN: SERVOPACK's watchdog timer count

The watchdog timer is checked after synchronous communications has been established.

The SERVOPACK watchdog timer data will be refreshed whether synchronous communications is established or not.

3.2.2 Release MECHATROLINK-II Connection (DISCONNECT: 0FH)

# 3.2.2 Release MECHATROLINK-II Connection (DISCONNECT: 0FH)

The connection must be released at the end of communications. Send a DISCONNECT command to release the connection.

#### (1) DISCONNECT Command (0FH)

The specifications of the DISCONNECT command are shown below.

Byte	DISCO	NNECT	Description				
Dyte	Command	Response	Description				
1	0FH	0FH	Phases in which the command can be executed	All phases	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command	
2		ALARM	Processing time	Communications cycle or more (Within 5 s)	Subcommand	Cannot be used	
3		STATUS	Releases the MECHATROLINK-II connection, and the SERVOPACK				
4		511105	<ul> <li>changes communications to Phase 1.</li> <li>When this command is received, the following operations will be performed.</li> </ul>				
5							
6				ACK changes com ACK changes to Se	munications to Phase	e 1.	
7				point setting becor			
8				lata is initialized.			
9			- BRAKE signa		g the connection wi	ll not clear the	
10			alarm status. T		ata (saved in the vola		
11			remain valid.	h connection carry	out operations in the	e same sequence	
12			as when turnin		apply and set the req		
13			again.				
14							
15							
16	WDT	RWDT	]				

Note: Always send a DISCONNECT command for at least two communications cycles.

# 3.2.3 Establish MECHATROLINK-II Connection (CONNECT: 0EH)

Send a CONNECT command to establish a MECHATROLINK-II communications connection. When the connection is established, the WDT (watchdog timer) count starts.

#### (1) CONNECT Command (0EH)

The specifications of the CONNECT command are shown below.

Byte	CONI	NECT	- Description				
Byte	Command	Response					
1	0EH	0EH	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 1	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command	
2		ALARM	Processing time	Communications cycle or more (Within 5 s)	Subcommand	Cannot be used	
3		STATUS	<ul> <li>Establishes a MECHATROLINK-II connection and sets the communications mode according to COM_MODE.</li> <li>VER: Version. Set VER to 21H (Version 2.1)</li> <li>COM_MOD: Sets the communications mode. Refer to (2) Details of COM_MOD for details.</li> <li>COM_TIM: Sets the communications cycle. The communications cycle must satisfy the following equation within the range between 1 and 32.</li> <li>Q26 [mail &amp; Temperature [mail &gt; COM_TIM &lt; 22 [mail</li> </ul>				
4		SIAIUS					
5	VER	VER					
6	COM_MOD	COM_MOD					
7	COM_TIM	COM_TIM					
8			<ul> <li>0.25 [ms] ≤ Transmission cycle [ms] × COM_TIM ≤ 32 [ms]</li> <li>A warning will occur and the command will be ignored in the following</li> </ul>				
9			cases. - If COM MC	DE is out of the se	tting range: Data set	ting warning 2	
10			(A.94B)		ig range: Data settin	0 0	
11			(A.94B)			0 0	
12			- If the transm ing 2 (A.94B		ut SUBCMD = 1: D	ata setting warn-	
13				ission speed is set t warning 2 (A.94B)	o 10 Mbps but VER	is not set to 21H:	
14			<ul> <li>Slave stations will not accept commands other than CONNECT, DIS- CONNECT, and NOP before the connection is established. If a command other than CONNECT, DISCONNECT, and NOP is sent before the con- nection is established, NOP is always returned as the response.</li> </ul>				
15							
16	WDT	RWDT	nection is establ	isned, NOP is alwa	ys returned as the re	esponse.	

Note: Slave stations will not accept any MECHATROLINK-II command while a motion command such as JOG is being executed to run the motor through SigmaWin or by digital operator.

3.2.3 Establish MECHATROLINK-II Connection (CONNECT: 0EH)

#### (2) Details of COM\_MOD

COM\_MOD bit allocation and each bit status are described below.

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
SUBCMD	0	0	0	DTMOD		SYNCMOD	0

• SYNCMOD: Sets the synchronization mode.

SYNCMOD = 0: Asynchronous communications

SYNCMOD = 1: Synchronous communications

• DTMOD: Sets the data transmission method.

DTMOD = 00 or 11: Single transmission

DTMOD = 01: Continuous transmission

Normally, set DTMOD to 00.

• SUBCMD: Specify whether to use subcommands or not.

SUBCMD = 0: Do not use subcommands

SUBCMD = 1: Use subcommands

Note: When SYNCMOD = 0, it is necessary to send SYNC\_SET command to enter Phase 3.



#### (3) Transmission Cycle and Communications Cycle

The table below provides the applicable communications cycle and the maximum number of connectable stations for each transmission cycle setting.

		Transmi	ssion Bytes
Transmission Cycle	Applicable Communications Cycle	17-byte	32-byte
		Connectable Max	. Number of Stations
0.25 ms	0.25 ms to 8.00 ms (in 0.25-ms units)	2	1
0.50 ms	0.50 ms to 16.00 ms (in 0.50-ms units)	7	4
0.75 ms	0.75 ms to 24.00 ms (in 0.75-ms units)	11	7
1.00 ms	1.00 ms to 32.00 ms (in 1.00-ms units)	15	9
1.50 ms	1.50 ms to 32.00 ms (in 1.50-ms units)	23	15
2.00 ms	2.00 ms to 32.00 ms (in 2.00-ms units)	30	21
2.50 ms	2.50 ms to 2.00 ms (in 2.50-ms units)	30	26
3.00 ms	3.00 ms to 32.00 ms (in 3.00-ms units)	30	30
3.50 ms	3.50 ms to 32.00 ms (in 3.50-ms units)	30	30
4.00 ms	4.00 ms to 32.00 ms (in 4.00-ms units)	30	30

Note: Communications retry stations can be connected as long as the total number of connected stations, including the retry stations, is within the connectable max. number of stations. The maximum number of retry stations is the difference between the connectable max. number of stations and the number of actually connected slave stations, but limited to 7.

Note that the connectable max. number of stations may differ depending on the controller specifications.

## **3.2.4** Start Synchronous Communications (SYNC\_SET: 0DH)

This section describe how to start synchronization to change a communications phase from phase 2 to phase 3.

When SYNCMOD bit of the COM\_MOD of CONNECT command is set to 1, the communications phase will change from phase 1 to phase 3 at the moment the connection is established. In this case, it is not necessary to send a SYNC\_SET command.

#### (1) SYNC\_SET Command (0DH)

The specifications of the SYNC\_SET command are described below.

Buto	SYNC	_SET		Doso	ription							
Byte	Command	Response		Desci	npuon							
1	0DH	0DH	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command						
2		ALARM	Processing time	Communications cycle or more (Within 5 s)	Subcommand	Cannot be used						
3		STATUS	• Storts synchron	ous communication	s. Switched from ph	aga 2 ta phaga 2						
4		SIAIUS			T changing edge. H							
5				ed by parameter Pn	800.0, processing is							
6					nis command and re	turns a normal						
7			response without	it a warning.								
8				on in Servo ON stat	tus receives this con status.	nmand in phase 2,						
9			At occurrence o	f the following alar	ms and warnings, th							
10				•	us communications.							
11			- Command wa phase 1	ming 1 (A.95A) oc	curs when this com	mand is used in						
12					zation Error (A.E50)							
13					zation failed (A.E51							
14			<ul> <li>MECHATROLINK-II Communications Error (A.E60)</li> <li>MECHATROLINK-II Transmission Cycle Error (A.E61)</li> </ul>									
15			- Command wa	rning 1 (A.95A) occ	curs when this comm	nand is used while						
16	WDT	RWDT	operating the	servo using SigmaV	Vin or a digital oper	ator.						

3.2.5 Check Device ID (ID\_RD: 03H)

# 3.2.5 Check Device ID (ID\_RD: 03H)

Send ID\_RD command to read the device ID for confirmation.

#### (1) ID\_RD Command (03H)

The specifications of the ID\_RD command are described below.

Byte	ID_	RD		Dese	rintian							
	Command	Response		Desci	ription							
1	03H	03H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command						
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within commu- nications cycle	Subcommand	Can be used						
3		STATUS	• Use DEVICE_C		on. e device ID to be rea of the device ID is							
5	DEVICE_ CODE	DEVICE_ CODE	<ul> <li>Use SIZE to specify the number of data (bytes) to be read out.</li> <li>A warning will occur and the command will be ignored in the follow</li> </ul>									
6	OFFSET	OFFSET										
7	SIZE	SIZE										
8												
9												
10												
11		ID										
12												
13												
14												
15	WDT	DWDT										
16	WDT	RWDT										
17 18												
10												
20												
20												
22												
23	Subcommand	Subcommand										
24	area	area										
25												
26												
27												
28												
29												

#### (2) Device ID Specifications

The specifications of the device ID are described below.

# When the Σ-V Series SERVOPACKs (SGDV-□□□A11, -□□□A15, -□□□D11, -□□□D15, -□□□F11, -□□□F15) are Used

Device Type	Name	DEVICE_									0	FFSE	T								
Device Type	and the	CODE	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0B	0C	0D	0E	0F	10	11	12
	Model	00H	S	G	D	*1	*1	*2	*2	*2	*3	*4	*4	*5	*6	*6	*6	*6	*6	*6	00
SERVOPACK	Software version	02H	V	er.																	
	Model	20H	S	G	М	*7	*7	-	*8	*8	*9	*10	*11	*12	*13	00					
Servomotor	Encoder software version	12H	Ve	Ver.																	
External	Model	30H																			
Encoder	Software version	32H	Ve	er.																	
Safety Option	Model	60H																			
Unit	Software version	62H	Ve	Ver.																	
Feedback	Model	70H																			
Feedback Option Unit	Software version	72H	Ve	er.																	

SERVOPACK Model

\*1: Model code, \*2: Current capacity, \*3: Power supply voltage specifications, \*4: Interface specifications, \*5: Design revision order, \*6: Options

Servomotor Model

\*7: Model code, \*8: Rated output, \*9: Power supply voltage, \*10: Encoder type, \*11: Design revision order, \*12: Shaft-end specifications, \*13: Options

• Software version is binary data.

• Model is expressed in ASCII code and "00 (NULL)" is added at the end of each character string.

• 50H and 52H of DEVICE CODE are reserved for system.

• When the Safety Option unit or/and Feedback Option unit are not connected, 0 is set to all the ID data.

• For an external encoder, the ID of the encoder connected to the Feedback Option unit is set. (Therefore, 0 is set to all the ID data when no Feedback Option unit is connected.)

• When an encoder option for fully-closed loop control is connected to the Feedback Option unit, 0 is set to all the ID data of Feedback Option unit.

3.2.5 Check Device ID (ID\_RD: 03H)

Device Type	Name	DEVICE_									0	FFSE	T								
Device Type	indific	CODE_	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0B	0C	0D	0E	0F	10	11	12
	Model	00H	а	S	G	D	*1	*2	*2	*2	*3	*4	*4	*5	*6	*6	*6	*6	*6	*6	00
SERVOPACK	Software version	02H	Ve	er.																	
	Model	20H	S	G	М	*7	*7	-	*8	*8	*9	*10	*11	*12	*13	00					
Servomotor	Encoder software version	12H	Ve	Ver.																	
External	Model	30H																			
Encoder	Software version	32H	Ve	er.																	
Safety Option	Model	60H																			
Safety Option Unit	Software version	62H	Ve	/er.																	
Feedback	Model	70H																			
Feedback Option Unit	Software version	72H	Ve	er.																	

#### ■ When the DC Power Input Σ-V Series SERVOPACKs (SGDV-□□□E11) are Used

SERVOPACK Model

\*1: Model code, \*2: Current capacity, \*3: Power supply voltage specifications, \*4: Interface specifications, \*5: Design revision order, \*6: Options

Example: ID\_RD when DC power input  $\Sigma$ -V series SERVOPACK (SGDV-2R9E11A) is used.

OFFSET	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0B	0C
ID_RD	а	S	G	D	V	2	R	9	Е	1	1	Α	00

Servomotor Model

\*7: Model code, \*8: Rated output, \*9: Power supply voltage, \*10: Encoder type, \*11: Design revision order, \*12: Shaft-end specifications, \*13: Options

• Software version is binary data.

• Model is expressed in ASCII code and "00 (NULL)" is added at the end of each character string.

• 50H and 52H of DEVICE\_CODE are reserved for system.

• When the Safety Option unit or/and Feedback Option unit are not connected, 0 is set to all the ID data.

• For an external encoder, the ID of the encoder connected to the Feedback Option unit is set. (Therefore, 0 is set to all the ID data when no Feedback Option unit is connected.)

• When an encoder option for fully-closed loop control is connected to the Feedback Option unit, 0 is set to all the ID data of Feedback Option unit.

# ■ When the Large-Capacity Σ-V Series SERVOPACKs (SGDV-□□□H11, -□□□J11) are Used

Device Type	Namo	DEVICE_									0	FFSE	T								
Device Type		CODE_	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0B	0C	0D	0E	0F	10	11	12
	Model	00H	b	S	G	D	*1	*2	*2	*2	*3	*4	*4	*5	*6	*6	*6	*6	*6	*6	00
SERVOPACK	Software version	02H	Ve	er.																	
	Model	20H	S	G	М	*7	*7	-	*8	*8	*9	*10	*11	*12	*13	00					
Servomotor	Encoder software version	12H	Ve	Ver.																	
External	Model	30H																			
Encoder	Software version	32H	V	er.																	
Safety Option	Model	60H																			
Safety Option Unit	Software version	62H	Ve	er.																	
Feedback	Model	70H																			
Feedback Option Unit	Software version	72H	Ve	er.																	

SERVOPACK Model

\*1: Model code, \*2: Current capacity, \*3: Power supply voltage specifications, \*4: Interface specifications, \*5: Design revision order, \*6: Options

Example: ID\_RD when large capacity  $\Sigma$ -V series SERVOPACK (SGDV-131J11A) is used.

OFFSET	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0B	0C
ID_RD	b	S	G	D	V	1	3	1	J	1	1	Α	00

Servomotor Model

\*7: Model code, \*8: Rated output, \*9: Power supply voltage, \*10: Encoder type, \*11: Design revision order, \*12: Shaft-end specifications, \*13: Options

- Software version is binary data.
- Model is expressed in ASCII code and "00 (NULL)" is added at the end of each character string.
- 50H and 52H of DEVICE CODE are reserved for system.
- When the Safety Option unit or/and Feedback Option unit are not connected, 0 is set to all the ID data.
- For an external encoder, the ID of the encoder connected to the Feedback Option unit is set. (Therefore, 0 is set to all the ID data when no Feedback Option unit is connected.)
- When an encoder option for fully-closed loop control is connected to the Feedback Option unit, 0 is set to all the ID data of Feedback Option unit.

#### ■ When the Large-Capacity Σ-V Series Multi-winding Drive Units (JUSP-MD□□11) are Used

Device Typ	e/Name	DEVICE_									0	FFSE	T								
Device Typ	Ciname	CODE <sup>-</sup>	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	0A	0B	0C	0D	0E	0F	10	11	12
Multi-winding	Model	00H	J	U	S	Р	_	М	D	*1	*2	1	1	*3	*4	*4	*4	*4	*4	*4	00
Drive Unit	Software version	02H	v	Ver																	
	Model	20H	S	G	М	*7	*7	-	*8	*8	*9	*10	*11	*12	*13	00					
Servomotor	Encoder software version	12H	V	er.																	

• Multi-winding Drive Unit Model

\*1: Current capacity, \*2: Power supply voltage specifications, \*3: Design revision order, \*4: Options

Servomotor Model

\*7: Model code, \*8: Rated output, \*9: Power supply voltage, \*10: Encoder type, \*11: Design revision order, \*12: Shaft-end specifications, \*13: Options

• Software version is binary data.

• Model is expressed in ASCII code and "00 (NULL)" is added at the end of each character string.

Note: SERVOPACK information cannot be read.

3.2.6 Set Parameters (PRM\_WR: 02H)

## **3.2.6** Set Parameters (PRM\_WR: 02H)

Send PRM\_WR command to set parameters when parameters are managed by a controller. Parameters will be set without being saved in the non-volatile memory of SERVOPACK.

#### (1) PRM\_WR Command (02H)

The specifications of the PRM\_WR command are described below.

Byte	PRM	_WR		Desc	ription							
Dyte	Command	Response		Desci	nption							
1	02H	02H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command						
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within 200 ms	Subcommand	Cannot be used						
3		STATUS	• Writes paramete		a 1.4							
4		514105			the non-volatile me the power supply O							
5	NO	NO	to be validated,		nd a CONFIG com							
6	NO	NO	the settings.	ify the parameter to	he written							
7	SIZE	SIZE			data (bytes) of the p	parameter to be						
8			written.									
9				is the data to be wri	tten. nand will be ignored	l in the following						
10			cases.		-	-						
11	PARAMETER	PARAMETER			ect utility functions in or a digital opera							
12	PARAMETER	PAKAWETEK	warning 1 (A.		in of a digital opera	tor: Command						
13			<ul> <li>NO is set out of the range: Data setting warning 1 (A.94A)</li> <li>SIZE does not match: Data setting warning 4 (A.94D)</li> </ul>									
14					g warning 4 (A.94D) : Data setting warni							
15												
16	WDT	RWDT										

• Example of NO

For the parameter Pn80D, the data is set in little endian as shown below.

Byte	Data
5	0D
6	08

# 3.2.7 Set and Save Parameters in Non-volatile Memory (PPRM\_WR: 1CH)

Send a PPRM\_WR command to save parameters in the SERVOPACK.

# (1) PPRM\_WR Command (1CH)

The specifications of the PPRM-WR command are described below.

Byte	PPRM	1_WR		Desc	ription							
Dyte	Command	Response		Desc	nption							
1	1CH	1CH	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command						
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within 200 ms	Subcommand	Cannot be used						
3		STATUS		rs in the non-volatil								
4		511105			the power supply O nd a CONFIG com							
5	NO	NO	the settings.	-								
6	110	no	<ul> <li>A warning will cases.</li> </ul>	occur and the comn	nand will be ignored	l in the following						
7	SIZE	SIZE		he range: Data setti	ng warning 1 (A.94	A)						
8					g warning 4 (A.94D	·						
9					e: Data setting warning w							
10			used for opera	tions with SigmaW	in or a digital opera							
11	PARAMETER	PARAMETER	warning 1 (A.	95A)								
12												
13												
14												
15												
16	WDT	RWDT										



3.2.8 Validate Parameters (Setup) (CONFIG: 04H)

## 3.2.8 Validate Parameters (Setup) (CONFIG: 04H)

The set parameters need to be validated (setup) using a CONFIG command.

Executing this command recalculates all currently set parameters and initializes positions, output signals, etc.

#### (1) CONFIG Command (04H)

The specifications of the CONFIG command are described below.

Byte	CON	IFIG		Desci	ription	
Dyte	Command	Response		Dese	iption	
1	04H	04H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within 5 s	Subcommand	Cannot be used
3		STATUS			eters and initializes	
4		511105		CK will change to S OPACK is Servo O	ervo OFF if this con N.	nmand is received
5			• A warning will		hand will be ignored	l if this command
6			is sent:	iamaWin or a digita	l operator to execute	autility functions:
7				rning 1 (A.95A)	ii operator to executi	e utility functions.
8					al during CONFIG	
9			execution.	on status and output	signal during CON	FIG command
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16	WDT	RWDT				

#### (2) Status and Output Signal during CONFIG Command Execution

The status and output signal during CONFIG command execution are listed below.

Status and Output Signal	Before CONFIG	During CONFIG	After CONFIG
ALM (status)	Current status	Current status	Current status
CMDRDY (status)	1	0	1
Other status	Current status	Not specified	Current status
ALARM (code)	Alarm currently occurred	Alarm currently occurred	Alarm currently occurred
ALM (CN1 output signal)	Current status	Current status	Current status
/S-RDY (CN1 output signal)	Current status	OFF	Current status
Other output signals	Current status	Not specified	Current status

# **3.2.9** Turn Encoder Power Supply ON (SENS\_ON: 23H)

Send SENS\_ON command to turn ON the encoder power supply.

#### (1) SENS\_ON Command (23H)

The specifications of the SENS\_ON command are described below.

Byte	SENS	S_ON		Description				
Byte	Command	Response		Desc	nption			
1	23Н	23H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command		
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within 2 s	Subcommand	Cannot be used		
3		STATUS	<ul> <li>Obtains the initial position data and creates the present position when an absolute encoder is used.</li> <li>The reference point, home position (ZPOINT), and software limits will</li> </ul>					
4		511105						
5			<ul> <li>be enabled when an absolute encoder is used.</li> <li>After having used this command, the position data must be monitored and the coordinate system of host controller must be setup.</li> </ul>					
6		MONITOR1						
7		Montroitti	and the coordinate system of nost controller must be setup.					
8								
9								
10		MONITOR2						
11		Monterez						
12								
13	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2						
14		IO_MON						
15		10_101010						
16	WDT	RWDT						

#### (2) Monitor Selection Field Specifications: SEL\_MON1/2/3/4

The monitor selection (SEL\_MON1/2/3/4) field is used to select the Servo monitor information.

#### • Applicable Commands:

SV\_ON, SV\_OFF, HOLD, INTERPOLATE, POSING, FEED, LATCH, EX\_POSING, ZRET, VELCTRL, TRQCTRL, SMON, SENS\_ON, SENS\_OFF, BRK\_ON, BRK\_OFF, LTMOD\_ON, LTMOD\_OFF

#### • Setting Method:

Set MONITOR 1/2/3/4 monitor codes in SEL\_MON1/2/3/4 allocated in the thirteenth byte of the main command or in the reserved area of the nineteenth byte of the subcommand.

SEL\_MON1/2/3/4 allocation is shown below.

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
	SEL_I	MON2			SEL_N	MON1	

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
	SEL_N	MON4			SEL_N	MON3	

3.2.9 Turn Encoder Power Supply ON (SENS\_ON: 23H)

#### (3) Monitor Information Field Specifications: MONITOR 1/2/3/4

The monitor information (MONITOR 1/2/3/4) field is used to monitor information selected by the monitor codes in the monitor selection field.

#### • Applicable Commands:

SV\_ON, SV\_OFF, HOLD, INTERPOLATE, POSING, FEED, LATCH, EX\_POSING, ZRET, VELCTRL, TRQCTRL, SMON, SENS\_ON, SENS\_OFF, BRK\_ON, BRK\_OFF, LTMOD\_ON, LTMOD\_OFF

The MONITOR 1/2/3/4 monitor codes are listed below.

Monitor Code	Name	Description	Unit
0	POS	Reference position in reference coordinate system (position after reference filtering)	Reference unit
1	MPOS	Reference position	Reference unit
2	PERR	Position error	Reference unit
3	APOS	Feedback position in machine coordinate system	Reference unit
4	LPOS	Feedback latch position in machine coordinate system	Reference unit
5	IPOS	Reference position in reference coordinate system (position before reference filtering)	Reference unit
6	TPOS	Target position in reference coordinate system	Reference unit
7	-	-	-
8	FSPD	Feedback speed	Position/torque (force) control: reference units/s Speed control: Maximum speed/ 40000000H
9	CSPD	Reference speed	Position control: Reference units/s Speed control: Maximum speed/ 40000000H
А	TSPD	Target speed	Position control: Reference units/s Speed control: Maximum speed/ 40000000H
В	TRQ	Torque (force) reference (The rated torque is 100%.)	Position/speed control: % (The rated torque is 100%.) Torque (force) control: Maximum torque (force)/40000000H
С	-	-	-
D	-	-	-
Е	OMN1	Option monitor 1 selected in Pn824	-
F	OMN2	Option monitor 2 selected in Pn825	-

#### (4) IO Monitor Field Specifications: IO\_MON

The IO monitor field is used to monitor the I/O signal status of the SERVOPACK.

Note: The EXT2, EXT3, and HBB cannot be used with DC power input  $\Sigma$ -V series SERVOPACKs (SGDV- $\Box\Box\Box$ E11). • Applicable Commands:

SMON, SV\_ON, SV\_OFF, SV\_CTRL, FEED, HOLD, INTERPOLATE, POSING, LATCH, EX\_POSING, ZRET, VELCTRL, TRQCTRL, SENS\_ON, SENS\_OFF, BRK\_ON, BRK\_OFF, LTMOD\_ON, LTMOD\_OFF

I/O signal allocation is shown below.

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
EXT2	EXT1	PC	PB	PA	DEC	N_OT	P_OT

D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D09	D08
IO15	IO14	IO13	IO12	-	HBB	BRK	EXT3

Bit	Name	Contents	Value	Status
D0	Р ОТ	Forward run prohibited input	0	OFF
Du	r_01	Forward run promoted input	1	ON
D1	N OT	Reverse run prohibited input	0	OFF
DI	N_01	Reverse run promoted input	1	ON
D2	DEC	Homing deceleration LS input	0	OFF
D2	DEC	Toming deceleration LS input	1	ON
D3	PA	Encoder phase A input	0	OFF
D3	IA	Encoder phase A liput	1	ON
D4	РВ	Encoder phase B input	0	OFF
D4	ГD	Encoder phase B input	1	ON
D5	РС	Encoder phase C input	0	OFF
D3	rC	Encoder phase C input	1	ON
D6	EXT1	First external latch signal input	0	OFF
Do	EATI	riist externar iaten signar input	1	ON
D7	EXT2	Second external latch signal input	0	OFF
D/	LAIZ	Second external laten signal input	1	ON
D8	EXT3	Third external latch signal input	0	OFF
Do	EAIS	Third external laten signal input	1	ON
D9	BRK	Brake output	0	Released
D9	DKK	blake output	1	Locked
D10	HBB	Stop signal input, OR of HWBB1 signal and HWBB2 sig-	0	OFF (Forced stop released)
D10	TIDD	nal	1	ON (Forced stop)
D11		Reserved	0	
D12	IO12	CN1 input signal selected in Pn81E.0	0	OFF (open)
D12	1012	Civit input signal selected in thore.0	1	ON (closed)
D13	IO13	CN1 input signal selected in Pn81E.1	0	OFF (open)
015	1013	Civi mput signal science in Flio1E.1	1	ON (closed)
D14	IO14	CN1 input signal selected in Pn81E.2	0	OFF (open)
D14	1014	Civi input signal sciected in FlioTE.2	1	ON (closed)
D15	IO15	CN1 input signal selected in Pn81E.3	0	OFF (open)
013	1015	Civi input signal sciected in FliorE.5	1	ON (closed)

3.2.10 Turn Servo ON (SV\_ON: 31H)

## 3.2.10 Turn Servo ON (SV\_ON: 31H)

Send the SV\_ON command to power the servomotor and make it ready for operation.

#### (1) SV\_ON Command (31H)

The specifications of the SV\_ON command are described below.

Duto	SV_	ON		Dece	ription	
Byte	Command	Response		Desci	ipuon	
1	31H	31H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command
2		ALARM	Processing time	Normally 50 ms (10 s max.)	Subcommand	Can be used
3	OPTION	STATUS	<ul> <li>Powers the servomotor and makes it ready for operation.</li> <li>Command warning 1 (A.95A) will occur and the command will be ignored if the command is sent: <ul> <li>During alarm occurrence (When ALM of STATUS is 1)</li> <li>When the main power supply is OFF (PON of STATUS is 0)</li> <li>When the HWBB signal is ON (HWBB of IO_MON is 1)*</li> <li>Before completion of execution of SENS_ON when an absolute encoder is used</li> </ul> </li> <li>OPTION field can be selected</li> <li>Upon completion of execution of this command, the reference position (POS) must be read, and the controller coordinate system must be set of the s</li></ul>			
5 6 7 8		MONITOR1				
9 10 11 12		MONITOR2				
13	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2				
14 15		IO_MON				
16	WDT	RWDT				
$     \begin{array}{r}         17 \\         18 \\         19 \\         20 \\         21 \\         22 \\         23 \\         24 \\         25 \\         26 \\         27 \\         28 \\         29 \\         29         $	Subcommand area	Subcommand area				

\* The HWBB function cannot be used with DC power input  $\Sigma$ -V series SERVOPACKs (SGDV- $\Box\Box\Box$ E11).

#### (2) OPTION Field Specifications

The option field is used to add functions to a motion command.

#### · Applicable Commands

SV\_ON, HOLD, INTERPOLATE, POSING, FEED, LATCH, EX\_POSING, ZRET, VELCTRL, TRQCTRL, SVCTRL

Set the functions to be added to a motion command in the main command third and forth bytes reserved for the option field.

The option field of the  $\Sigma$ -V series SERVOPACK is set by default as shown below.

To change the default setting, set the parameter Pn81F as  $Pn81F = \Box \Box \Box 1$ , and set the bits to which functions are to be allocated using the parameters Pn82A to Pn82E. The change must be validated by turning the power supply OFF and then ON again or by sending a CONFIG command.

• OPTION Field Default Setting

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
0	0	0	ACC	CFIL	0	0	0

D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8
N_CL	P_CL	P_PI_CLR	V_PPI	0	0	G_8	SEL

• Functions That Can Be Allocated to Bits of the OPTION Field

Name	Description	Value	Details	Default Setting	
		0	No acceleration/deceleration filter		
ACCFIL	Acceleration/Deceleration filter	1	Exponential function acceleration/decel- eration	D3, D4	
(2 bits)		2	S-curve acceleration/deceleration		
		3	Do not set.		
		0	First gain		
G_SEL (2 bits)	Gain awitching	1	Second gain	D8, D9	
	Gain switching	2	Reserved (invalid)	D8, D9	
		3	Reserved (invalid)		
V_PPI	Speed leap D/DL control	0	PI control	D12	
(1 bit)	Speed loop P/PI control	1	P control		
P_PI_CLR	Position loop position integral	0	Does not clear.	D13	
(1 bit)	clear	1	Clears.	D13	
P_CL	Forward torque (force) limit	0	Does not control torque (force).	D14	
(1 bit)	Forward torque (force) finite	1	Controls torque (force).	D14	
N_CL	Reverse torque (force) limit	0	Does not control torque (force).	D15	
(1 bit)	Reverse torque (toree) minit	1	Controls torque (force).	D15	
LT_DISABLE	Latch signal input disabled	0	Enables latch signal input.	Not allocated	
(1 bit)	Laten signar niput disabled	1	Disables latch signal input.	not anocated	
BANK_SEL1 (4 bits)	Bank selector 1 (Bank for acceleration/decelera- tion parameter switching)	0 to 15	Bank 0 to Bank 15	Not allocated	

3.2.10 Turn Servo ON (SV\_ON: 31H)

Name	Description		Value	Details	Default Setting
		BIT 0	0	SO1 output signal OFF	
			1	SO1 output signal ON	
OUT_SIGNAL	I/O signal output com-	BIT 1	0	SO2 output signal OFF	Not allocated
(3 bits)	mand		1	SO2 output signal ON	
			0	SO3 output signal OFF	1
		BIT 2	1	SO3 output signal ON	1

Note 1. Do not allocate more than one signal to one bit. Otherwise, multiple signals will be controlled by one bit. The bits to which no function is allocated will act as it is set to 0 (zero).
 To enable the OUT\_SIGNAL function, set the following parameters to Zero: Pn50E, Pn50F, and Pn510.

# **3.2.11** Turn Encoder Power Supply OFF (SENS\_OFF: 24H)

Send a SENS\_OFF command to turn OFF the encoder power supply.

#### (1) SENS\_OFF Command (24H)

The specifications of the SENS\_OFF command are described below.

Byte	SENS	_OFF	Description				
Byte	Command	Response		Desc	iption		
1	24H	24H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command	
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within 2 sec	Subcommand	Cannot be used	
3		STATUS	• Turn the encoder OFF. The position data will not be specified when an absolute encoder is used				
4			<ul> <li>The reference point, origin (ZPOINT), and software limits will be invalid.</li> <li>Command warning 1 (A.95A) will occur and the command will be ignored if the command is sent:</li> </ul>				
5							
6		MONITOR1					
7		Montroitti	- While the serv				
8							
9							
10		MONITOR2					
11		10101110102					
12							
13	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2					
14		IO_MON					
15		10_101011					
16	WDT	RWDT					

3.2.12 Turn Servo OFF (SV\_OFF: 32H)

# 3.2.12 Turn Servo OFF (SV\_OFF: 32H)

Send an SV\_OFF command to stop current flow through the servomotor.

#### (1) SV\_OFF Command (32H)

The specifications of the SV\_OFF command are described below.

Dute	SV_	OFF		Deee	inting		
Byte	Command	Response		Desci	ription		
1	32Н	32H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command	
2		ALARM	Processing time	The time set in Pn506 (500 ms max.)	Subcommand	Can be used	
3		STATUS	• When Pn829 (S		at deceleration to s		
5			value other than 0, the servo will be turned OFF after the servomotor decelerates to a stop according to the deceleration constant for stopping set by the parameter. (The servomotor decelerates to a stop in position				
6		MONITOR1	set by the param control mode.)	eter. (The servomo	tor decelerates to a	stop in position	
7		Montoki	<ul> <li>When Pn829 (SVOFF waiting time at deceleration to a stop) is set to 0, the servo will be turned OFF immediately after reception of this command. (The control mode before receiving SV_OFF command remains unchanged.)</li> <li>Executing the SV_OFF command will cancel the speed reference, speed feed forward, torque (force) feed forward, and torque (force) limits set b a position/speed control command.</li> </ul>				
8	-						
9	-						
$\frac{10}{11}$	-	MONITOR2					
12							
13	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2					
14		IO MON					
15		IO_WON					
16	WDT	RWDT					
17							
18	-						
$\frac{19}{20}$							
20							
21							
23	Subcommand	Subcommand					
24	area	area					
25	1						
26	]						
27							
28							
29							

# 3.2.13 Read Parameters (PRM\_RD: 01H)

Send a PRM\_RD command to read out parameters.

#### (1) PRM\_RD Command (01H)

The specifications of the PRM\_RD command are described below.

Byte	PRM	I_RD	Description				
Dyte	Command	Response		Desc	iption		
1	01H	01H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command	
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within 200 ms	Subcommand	Can be used	
3		STATUS	Reads out parameters.				
4		SIAIUS	• A warning will occur and the command will be ignored in the following cases.				
5	NO	NO	- NO is out of the range: Data setting warning 1 (A.94A)				
6	NO	NO	- SIZE does not match: Data setting warning 4 (A.94D)				
7	SIZE	SIZE					
8							
9							
10							
11		PARAMETER					
12							
13							
14							
15							
16	WDT	RWDT					

3.2.14 Check SERVOPACK Status (SMON: 30H)

# 3.2.14 Check SERVOPACK Status (SMON: 30H)

Send a SMON command to check the SERVOPACK status.

# (1) SMON Command (30H)

The specifications of the SMON command are described below.

Dute	SM	ON		Dece	inting	
Byte	Command	Response		Desci	iption	
1	30H	30H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within commu- nications cycle	Subcommand	Can be used
3		STATUS	Reads the current	nt status of the SER	VOPACK.	
5						
6		MONITOR1				
7		MONITORI				
8						
9						
10		MONITOR2				
11 12						
12	SEL MON1/2	SEL MON1/2				
13	SEL_WOW/2	SEL_WON1/2				
15		IO_MON				
16	WDT	RWDT				
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22	Subcommand	Subcommand				
23	area	area				
24						
26						
27						
28						
29						

#### 3.2.15 Read Alarm or Warning (ALM\_RD: 05H)

Send an ALM\_RD command to read out the current alarm/warning and the alarm history.

#### (1) ALM\_RD Command (05H)

The specifications of the ALM\_RD command are described below.

Byte	ALM	_RD	Description				
Dyte	Command	Response		Desc	nption		
1	05H	05H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command	
2		ALARM	Processing time	See <i>ALM_RD_MOD</i> <i>Specifications</i> on the next page.	Subcommand	Cannot be used	
3		STATUS	<ul> <li>Reads the following alarm and warning status.</li> <li>Current alarm/warning status</li> <li>Alarm history* (Warnings and communications alarms A.E50 and A.E60 will not be read out since they are not preserved in the history.)</li> <li>See (2) ALM_RD_MOD Specifications for details on ALM_RD_MOD.</li> </ul>				
4		SIAIUS					
5	ALM_RD_ MOD	ALM_RD_ MOD					
6					ALM_DATA from the bytes that are bl		
7				6 is the latest alarm		ank. Accordingly,	
8				occur and the comm	nand will be ignored	l in the following	
9			cases. -If ALM_RD_N	10D is out of the ra	ange: Data setting w	arning 2 (A.94B)	
10		ALM DATA					
11		_					
12							
13							
14							
15							
16	WDT	RWDT					

\* Alarm history is saved in the non-volatile memory, and will not be lost if the control power goes OFF.

3.2.15 Read Alarm or Warning (ALM\_RD: 05H)

ALM_RD_MOD			Processing Time				
0		Read current alarm/warning status 10 items max. (sixth to fifteenth byte)					
1	not preserved	Read alarm history (warnings and communications alarms A.E50 and A.E60 are not preserved in the history.) 10 records max. (sixth to fifteenth byte)					
	Set the occurre	ed information of current alarm or ence order from 0 (the latest) to 9 f	or the alarm index.				
2	Byte	Command	Response				
2	6	Alarm index	Alarm index				
	7	0	Alarm code				
	8	0	Alarm code				
				Within 12 m			
		Gets the detailed information of alarm history one by one. Set the occurrence order from 0 (the latest) to 9 for the alarm index.					
	Byte	Command	Response				
3	6	Alarm index	Alarm index				
	7	0	<u>.</u>				
	8	0	Alarm code				

#### (2) ALM\_RD\_MOD Specifications

1. When ALM\_RD\_MOD=0 or 1

An alarm code of 1-byte length is returned.

Example) The warning A.960 occurred and then, the communications error alarm A.E61 occurred.

1) Current warning/alarm (ALM\_RD\_MOD = 0)

2) Alarm history (ALM\_RD\_MOD = 1)



Note 1. The current warning or alarm status can be cleared by executing the ALM\_CLR (ALM\_CLR\_MOD = 0) command.

2. The alarm history will not be cleared until the ALM\_CLR(ALM\_CLR\_MOD = 1) command is executed.

2. When  $ALM_RD_MOD = 2 \text{ or } 3$ 

An alarm code of 2-byte length is returned.

If ALM\_RD\_MOD is set to 2 in the above example, the following alarm codes will be read out. 0xE61 for alarm index 0, and

0x960 for alarm index 1

# **3.2.16** Clear Warning or Alarm (ALM\_CLR: 06H)

Send an ALM\_CLR command to clear the warning/alarm status and the alarm history.

#### (1) ALM\_CLR Command (06H)

The specifications of the ALM\_CLR command are described below.

Byte	ALM_	CLR	Description					
Dyte	Command	Response		Desch	pton			
1	06H	06H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command		
2		ALARM	Processing time	See (2) ALM_CLR_MOD Specifications.	Subcommand	Cannot be used		
3		STATUS	Clears the followings.					
4		SIAIUS	<ul> <li>Current alarm/warning status</li> <li>Alarm history *</li> <li>A warning will occur and the command will be ignored in the following cases.</li> </ul>					
5	ALM_CLR_ MOD	ALM_CLR_ MOD						
6			- When using SigmaWin or a digital operator to execute utility functions: Command warning 1 (A.95A)					
7				AOD is out of the se	tting range: Data set	ting warning 2		
8			(A.94B)					
9				s will not be cleared cannot be reset occu	e e	ses.		
10				cannot be reset occu		the alarm has not		
11			yet been remo	wed.				
12								
13								
14								
15								
16	WDT	RWDT	1					

\* Alarm history is saved in the non-volatile memory, and will not be lost if the control power goes OFF.

#### (2) ALM\_CLR\_MOD Specifications

ALM_CLR_MOD	Description	Processing Time
0	Clears current alarm/warning status.	Within 200 ms
1	Clears alarm history.	Within 2 s

3.2.17 Set Coordinate System (POS\_SET: 20H)

# 3.2.17 Set Coordinate System (POS\_SET: 20H)

Send a POS\_SET command to set the position coordinate system.

#### (1) POS\_SET Command (20H)

The specifications of the POS\_SET command are described below.

Byte	POS	_SET	Description				
Dyte	Command	Response		Desc	nption		
1	20Н	20H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command	
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within commu- nications cycle	Subcommand	Cannot be used	
3		STATUS	<ul> <li>Sets the current position to the position specified by POS_DATA.</li> <li>The origin (ZPOINT) and software limit settings are enabled by setting a reference point.</li> <li>See (2) PS_SUBCMD Specifications for details on PS_SUBCMD.</li> </ul>				
4		511105					
5	PS_SUBCMD	PS_SUBCMD					
6			<ul> <li>Specify the position (coordinates) in POS_DATA.</li> <li>A warning will occur and the command will be ignored in the following cases.</li> </ul>				
7	POS DATA	POS DATA					
8	105_DAIA	IOS_DAIA			in PS_SUBCMD: D	ata setting warn-	
9			ing 2 (A.94B)				
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16	WDT	RWDT					

#### (2) PS\_SUBCMD Specifications

The specifications of PS\_SUBCMD are described below.

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
REFE	0	0	0	POS_SEL			

#### • REFE (Reference Point Setting)

- 0: Does not set reference point.
- 1: Sets reference point. The coordinates will be determined and the zero point position (ZPOINT) and software limit setting will be enabled.
- POS\_SEL (Coordinate system selection)
  - 3: Sets APOS (feedback position in machine coordinate system), and sets the positions of all coordinate systems (TPOS, IPOS, POS, MPOS, APOS) to POS\_DATA.

## 3.2.18 Monitor and Adjust Settings (ADJ: 3EH)

Send an ADJ command to monitor and adjust settings.

#### (1) ADJ Command (3EH)

The specifications of the ADJ command are described below.

Byte	A	Dl	Description				
	Command	Response		Desc	nption		
1	ЗЕН	ЗЕН	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command	
2	SUBCODE=01	ALARM	Processing time	Depends on pro- cessing	Subcommand	Cannot be used	
3		STATUS	<ul> <li>Use this command as SUBCODE = 01H. The SERVOPACK will be in maintenance mode. And, data monitoring and adjustment will be enabled.</li> <li>See (2) How to Sand an 4DL Command for Adjustment for details on</li> </ul>				
4		SIAIUS					
5	CCMD	CANS	• See (2) How to Send an ADJ Command for Adjustment for details on ADJ for adjustment.				
6	CCMD	CANS	• See (3) How to Send an ADJ Command for Monitoring Data for details on ADJ for monitoring data.				
7	CADDRESS	CADDRESS	• A warning will occur and the command will be ignored in the following				
8	CADDRESS	CADDRESS	- While editing	using SigmaWin of	digital operator: Co	ommand warning	
9	CSIZE	CSIZE/			Parameter setting w		
10	COILL	ERRCODE			r setting warning 4 ( the range: Parameter		
11			2 (A.94B)		C C		
12							
13	CDATA	RDATA					
14							
15							
16	WDT	RWDT					

3.2.18 Monitor and Adjust Settings (ADJ: 3EH)

#### (2) How to Send an ADJ Command for Adjustment

The table below lists the adjustments that can be executed by sending an ADJ command.

# ■ When the $\Sigma$ -V Series SERVOPACKs (SGDV-□□□A11, -□□□A15, -□□□D11, -□□□D15, -□□□F11, -□□□F15), DC Power Input $\Sigma$ -V Series SERVOPACKs (SGDV-□□□E11), or Large-Capacity $\Sigma$ -V Series SERVOPACKs (SGDV-□□□H11, -□□□J11) are Used

Adjustment	Request Code	Preparation Before Execution	Processing Time	Execution Conditions
Normal mode	0000H	None	200 ms max.	-
Parameter initialization	1005H	None	20 s max.	Initialization is impossible while the servo is ON. After initialization, the power supply must be turned OFF and then ON again.
Absolute encoder reset	1008H	Required	5 s max.	When using an incremental encoder, it is impossible to reset the encoder while the servo is ON. After reset, the power supply must be turned OFF and then ON again.
Automatic offset adjustment of motor current detection sig- nals	100EH	None	5 s max.	<ul> <li>Adjustment is disabled:</li> <li>While the main circuit power supply is OFF</li> <li>While the servo is ON</li> <li>While the servomotor is running</li> </ul>
Multiturn limit setting	1013H	Required	5 s max.	When using an incremental encoder, the set- ting is disabled unless A.CC0 (Multiturn limit disagreement) occurs. After setting, the power supply must be turned OFF and then ON again.

#### ■ When the Large-Capacity Σ-V Series Multi-winding Drive Units (JUSP-MD□□11) are Used

Adjustment	Request Code	Preparation Before Execution	Processing Time	Execution Conditions
Normal mode	0000H	None	200 ms max.	-
Multi-winding drive unit parameter initialization	1005H	None	10 s max.	Initialization is impossible while the servo is ON. After initialization, the power supply must be turned OFF and then ON again. When the power supply is turned OFF and then ON again, the SERVOPACK parame- ter will also be initialized.
Absolute encoder reset	1008H	Required	5 s max.	When using an incremental encoder, it is impossible to reset the encoder while the servo is ON. After reset, the power supply must be turned OFF and then ON again.
Automatic offset adjustment of motor current detection sig- nals	-	-	-	Refer to • Automatic Offset Adjustment of Motor Current Detection Signals for details.
Multiturn limit setting	1013H	Required	5 s max.	When using an incremental encoder, the set- ting is disabled unless A.CC0 (Multiturn limit disagreement) occurs. After setting, the power supply must be turned OFF and then ON again.

#### · Automatic Offset Adjustment of Motor Current Detection Signals

Use the following procedure to automatically adjust the offset of the motor current detection signals for a multi-winding drive system. Perform this adjustment only the first time that the main circuit power supply is turned ON after the control power supply is turned ON.

After you complete the adjustment, always disable automatic adjustment (Pn009 =  $n.\Box\Box\Box$ ).

Procedure	Operation
1	Enable automatic adjustment of the motor current detection signal offset (Pn009 = $n.\Box\Box\Box$ 1).
2	Turn the multi-winding drive unit and SERVOPACK/converter control power supplies OFF and then ON again.
3	Turn ON the SERVOPACK/converter main circuit power supplies again. The motor current detection signal offset will be automatically adjusted when the main circuit power supplies to the SERVOPACKs are detected. Up to 2 seconds will be required for the automatic adjustment.
4	Disable automatic adjustment of the motor current detection signal offset (Pn009 = $n.\Box\Box\Box$ ).

#### Related Parameters

Parameter		Meaning	Enabled Timing	
Pn009	n.□□□0 [factory setting]	Does not execute automatic adjustment.	After restart	
	n.0001	Performs automatic offset signal adjustment of the motor current detection signal when the main circuit power supply is turned ON.		

#### ADJ Command Execution Procedure for Adjustment:

#### Details of Command for Adjustment

	Command	Response
CCMD/CANS	CCMD = 04H	CANS = 04H (copy of the command)
CADDRESS	Setting address	Reference address (copy of the command)
CSIZE/ ERRCODE	2 or 4	At normal reception: 0000H At error occurrence: A value other than 0
CDATA/RDATA	Setting data	Setting data (copy of the command)

1. Send the following data and set the request code of the adjustment to be executed.

CCMD	= 0004 H
CADDRESS	= 2000H
CSIZE	= 0002 H

CDATA = Request code of the adjustment to be executed

When the slave station receives the command normally, CMDRDY of status field will be set to 1. Also check ERRCODE. If an error occurs, carry out the operation in step 4 to abort execution.

2. For adjustment that requires a preparation process, send the following data.

CCMĎ	= 0004H
CADDRESS	= 2001H
CSIZE	= 0002H
CDATA	= 0002H
CDAIA	000211

When the slave station receives the command normally, CMDRDY of status field will be set to 1. Also check ERRCODE. If an error occurs, carry out the operation in step 4 to abort execution.

3. Send the following data to execute adjustment.

CCMD	= 0004 H
CADDRESS	= 2001H
CSIZE	= 0002 H
	000111

CDATA = 0001H

When the slave station receives the command normally, CMDRDY of status field will be set to 1. Also check ERRCODE. If an error occurs, carry out the operation in step 4 to abort execution.

3.2.18 Monitor and Adjust Settings (ADJ: 3EH)

4. Send the following data to abort the execution.
CCMD = 0004H
CADDRESS = 2000H
CSIZE = 0002H
CDATA = 0000H
When the execution is aborted, CMDRDY of status field will be set to 1.

Note: If a communications alarm (A.E50 or A.E60) occurs after the request code has been set and before adjustment has been executed, the adjustment can not be carried out. Remove the cause of the alarm and restart the adjustment procedure.

#### (3) How to Send an ADJ Command for Monitoring Data

The table below lists the data that can be monitored.

Name	Reference Address	Data Size	Unit	Remarks
Motor capacity	C00FH (Lower- most) C010H (Upper- most)	2 bytes	[W]	
Motor voltage	C011H	2 bytes	[V]	
Motor rated speed	C01CH	2 bytes	Rotary motor: [×10 <sup>C01EH</sup> reference value min <sup>-1</sup> ] Linear motor: [×10 <sup>C01EH</sup> reference value mm / s]	
Motor max. speed	C01DH	2 bytes	Rotary motor: [×10 <sup>C01EH</sup> reference value min <sup>-1</sup> ] Linear motor: [×10 <sup>C01EH</sup> reference value mm / s]	
Motor speed exponent	C01EH	2 bytes	-	
Motor rated torque (force)	C01FH	2 bytes	Rotary servomotor: [×10 <sup>C021H</sup> reference value N•m] Linear servomotor: [×10 <sup>C021H</sup> reference value N]	
Motor torque (force) exponent	С021Н	2 bytes	-	
Encoder resolution	C022H (Lower- most) C023H (Upper- most)	2 bytes	Rotary servomotor: [pulse / rev] Linear servomotor: [pulse / pitch]	When fully- closed setting is enabled (Pn002.3≠0), the unit is [pulse / pitch]
Maximum motor torque (force) that can be output	E701H	2 bytes	[%]	
Motor max. output speed	С027Н	2 bytes	Rotary servomotor: [×10 <sup>C01EH</sup> reference value min <sup>-1</sup> ] Linear servomotor: [×10 <sup>C01EH</sup> reference value mm / s]	
Linear scale pitch	E084H	4 bytes	[×10 <sup>E 086H reference value</sup> pm / pitch]	For linear servo- motors only
Linear scale pitch exponent	Е086Н	2 bytes	-	For linear servo- motors only

#### ADJ Command Execution Procedure for Monitoring Data

	Command	Response
CCMD/CANS	CCMD = 03H	CANS = 03H (copy of the command)
CADDRESS	Reference address	Reference address (copy of the command)
CSIZE/ ERRCODE	– (Not required)	At normal reception: SIZE (2 or 4) At error occurrent: A value other than 2 and 4
CDATA/RDATA	- (Not required)	Reference data

Details of Command to Monitor Data

1. Set the reference address to be monitored, and send the ADJ command. CCMD = 0003H CADDRESS = Reference address

When the slave station receives the command normally, CMDRDY of status field will be see to 1. Also check ERRCODE.

2. When the command transmission is completed normally, CDATA of RSP will be read out for CSIZE to obtain the data.

Speed/Torque (Force) Data Normalization

The following data used in position, speed, or torque (force) control commands will be normalized:

Speed data:	VREF, VLIM :[maximum motor speed/40000000H]
Torque (force) data:	TFF/P_TLIM/N_TLIM/TLIM [maximum motor torque (force)/4000H] TQREF [maximum motor torque (force)/4000000H]

The maximum motor speed and maximum motor torque (force) used in the above data can be obtained by the following equations.

Maximum motor speed =	C027H reference value $\times$ 10	C01EH reference value	[Rotational servomotor: min-	1
-	Linear servomotor: mm/s]		-	

Maximum motor torque (force) = C01FH reference value ×  $10^{C021H}$  reference value × E701H reference value/100 [Rotational servomotor: N·m, Linear servomotor: N]

# Motion Commands for Operation

This chapter describes the MECHATROLINK-II commands needed to control motions.

4.1	Motion Commands List4	-2
4.2	Motion Commands Details4	-3
4	I.2.1 Stop Motion (HOLD: 25H)	-3
4	I.2.2 Set Latch Mode (LTMOD_ON: 28H)4	-5
4	I.2.3 Release Latch Mode (LTMOD_OFF: 29H)4	-8
4	I.2.4 Interpolation Feeding (INTERPOLATE: 34H)4	-9
4	I.2.5 Positioning (POSING: 35H)	11
4	I.2.6 Constant Speed Feeding (FEED: 36H)4-	13
4	I.2.7 Interpolation Feeding with Position Detection (LATCH: 38H)	15
4	I.2.8 External Input Positioning (EX_POSING: 39H)4-	17
4	I.2.9 Homing (ZRET: 3AH)	19
4	I.2.10 Velocity Control (VELCTRL: 3CH)4-2	21
4	I.2.11 Torque (Force) Control (TRQCTRL: 3DH)	23
# 4.1 Motion Commands List

The motion commands described in this chapter are listed below.

	Items	Command to Send	Description
	Stop Motion	HOLD	From current motion status, performs a deceleration stop in the set pattern and positioning.
	Set Latch Mode	LTMOD_ON	Requests the latch mode. If a latch signal is input in latch mode, position latching will be performed.
	Release Latch Mode	LTMOD_OFF	Releases the latch mode.
	Interpolation Feed I		Starts interpolation feeding.
Position Control	Positioning	POSING	Performs positioning to the target position (TPOS) at the tar- get speed (TSPD).
	Constant Speed Feed	FEED	Performs constant speed feeding in position by position con- trol.
	Interpolation Feeding with Position Detection	LATCH	Performs interpolation feeding and latches the position when a external signal is input.
	External Input Position- ing	EX_POSING	Moves toward the target position (TPOS) at the target speed (TSPD). When a latch signal is input midway, positioning is performed according to the final travel distance for external position specified in the parameter from the latch signal input position.
	Homing	ZRET	Performs a homing.
Speed Control	Velocity Control	VELCTRL	Controls speed. (The SERVOPACK does not perform position control, but directly controls the speed of the speed loop.)
Torque (Force) Control	Torque (Force) Control	TRQCTRL	Controls torque (force). (The SERVOPACK does not perform position control and speed control, but directly performs torque (force) control.)

# 4.2 Motion Commands Details

# **4.2.1** Stop Motion (HOLD: 25H)

## (1) HOLD Command (25H)

The HOLD command is used to perform a deceleration to stop from the current run status, at a deceleration ratio specified by the parameter for positioning.

Dute	HO	LD		Dece	··· - 4' - ···		
Byte	Command	Response	•	Desci	ipuon		
1	25H	25H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command	
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within commu- nications cycle	Subcommand	Cannot be used	
3	OPTION	STATUS	command.	_	stop specified by the		
5	HOLD MOD				firm position data or	utput completion.	
6			<ul><li>Option field can be used.</li><li>This command will cancel the latch processing specified by the LAT</li></ul>				
7		MONITOR1	or EX_POSING		tch processing and	7PET homing	
8			<ul> <li>This command will cancel ZRET latch processing and ZRET homing.</li> <li>Upon completion of execution of this command, the reference position (POS) must be read, and the controller coordinate system must be setup.</li> <li>The stopping method can be selected using HOLD_MOD. 0 = Stop according to the 1st or 2nd linear deceleration constant.</li> </ul>				
9							
10							
11		MONITOR2	1 = Stop immediately (stop reference output) 2 = Stop according to the linear deceleration constant for stopping				
12			2 – Stop according to the fillear acceleration constant for stoppin				
13	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2	•				
14		IO MON					
15							
16	WDT	RWDT					
17							
18							
19							
20							
21							
$\frac{22}{23}$	Subcommand	Subcommand					
23	area	area					
24							
26							
27							
28							
29							

4.2.1 Stop Motion (HOLD: 25H)

### (2) Related Parameters

Deceleration is specified by the following parameters.

Parameter No.	Name
Pn80D (Pn83A)	1st Linear Deceleration Constant
Pn80E (Pn83C)	2nd Linear Deceleration Constant
Pn80F (Pn83E)	Deceleration Constant Switching Speed
Pn827 (Pn840)	Linear Deceleration Constant for Stopping

Parameter number in parenthesis is when Pn833 = 1.

# **4.2.2** Set Latch Mode (LTMOD\_ON: 28H)

### (1) LTMOD\_ON Command (28H)

The LTMOD\_ON command is used to start latching the external signal input position data. Execution on the LTMOD\_ON command allows latch operation while a command such as POSING and VELCTRL is being executed.

Puto	LTMO	D_ON		Dooo	intion			
Byte	Command	Response		Descr	ipuon			
1	28H	28H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command		
2	LT_SGNL	ALARM	Processing time	Within commu- nications cycle	Subcommand	Can be used		
3		STATUS		o switch the latch m		n a signal selected		
5	LT_MOD		= 0: Normal latch mode (Latches the position data when a signal sele by LT_SGNL is input)					
6		MONITOR1			position data accord	ling to the values		
7		MONTORI	<ul> <li>set in Pn850 to Pn853</li> <li>Note: When LT_MOD ≠ 1, the normal latch mode is always selected.</li> <li>When CMDRDY = 1, this command has been received.</li> <li>Confirm that L_CMP of status field is set to 1 at completion of latchin</li> </ul>					
8								
9					SMON and POSIN			
10		MONITOR2	<ul> <li>command response, LPOS is forcefully returned to MONITOR 2 for one communications cycle.</li> <li>When there is no monitor data such as PRM_RD or ALM_RD appended to the command response, confirm that L_CMP of status field is set 1,</li> </ul>					
11								
12								
13	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2	1/2 then use a command that has monitor data such as SMON in the response and select LPOS to confirm.					
14		IO MON			hand will not be exe			
15					ode command (If th nmand such as EX			
16	WDT	RWDT	<ul> <li>sent while another latch mode command such as EX_POSING,</li> <li>LATCH, ZRET, and SVCTRL is being executed): Command warning 4</li> </ul>					
17			<ul> <li>LATCH, ZRET, and SVCTRL is being executed): Command warning (A.95D)</li> <li>LT MOD = 1 and Pn850 = 0: Data setting warning 5 (A.94E)</li> </ul>					
18			<ul> <li>Latch time lag</li> </ul>					
$\frac{19}{20}$					o latching start: 250 ansmission of a resp			
20			munications c			sonse. One com-		
21								
22	Subcommand	Subcommand						
23	area	area						
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
	I	1						

#### (2) Normal Latch Mode

In normal latch mode, the latch operation is started by sending an LTMOD\_ON command, and it is completed when the input position of the latch signal LT\_SGNL specified in the LTMOD\_ON command is latched To restart the latch operation, send the LTMOD\_OFF command once, then send the LTMODE\_ON command again. Use LT\_MOD in the LTMOD\_ON command to select either normal or continuous latch mode.

4.2.2 Set Latch Mode (LTMOD\_ON: 28H)

### (3) Continuous Latch Mode

This function sequentially latches the input positions of sequence signal 1 to sequence signal n (n = 1 to 8) for a specified number of times. The continuous latch operation can be aborted by executing the LTMOD\_OFF command. This function can shorten the time between latch completion and the start of the next latch, and enables sequential latch operations at high speed.



#### How to Start and Stop Continuous Latch Operation

Set the following parameters, and then set LT\_MOD to 1 to execute the LTMOD\_ON command. The continuous latch operation will start. To abort the operation, execute the LTMOD\_OFF command.

Pn850: Latch Sequence Number n

Pn851: Continuous Latch Count m (When m = 0, the continuous latch operation will be infinitely repeated.)

Pn852: Latch Sequence Signal 1 to 4 Setting

Pn853: Larch Sequence Signal 5 to 8 Setting

Note: If the LTMOD\_ON command is executed by setting Pn850 to 0 and LT\_MOD to 1, the latch mode error warning (A.94E) will occur and the latch operation will not start.

#### Latch Status

Latch completion can be confirmed by the following status.

[STATUS Field: The 3rd and 4th byte]

L\_CMP (D10): L\_CMP is set to 1 for one communications cycle every time the external signal is input.

[EX\_STATUS Field: The 28th and 29th byte]

L\_SEQ\_NO (D8-D11): The latch sequence signal number (value n) at latch completion

L\_CMP\_CNT (D0-D7): The continuous latch count (value m)

(Added at completion of position latch when the latch sequence signal n is input.)

Note: LPOS is forcibly output to MONITOR 2 for one communications cycle while L\_CMP = 1 every time the external signal is input.

#### Latched Position Data

The latest latched position data at completion of latching can be obtained by using the following monitor.

Name	Code	Remarks
Feedback Latch Position	LPOS	The latest latch signal input position

The previously latched position data can be obtained by using the following option monitor.

Name Code		Option Monitor Selection (Pn824 and Pn825)	
Option Monitor 1 and 2	OMN1, 2	80H: Previous latch signal input position	

#### (4) LT\_SGNL Specifications

Applicable Commands:

#### LATCH, EX POSING, ZRET, LTMOD ON (when Pn850=0), SVCTRL

The latch signals can be specified in the following latch signal (LT\_SGNL) field.

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
0	0	0	0	0	0	LT_S	GNL

D1	D0	Latch Signal	Signal Details
0	0	Phase C	Encoder origin signal
0	1	EXT1	External input signal 1
1	0	EXT2	External input signal 2
1	1	EXT3	External input signal 3

Note: The EXT2 and EXT3 cannot be used with DC power input  $\Sigma$ -V series SERVOPACKs (SGDV- $\Box\Box\Box$ E11).

#### (5) Related Parameters

The parameters related to latch operation are listed below.

Parameter No.	Name
Pn820	Forward Latching Allowable Area
Pn822	Reverse Latching Allowable Area
Pn850	Latch Sequence Number
Pn851	Continuous Latch Count
Pn852 and Pn853	Latch Sequence Signal Setting

Note 1. EXT1, EXT2, and EXT3 signals must be assigned as the input signals of CN1 by using the parameter Pn511. If they are not assigned, the latch operation will be undefined.

2. If encoders without phase C (origin signal) and linear scales are used and the phase C is selected, the latch operation will be undefined.

4.2.3 Release Latch Mode (LTMOD\_OFF: 29H)

# **4.2.3** Release Latch Mode (LTMOD\_OFF: 29H)

## (1) LTMOD\_OFF Command (29H)

The LTMOD\_OFF command is used to release the latch mode.

Duto	LTMOD_OFF			Deser	ription	
Byte	Command	Response	•	Desci	ipuon	
1	29Н	29Н	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within commu- nications cycle	Subcommand	Can be used
3		STATUS	received.		rm that this commar	nd has been
5				nax. to release the l	atch mode. e LATCH, ZRET, E	V DOSING or
6			SVCTRL comm	and is being execut	ted.	
7		MONITOR1	If used, the com	mand warning 4 (A	95D) will occur.	
8						
9			•			
10		MONITOR2				
11		MONITOR2				
12						
13	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2				
14		IO_MON				
15	WIDT					
16	WDT	RWDT				
17						
18						
20						
20						
22						
23	Subcommand	ommand Subcommand area area				
24	area					
25						
26						
27						
28						
29						

# **4.2.4** Interpolation Feeding (INTERPOLATE: 34H)

### (1) INTERPOLATE Command (34H)

The INTERPOLATE command is used to start interpolation feeding. Speed feed forward and torque (force) feed forward can be specified simultaneously.

Durte	INTERF	POLATE	Description				
Byte	Command	Response		Desci	ipuon		
1	34H	34H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 3	Synchronization classification	Synchronous command	
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within commu- nications cycle	Subcommand	Can be used	
3	OPTION	STATUS	OPTION field c				
4	Of HOI	SIAIOS	<ul> <li>Interpolation fee (TPOS) every control</li> </ul>	ommunications cyc	by specifying the tar le.	rget position	
5			The target positi	ion (TPOS) is a sign	ned 4-byte data.	1	
6	TPOS	MONITOR1			ncremental value (tr eference coordinate		
7	11 05	montrolli			rence units/s]) is a s		
8			• Either torque (for can be used. It c				
9			- TFF setting ra	nge: A signed 2-by	te data [maximum r		
10	VFF	MONITOR2	(force)/ 4000H Use the ADJ of		the maximum moto	r torque (force)	
11			- TLIM setting range: 0 to 4000H [maximum motor torque (force)/				
12			4000H] (If a value bet	FFFH is set the may	ximum motor		
13	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2	torque (force) will be applied as the limit.				
14	TFF/TLIM	IO_MON	<ul> <li>Use DEN (output ence output.</li> </ul>	ut complete) to cont	firm the completion	of position refer-	
15	NDT	DUIDT	• When a comman		witched to another c	ommand, the feed	
16	WDT	RWDT		VFF or TFF) will be		outed in the fol	
17			A warning will occur and the command will not be executed in the lowing cases.				
18				- If this command is used in communications phase other than phase Command warning 1 (A.95A)			
20					servo is OFF: Com	mand warning1	
20			(A.95A) The travel am	ount (Targat pagitia	n (TPOS) - Current	nosition (IDOS))	
21					ing warning 2 (A.94		
22	Subcommand	Subcommand			al operator for moto	r operations such	
23	area	area	as JUG: Com	mand warning 1 (A.	(73A)		
25							
25							
27							
28							
29							

4.2.4 Interpolation Feeding (INTERPOLATE: 34H)

### (2) Related Parameters

Either torque (force) feed forward (TFF) or torque (force) limit (TLIM) can be selected by setting the following parameters.

Parameter No.	Set Value	Meaning	
Pn81F	n.□□1□	Enables the torque (force) feed forward (TFF).	
Pn002	n.□□□2	- Enables the torque (force) reed forward (TTT).	
Pn81F	n.□□1□	Enables forward/reverse torque (force) limit using TLIM.	
Pn002	n.□□□1	Enables forward/reverse torque (force) minit using TEnivi.	
Pn81F	n.□□1□	When P_CL of OPTION field is set to 1: Uses TLIM as positive torque (force	
Pn002	n.□□□3	When N_CL of OPTION field is set to 1: Uses TLIM as negative torque (force) limit.	

# **4.2.5** Positioning (POSING: 35H)

# (1) POSING Command (35H)

The POSING command is used to start positioning to the target position (TPOS) at the target speed (TSPD).

D.	POS	SING	Description					
Byte	Command	Response	Description					
1	35Н	35H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command		
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within commu- nications cycle	Subcommand	Can be used		
3	OPTION	STATUS	<ul> <li>OPTION field can be selected.</li> <li>The target position (TPOS) is a signed 4-byte data.</li> </ul>					
5 6 7 8	TPOS	MONITOR1	<ul> <li>It is sent by using an absolute position in the reference coordinate syster Set the target position (TPOS) so that the movement distance (TPOS - IPOS) is 2,147,483,647 (= 2<sup>31</sup>-1) or less.</li> <li>Set the target speed (TSPD) to a value between 0 and the motor max. speed [reference unit/s].</li> <li>Changes can be made to the target position and target speed during mov ment.</li> <li>The torque (force) limit (TLIM) can be used by setting Pn81F and Pn00 - TLIM setting range: 0 to 4000H [maximum motor torque (force)/ 4000H] If TLIM is set to a value between 4000H and FFFFH, the maximum motor torque (force) will be applied as the limit. Use the ADJ command to obtain the maximum motor torque (force).</li> <li>Use DEN (output complete) to confirm the completion of position reference output.</li> <li>A warning will occur and the command will be ignored in the following</li> </ul>					
9 10 11 12	TSPD	MONITOR2						
13	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2						
<u>14</u> <u>15</u>	TLIM	IO_MON						
16	WDT	RWDT	case. - This comman	d is used while the	servo is OFF: Comm	nand warning 1		
$     \begin{array}{r}         17 \\         18 \\         19 \\         20 \\         21 \\         22 \\         23 \\         24 \\         25 \\         26 \\         27 \\         28 \\         29 \\         29         $	Subcommand area	Subcommand area	<ul><li>(A.95A)</li><li>The target spe (A.94B)</li><li>When using S</li></ul>	eed (TSPD) exceeds	the limit: Data setti al operator for moto	ing warning 2		

4.2.5 Positioning (POSING: 35H)

Positioning will be performed as illustrated below.



#### (2) Related Parameters

The parameters related to the execution of POSING command are listed below.

Parameter No.	Name
Pn80A (Pn834)	1st Linear Acceleration Constant
Pn80B (Pn836)	2nd Linear Acceleration Constant
Pn80C (Pn838)	Acceleration Constant Switching Speed
Pn80D (Pn83A)	1st Linear Deceleration Constant
Pn80E (Pn83C)	2nd Linear Deceleration Constant
Pn80F (Pn83E)	Deceleration Constant Switching Speed
Pn81F	Position Control Command TFF/TLIM Function Allocation
Pn002	Torque (Force) Reference Option During Speed/Position Control

Parameter number in parentheses is when Pn833=1.

Set the parameters as shown below to use TLIM.

Parameter No.	Set Value	Meaning			
Pn81F	n.□□1□	Enables forward/reverse torque (force) limit using TLIM.			
Pn002	n.□□□1	- Enables forward/reverse torque (force) mint using TENVI.			
Pn81F	n.□□1□	When P_CL of OPTION field is set to 1: Uses TLIM as positive torque (force) lim			
Pn002	n.□□□3	When N_CL of OPTION field is set to 1: Uses TLIM as negative torque (force) limit			

# **4.2.6** Constant Speed Feeding (FEED: 36H)

### (1) FEED Command (36H)

The FEED command is used to start constant speed feeding at the specified target speed (TSPD) by position control.

Use Stop Motion command (HOLD: 25H) to stop constant speed feeding executed by this command.

Dute	FE	ED	Description					
Byte	Command	Response	•	Desci	ipuon			
1	36Н	36Н	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command		
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within commu- nications cycle	Subcommand	Can be used		
3	OPTION	STATUS	<ul> <li>OPTION field can be selected.</li> <li>The target speed (TSPD) is a signed 4-byte data. The feeding direction</li> </ul>					
5 6 7 8		MONITOR1	<ul> <li>determined by the sign.</li> <li>Constant speed feeding is carried out at the specified target speed.</li> <li>TSPD setting range: From the negative (-) motor max. speed to the positive (+) motor max. speed [reference unit/s]</li> <li>Changes can be made to the target speed during movement.</li> <li>Change the target speed as required and send this command.</li> </ul>					
9					n be used by setting			
10			- TLIM setting 4000H]	ting range: 0 to 4000H [maximum motor torque (force)/				
11	TSPD	MONITOR2	<ul> <li>motor torque (force) will be applied as the limit. Use the ADJ command to obtain the maximum motor torque (force).</li> <li>Use the DEN (output complete) to confirm the completion of position reference output.</li> <li>A warning will occur and the command will not be executed in the fol-</li> </ul>					
12								
13	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2						
14	TLIM	IO MON						
15			lowing cases. - The command	l is used while the s	ervo is OFF: Comm	and warning 1		
16	WDT	RWDT	(A.95A)					
17			- The target speed (TSPD) exceeds the limit: Data setting warning 2 (A.94B)					
18				igmaWin or a digita nand warning 1 (A.	al operator for moto $95A$	r operations such		
$\frac{19}{20}$			<i>as 500.</i> com	nand warning T (A	())A)			
20								
21								
23	Subcommand	Subcommand	and					
24	area	area						
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								

4.2.6 Constant Speed Feeding (FEED: 36H)

Constant speed feeding is performed as illustrated below.



#### (2) Related Parameters

The parameters related to the execution of this command are listed below.

Parameter number in parentheses is when Pn833 = 1.

Parameter No.	Name		
Pn80A (Pn834)1st Linear Acceleration Constant			
Pn80B (Pn836)	2nd Linear Acceleration Constant		
Pn80C (Pn838)	Acceleration Constant Switching Speed		
Pn81F	Position Control Command TFF/TLIM Function Allocation		
Pn002	Torque (Force) Reference Option During Speed/Position Control		

Set the parameters as shown below to use TLIM.

Parameter No.	Set Value	Meaning			
Pn81F	0010	– Enables torque (force) limit (TLIM).			
Pn002	n.□□□1	- Enables torque (Torce) minit (TETM).			
Pn81F	n.□□1□	When P_CL of OPTION field is set to 1: Uses TLIM as positive torque (force) lin			
Pn002	n.□□□3	When N_CL of OPTION field is set to 1: Uses TLIM as negative torque (force) limit.			

#### Interpolation Feeding with Position Detection (LATCH: 38H) 4.2.7

#### (1) LATCH Command (38H)

The LATCH command is used to start interpolation feeding and to latch the current position when the external signal is input during positioning. Speed feed forward, torque (force) feed forward, and torque (force) limit can be applied.

<b>D</b> uto	LAT	СН	Description					
Byte	Command	Response		Desci	ipuon			
1	38H	38H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 3	Synchronization classification	Synchronous command		
2	LT_SGNL	ALARM	Processing time	Within commu- nications cycle	Subcommand	Can be used		
3	OPTION	STATUS	• Use LT_SGNL to select the latch signal. For details on LT_SGNL, refer to 7.1.6 LT_SGNL Specifications.					
5 6 7 8	TPOS	MONITOR1	<ul> <li>The position data when the latch signal is input is stored in the feedback latch position (LPOS) and is forcibly output to MONITOR2 for one communications cycle.</li> <li>OPTION field can be used.</li> <li>Interpolation feeding is performed by specifying the target position (TPOS) every communications cycle.</li> </ul>					
9 10 11 12	VFF	MONITOR2	<ul> <li>The target position (TPOS) is a signed 4-byte data. Note: The target position is not an incremental value (travel amount), but the absolute position in the reference coordinate system.</li> <li>The speed feed forward (VEF [reference units/s]) is a signed 4-byte data.</li> <li>Either torque (force) feed forward (TFF) or torque (force) limit (TLIM) can be used. It can be selected by setting Pn81F and Pn002.</li> <li>TLIM setting range: 0 to 4000H [maximum motor torque (force)/4000H] (If a value between 4000H and FFFFH is set, the maximum motor torque (force) will be applied as the limit.) Use the ADJ command to obtain the maximum motor torque (force).</li> </ul>					
13	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2						
14 15	TFF/TLIM	IO_MON						
16	WDT	RWDT	- TFF setting ra	nge: A signed 2-by				
$     \begin{array}{r}         17 \\         18 \\         19 \\         20 \\         21 \\         22 \\         23 \\         24 \\         25 \\         26 \\         27 \\         28 \\         29 \\         29         $	Subcommand area	Subcommand area	<ul> <li>TFF setting range: A signed 2-byte data [maximum motor torque (force)/4000H]</li> <li>Use DEN (output complete) to confirm the completion of position reference output.</li> <li>When a command in execution is switched to another command, the feed forward values (VFF and TFF) will be cleared.</li> <li>A warning will occur and the command will not be executed in the following cases.</li> <li>The command is used in a phase other than phase 3: Command warning 1 (A.95A)</li> <li>The command is sent while the servo is OFF: Command warning 1 (A.95A)</li> <li>The travel amount (Target position (TPOS) - Current position (IPOS)) exceeds the limit: Data setting warning 2 (A.94B)</li> <li>When using SigmaWin or a digital operator for motor operations such as JOG: Command warning 1 (A.95A)</li> <li>Latch time lag</li> <li>From reception of the command to latching start: 250 µs max.</li> <li>From completion of latching to transmission of a response: One communications cycle max.</li> </ul>					

4.2.7 Interpolation Feeding with Position Detection (LATCH: 38H)

### (2) Related Parameters

The parameters related to the execution of LATCH command are listed below.

Parameter No.	Name
Pn820	Forward Latching Allowable Area
Pn822 Reverse Latching Allowable Area	
Pn81F	Position Control Command TFF/TLIM Function Allocation
Pn002	Torque (Force) Reference Option during Speed/Position Control

Either torque (force) feed forward (TFF) or torque (force) limit (TLIM) can be selected by setting the following parameters.

Parameter No.	Set Value	Meaning	
Pn81F	n.□□1□	Enables the torque (force) feed forward (TFF).	
Pn002	n.□□□2	Lindoles the torque (101ee) feed forward (111).	
Pn81F	n.□□1□	– Enables forward/reverse torque (force) limit using TLIM.	
Pn002	n.□□□1		
Pn81F	n.□□1□	When P_CL of OPTION field is set to 1: Uses TLIM as positive torque (force) I	
Pn002	n.□□□3	When N_CL of OPTION field is set to 1: Uses TLIM as negative torque (force) limit.	

# **4.2.8** External Input Positioning (EX\_POSING: 39H)

## (1) EX\_POSING Command (39H)

The EX\_POSING command is used to start positioning to the target position (TPOS) at the target speed (TSPD). When a latch signal is input midway, positioning is performed according to the final travel distance for external positioning from the latch signal input position. When no latch signal is input, positioning is performed for the target position (TPOS).

Dute	EX_PO	DSING	Description					
Byte	Command	Response	•	Desci	ription			
1	39Н	39Н	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command		
2	LT_SGNL	ALARM	Processing time	Within commu- nications cycle	Subcommand	Can be used		
3	OPTION	STATUS		to select the latch sig		-: (		
4	of non	511105			.1.6 LT_SGNL Spectioning is performed			
5					itioning specified in			
6	TPOS	MONITOR1			latch signal input po and is forcibly output			
7	1105	Montroitti	the feedback latch position (LPOS) and is forcibly output to MONITOR2 for one communications cycle.					
8			When no latch signal is input, positioning is performed for the specified target position (TPOS).					
9			• OPTION field c		141 - 17 - 1			
10	TSPD	MONITOR2		he target position (TPOS) is a signed 4-byte data, and the absolute posi- on in reference coordinate system.				
11	151D	MONITOR2	Set the target position (TPOS) so that the travel distance (TPOS - IPOS)					
12			<ul><li>is a value of 31 bits (24) or less.</li><li>The target speed (TSPD) is an unsigned 4-byte data.</li></ul>					
13	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2	Set a value in the range between 0 and the motor max. speed [reference					
14	TLIM	IO_MON	<ul><li>unit/s].</li><li>The target position and target speed can be changed during positioning</li></ul>					
16	WDT	RWDT	executed by this command. However, any change in the target position and/or target speed after the					
17			<ul> <li>It is not end of an and of an area of area</li></ul>					
18					maximum motor to			
19			4000H]					
20			If a value between 4000H and FFFFH is set, the maximum motor torque (force) will be applied as the limit.					
21			Use the ADJ command to obtain the maximum motor torque (force). • Use DEN (output complete) to confirm the completion of position refer-					
22			• Use DEN (outp) ence output.	ut complete) to con	firm the completion	of position refer-		
23	Subcommand	Subcommand	• When the comm		switched from this			
24	area	area	formed for the s	nd, latching will be pecified target posi	canceled and position (TPOS).	oning will be per-		
25			• A warning will occur and the comman		cuted in the fol-			
26			lowing cases. - This comman	d is used when the s	servo is OFF <sup>.</sup> Comn	nand warning 1		
27			- This command is used when the servo is OFF: Command way (A.95A)					
28			- The target spe (A.94B)	ed (TSPD) exceeds	the limit: Data setti	ing warning 2		
29				<ul> <li>(A.94B)</li> <li>When using SigmaWin or a digital operator for motor operations suc as JOG: Command warning 1 (A.95A)</li> </ul>				

4.2.8 External Input Positioning (EX\_POSING: 39H)

### (2) Operation

The operation executed by EX\_POSING command is illustrated below.



When the latch signal is input Positioning to the position: Latch signal input position LPOS + Final Travel Distance for External Positioning (Pn814)

When the latch signal is not input Positioning to the specified target position TPOS

### (3) Related Parameters

The parameters related to the execution of EX\_POSING command are listed below.

Parameter No.	Name	Parameter No.	Name
Pn80A (Pn834)	1st Linear Acceleration Con- stant	Pn80F (Pn83E)	Deceleration Constant Switching Speed
Pn80B (Pn836)	2nd Linear Acceleration Con- stant	Pn814	Final Travel Distance for External Positioning
Pn80C (Pn838)	Acceleration Constant Switching Speed	Pn820	Forward Latching Allowable Area
Pn80D (Pn83A)	1st Linear Deceleration Con- stant	Pn822	Reverse Latching Allowable Area
Pn80E (Pn83C)	2nd Linear Deceleration Con- stant	Pn81F	Position Control Command TLIM Function Allo- cation
_	_	Pn002	Torque (Force) Reference Option during Speed/ Position Control

Parameter number in parentheses is when Pn833 = 1.

Set the parameters as shown below to use TLIM.

Parameter No.	Set Value	Meaning			
Pn81F	n.□□1□	Enables positive/negative torque (force) limit (TLIM).			
Pn002	n.□□□1	- Enables positive/negative torque (torce) mint (TENM).			
Pn81F	n.□□1□	When P_CL of OPTION field is set to 1: Uses TLIM as positive torque (force) lin			
Pn002	n.□□□3	When N_CL of OPTION field is set to 1: Uses TLIM as negative torque (force) limit.			

# **4.2.9** Homing (ZRET: 3AH)

### (1) ZRET Command (3AH)

The ZRET command is used to perform homing motion in the following sequence.

- 1. Accelerates to the target speed (TSPD) in the direction specified in Pn816 (Homing Direction).
- 2. Decelerates to the homing approach speed 1 (Pn817 or Pn842) at the DEC = 1.
- 3. Latch operation will start at the DEC = 0.
- 4. When a latch signal is input, positioning is performed to define the target position at the homing approach speed 2 (Pn818 or Pn844). The target position is calculated by adding the final travel distance for homing (Pn819). After the completion of positioning, the coordinate system is set so that the position reached is 0.

Dute	ZR	ET	Description				
Byte	Command	Response		Desci	ription		
1	3AH	ЗАН	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command	
2	LT_SGNL	ALARM	Processing time	Within commu- nications cycle	Subcommand	Can be used	
3 4	OPTION	STATUS	<ul> <li>Use LT_SGNL to select the latch signal. For details on LT_SGNL, refer to 7.1.6 LT_SGNL Specifications. When the latch signal is input, positioning is performed to define the target position at the homing approach speed 2 (Pn818). The target position is calculated by adding the homing final travel distance (Pn819). The position data is recorded as the feedback latch position (LPOS) of the machine coordinate system, and the LPOS will forcibly be indicated as the MONITOR2 for one communications cycle. When the latch signal is input, L CMP of STATUS field is set to 1, and</li> </ul>				
		MONITOR1					
9 10 11 12	TSPD	MONITOR2	<ul> <li>when the fatch signal is input, L_CMP of STATUS field is set to 1, and then reset to 0 at the completion of homing. Therefore, when the homing final travel distance is short, the duration L_CMP = 1 is too short so that the status L_CMP = 1 can not be confirmed.</li> <li>OPTION field can be used.</li> <li>Set the target speed (TSPD) to a value in the range between 0 and the motor max. speed [reference unit/s].</li> </ul>				
13	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2					
14 15	TLIM	IO_MON					
16	WDT	RWDT	torque will be	applied as the limit	t.		
$     \begin{array}{r}         17 \\         18 \\         19 \\         20 \\         21 \\         22 \\         23 \\         24 \\         25 \\         26 \\         27 \\         28 \\         29 \\         29         $	Subcommand area	Subcommand area	<ul> <li>torque will be applied as the limit. Use the ADJ command to obtain the maximum motor torque (force).</li> <li>Use DEN (output complete) and ZPOINT (home position) to confirm the completion of position reference output.</li> <li>If any of the following commands is received during execution of ZRET command, homing motion will be interrupted. DISCONNECT, SYNC_SET, CONFIG, HOLD, SV_OFF, INTERPO-LATE, POSING, FEED, LATCH, EX_POSING, VELCTRL, TRQCTRL, SVCTRL</li> <li>When a command other than the above commands is received, homing operation will continue.</li> <li>A warning will occur and the command will be ignored in the following cases.</li> <li>This command is used while the servo is OFF.: Command warning 1 (A.95A)</li> <li>The target speed (TSPD) exceeds the limit: Data setting warning 2 (A.94B)</li> <li>When using SigmaWin or a digital operator for motor operations such as JOG: Command warning 1 (A.95A)</li> </ul>				

4.2.9 Homing (ZRET: 3AH)

### (2) Operation

The motion executed by ZRET command is illustrated below.



#### (3) Related Parameters

The parameters related to ZRET command are listed below.

Parameter number in parentheses is when Pn833 = 1.

Parameter No.	Name	Parameter No.	Name
Pn816	Homing Direction	Pn002	Torque (Force) Reference Option during Speed/Position Control
Pn817	Haming Among the Strend 1*]	Pn80A (Pn834)	1st Linear Acceleration Constant
Pn842	Homing Approach Speed 1 <sup>*1</sup>	Pn80B (Pn836)	2nd Linear Acceleration Constant
Pn818	Homing Approach Speed 2 <sup>*2</sup>	Pn80C (Pn838)	Acceleration Constant Switching Speed
Pn844	Homing Approach Speed 2	Pn80D (Pn83A)	1st Linear Deceleration Constant
Pn819	Final Travel Distance for Homing	Pn80E (Pn83C)	2nd Linear Deceleration Constant
Pn820	Forward Latching Allowable Area	Pn80F (Pn83E)	Deceleration Constant Switching Speed
Pn822	Reverse Latching Allowable Area	Pn81F	Position Control Command TLIM Func- tion Allocation

\*1. The value of Pn842 is effective only when the value of Pn817 is 0.

\*2. The value of Pn844 is effective only when the value of Pn818 is 0.

Set the parameters as shown below to use TLIM.

Parameter No.	Set Value	Meaning	
Pn81F	n.□□1□	Enables positive/negative torque (force) limit (TLIM).	
Pn002	n.□□□1	Enables positive negative torque (roree) mint (TEIN).	
Pn81F	n.□□1□	When P_CL of OPTION field is set to 1: Uses TLIM as positive torque (force) limit.	
Pn002	n.□□□3	When N_CL of OPTION field is set to 1: Uses TLIM as negative torque (force) limit.	

# **4.2.10** Velocity Control (VELCTRL: 3CH)

## (1) VELCTRL Command (3CH)

The VELCTRL command is used to control speed. (The Servo does not perform position control, but directly controls the speed of the speed loop.)

Duto	VELO	CTRL	Description					
Byte	Command	Response		Desci	ipuon			
1	3СН	3СН	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command		
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within commu- nications cycle	Subcommand	Can be used		
3	OPTION	STATUS	<ul> <li>OPTION field can be used.</li> <li>VREF is a speed reference and has a signed 4-byte data. The unit for speed reference is [maximum motor speed/40000000H]. The direction is</li> </ul>					
5	P_TLIM /TFF	MONITOR1	<ul> <li>speed reference is [maximum motor speed/40000000H]. The direction specified by the sign.</li> <li>Soft-start function can be used. See (2)Soft Start Function on the next page for details on soft-start.</li> <li>Either torque (force) limit (P_TLIM, N_TLIM) or torque (force) feed for ward (TFF) can be used. Use Pn002 to select.</li> <li>TI M softing renew: 0 to 4000U [maximum motor torque (force)]</li> </ul>					
7 8	N_TLIM							
	VREF	MONITOR2	<ul> <li>TLIM setting range: 0 to 4000H [maximum motor torque (force)/ 4000H]</li> <li>(If a value between 4000H to FFFFH is set, the maximum motor torque (force) will be applied as the limit. Use the ADJ command to obtain the maximum motor torque (force).</li> <li>TFF setting range: A signed 2-byte data [maximum motor torque</li> </ul>					
13	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2	(force)/4000H]					
14 15		IO_MON						
16	WDT	RWDT	1: Zero speed	d detected				
17 18			<ul> <li>D7: V_CMP (speed coincidence bit)</li> <li>0: Speed coincidence not detected</li> <li>1: Speed coincidence detected</li> <li>• Monitor (MONITOR 1, 2, 3, 4)</li> </ul>					
19 20					DP is [maximum m	otor speed /		
21								
22	Subcommand	Subcommand						
23	area	area						
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								

4.2.10 Velocity Control (VELCTRL: 3CH)

### (2) Soft Start Function

The soft start function converts input speed references from sudden step progression to steady diagonal progression. Set the acceleration speed and deceleration speed in the following parameters.

Use this function to achieve a smooth speed control in speed control mode (excluding internal set speed selection).

	Soft Start Acceleration Time: Time of period the motor speed reaches the maximum from zero (the stop status)					
Pn305	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	0 to 10000	1 ms	0	Immediately		
	Soft Start Deceleration Time: Time of period the motor speed decreases to zero (stop status) from the maximum.					
Pn306	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled		
	0 to 10000	1 ms	0	Immediately		



Note: For normal speed control, set Pn305 and Pn306 to 0 (factory setting).

### (3) Torque (Force) Reference Option

The settings of the parameters related to the torque (force) reference option for VELCTRL command are listed below.

Parameter		Description
n. DDD The set values of P_TLIM and N_TLIM are invalid. (fac		The set values of P_TLIM and N_TLIM are invalid. (factory setting)
	n.□□□1	Uses the set value of P_TLIM/N_TLIM as forward/reverse torque (force) limit.
Pn002	n.□□□2	Uses TFF as the torque (force) feed forward. Set N_TLIM to 0.
	n.□□□3	When P_CL of OPTION field is set to 1, uses P_TLIM as the torque (force) limit. When N_CL of OPTION field is set to 1, uses N_TLIM as the torque (force) limit.

# 4.2.11 Torque (Force) Control (TRQCTRL: 3DH)

# (1) TRQCTRL (3DH)

The TRQCTRL command is used to control torque (force). (The Servo does not perform position control and speed control, but directly performs torque (force) control.)

Dete	TRQ	CTRL	_ Description				
Byte	Command	Response		Desci	iption		
1	3DH	3DH	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command	
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within commu- nications cycle	Subcommand	Can be used	
3	OPTION	STATUS	<ul> <li>OPTION field can be used.</li> <li>VLIM is a speed limit value and has an unsigned 4-byte data.</li> </ul>				
			The unit for the	speed limit is [max	imum motor speed		
5			(Set Pn002 to en Use the ADJ co		e maximum motor s	speed.	
7	VLIM	MONITOR1	• TQREF is a toro	que (force) referenc	e and has a signed 4	-byte data.	
8			The unit for torque (force) reference is [maximum motor torque (force)/ 40000000H]. The direction is specified by the sign.				
9			When the designation for TQREF exceeds the maximum motor torque (force), it is clamped at the maximum motor torque (force).				
10	TODEE	MONUTODA	Use ADJ comm	and to obtain the m	aximum motor torq	ue (force).	
11	TQREF	MONITOR2	• During execution of this command, the following bits of STATUS field are allocated.				
12			D11: V_LIM (speed limit bit) 0: Speed limit not detected				
13	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2					
14		IO_MON	The unit for TR	Q is [maximum mo	tor torque (force)/40	0000000H].	
15		DUIDT					
16	WDT	RWDT					
17 18							
19							
20							
21							
22							
23	Subcommand	Subcommand					
24	area	area					
25							
26							
27							
28							
29							

4.2.11 Torque (Force) Control (TRQCTRL: 3DH)

### (2) Speed Limit Option 1

#### When Using a Rotational Servomotor

Use Pn407 (Speed Limit during Torque Control) to set the speed limit.

	Speed Limit during Torque Control				
Pn407	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 10000	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	10000	Immediately	

Note: If a speed higher than the maximum speed of the connected servomotor is set, the servomotor speed will be limited to its maximum speed.

#### When Using a Linear Servomotor

Use Pn480 (Speed Limit during Force Control) to set the speed limit.

	Speed Limit during Force Control				
Pn480	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	
	0 to 5000	mm/s	5000	Immediately	

Note: If a speed higher than the maximum speed of the connected linear servomotor is set, the linear servomotor speed will be limited to its maximum speed.

#### (3) Speed Limit Option 2

Set the following parameter to enable VLIM (Speed Limit) specified in TRQCTRL command.

Pa	arameter	Description
Pn002	n.□□0□	Disables VLIM. (factory setting)
111002	n.□□1□	Enables VLIM (Uses VLIM as the speed limit.)

# **Command Related Parameters**

This chapter describes parameter settings related to each command action.

5.1	Command Related Parameters List	5-2
5.2	Command Related Parameters Details	5-4
	5.2.1 Electronic Gear Setting	5-4
	(1) Electronic Gear	5-4
	(2) Setting the Electronic Gear Ratio	5-5
	5.2.2 Motion Acceleration/Deceleration Function Setting	5-6
	(1) Linear Acceleration/Deceleration Function	5-6
	(2) Position Reference Filter	5-7
	(3) Linear Deceleration Speed Setting for Commands to Stop a Motor	5-8
	5.2.3 Motion Sequence Setting	5-10
	(1) Settings for EX_POSING Command	
	(2) Settings for ZRET Command	5-10
	5.2.4 Command Data Options	5-11
	(1) Torque (Force) Limiting Function	5-11
	(2) Torque (Force) Feed Forward Function	5-12
	(3) Speed Limiting Function During Torque (Force) Control	5-12
	(4) OPTION Field Allocation	5-13
	5.2.5 Position Data Latch Function Setting	5-15
	(1) Latching Allowable Area	5-15
	(2) Continuous Latch Function	5-15
	5.2.6 Acceleration/Deceleration Parameter High-speed Switching Function	5-18
	5.2.7 STATUS Field and Monitor Related Settings	5-21
	(1) STATUS Field Status Detection Level Setting	5-21
	(2) I/O Monitor Field Signal Allocation	5-23
	(3) Option Monitor Setting	5-24

# **5.1** Command Related Parameters List

This chapter describes the following parameters related to command actions.

Classification	Parameter	Name	Description	
	Pn20E, Pn210	Electronic Gear Ratio	Sets the unit of position data.	
	Pn000	Direction Selection	Sets the servomotor rotation direction.	
	Pn50A, Pn50B	Overtravel Signal Setting		
Settings Accord- ing to Machine	Pn801	Software Limit Function Setting	Sets the overtravel function and software limit operation.	
C	Pn804, Pn806	Software Limit	•	
	Pn808	Absolute Encoder Origin Offset	Sets the origin when using an absolute encoder.	
	Pn833	Motion Setting		
	Pn80A, Pn834	1st Linear Acceleration Constant		
	Pn80B, Pn836	2nd Linear Acceleration Constant		
	Pn80C, Pn838	Acceleration Constant Switching Speed	Sets the acceleration/deceleration speed for POSING, EX_POSING, FEED, ZRET,	
	Pn80D, Pn83A	1st Linear Deceleration Constant	HOLD commands	
Motion Accelera-	Pn80E, Pn83C	2nd Linear Deceleration Constant		
tion/ Deceleration	Pn80F, Pn83E	Deceleration Constant Switching Speed		
Function Settings	Pn827, Pn840	Linear Deceleration Constant for Stopping	Sets the deceleration speed for HOLD, SV OFF commands.	
	Pn829	SVOFF Waiting Time	SV_OFF commands.	
	Pn810	Exponential Function Accelera- tion/Deceleration Bias	Sets the position reference filter.	
	Pn811	Exponential Function Accelera- tion/Deceleration Time Constant		
	Pn812	Movement Average Time		
	Pn814	Final Travel Distance for External Positioning	Sets the travel distance after the external signal is input for positioning.	
Motion Sequence	Pn816	Homing Mode Setting		
Setting	Pn817, Pn818, Pn842, Pn844	Homing Approach Speed	Sets the homing operation.	
	Pn819	Final Travel Distance for Homing		
	Pn81F, Pn002	Torque (Force) Reference Options for Speed/Position Control	Sets the usage of torque (force) limit and torque (force) feed forward during position/ speed control.	
Command Data Option Setting	Pn002 Pn407, Pn480	Speed Limit during Torque (Force) Control	Sets the usage of speed limit during torque (force) control.	
	Pn81F, Pn82A to Pn82E	OPTION Field Allocation	Selects function bits to be assigned in OPTION field.	
	Pn820, Pn822	Latching Allowable Area	Sets the range to latch position data.	
Position Data Latch Function Setting	Pn850	Latch Sequence Number		
	Pn851	Continuous Latch Count	Sets continuous latch operation executed by LTMOD_ON command.	
	Pn852, Pn853	Latch Sequence Signal Selection		
Acceleration/	Pn900	Parameter Bank Number		
Deceleration	Pn901	Parameter Bank Member Number	Sate the appealance in the appealance in the second s	
Parameter High- speed Switching	Pn902 to Pn910	Parameter Bank Member Defini- tion	Sets the acceleration/deceleration parameter high-speed switching function.	
Function Setting	Pn920 to Pn95F	Parameter Bank Data	1	
		t		

Classification	Parameter	Name	Description
	Pn803	Origin Range	
	Pn522	Positioning Completed Width	Sate the following monitoring items
~~~~~	Pn524	NEAR Signal Width	<ul><li>Sets the following monitoring items.</li><li>STATUS field signal status detection</li></ul>
STATUS Field and Monitor	Pn502, Pn581	Rotation Detection Level	level
Related Settings	Pn503, Pn582	Speed Coincidence Signal Output Width	<ul> <li>Input signal allocation to the D12 to D15 bits of I/O Monitor field</li> <li>Data mapping to option monitors</li> </ul>
	Pn81E	Input Signal Monitor Selection	Dut mapping to option momons
	Pn824, Pn825	Option Monitor Selection	

5.2.1 Electronic Gear Setting

# **5.2** Command Related Parameters Details

# 5.2.1 Electronic Gear Setting

### (1) Electronic Gear

The electronic gear enables the workpiece travel distance per input reference pulse from the host controller to be set to any value. The minimum position data moving a load is called a reference unit.

To move a workpiece 10 mm:
Workpiece Encoder resolution (20 bit) 1048576 Ball screw pitch: 6 mm
When the Electronic Gear is Not Used:
(1) Calculate the revolutions. 1 revolution is 6 mm. Therefore, $10 \div 6 = 1.6666667$ revolutions.
<ul> <li>(2) Calculate the required reference pulses.</li> <li>1048576 pulses is 1 revolution. Therefore, 1.6666667 × 1048576 = 1747627.01 pulses.</li> </ul>
③ Input 1747627 pulses as reference pulses.
Reference pulses must be calculated per reference. $\rightarrow$ complicated
When the Electronic Gear is Used:
The reference unit is 1 $\mu$ m. Therefore, to move the workpiece 10 mm (10000 $\mu$ m), 1 pulse = 1 $\mu$ m, so 10000 $\div$ 1 = 10000 pulses. Input 10000 pulses as reference pulses.
Calculation of reference pulses per reference is not required. $\rightarrow$ simplified

## (2) Setting the Electronic Gear Ratio

Use the parameters Pn20E and Pn210 to set the electronic gear ratio.

	Electronic Gear Ratio (Numerator)			Position	Classification	
Pn20E	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	Clacomodion	
	1 to 1073741824 (2 <sup>30</sup> )	_	4	After restart	Setup	
	Electronic Gear Ratio (Denominator)			Position	Classification	
Pn210	Setting Range	Setting Unit	Factory Setting	When Enabled	0.000.000.000	
	1 to 1073741824 (2 <sup>30</sup> )	_	1	After restart	Setup	

If the decelerator ratio of the motor and load shaft is given as n/m, where m is the rotation of the motor and n is the rotation of the load shaft,

Electronic goar ratio	В	Pn20E	Encoder resolution		m
Electronic gear ratio	A	Pn210	Travel distance per load shaft rotation (reference unit)	×	n

### Encoder Resolution

Encoder resolution can be checked with servomotor model designation.

SGMOV-DODQDOD

Sumbol	Creation	Encoder Decelutions
Symbol	Specification	Encoder Resolutions
3	20-bit absolute	1048576
D	20-bit incremental	1048576
А	13-bit incremental	8192

#### SGMPS -0000000

 Symbol	Specification	Encoder Resolutions
2	17-bit absolute	131072
С	17-bit incremental	131072



Electronic gear ratio setting range:  $0.001 \le$  Electronic gear ratio (B/A)  $\le$  4000 If the electronic gear ratio is outside this range, a parameter setting error (A.040) will be output. 5.2.2 Motion Acceleration/Deceleration Function Setting

### 5.2.2 Motion Acceleration/Deceleration Function Setting

This section describes the parameters used to set the acceleration/deceleration function for motion commands for positioning.

#### (1) Linear Acceleration/Deceleration Function

Use the following parameters to set the acceleration/deceleration constants used to execute POSING, FEED, EX\_POSING, ZRET, or HOLD commands.

The 1st digit of Pn833 is used to switch the parameters used for acceleration/deceleration: the parameters Pn80A to Pn80F and Pn827 or the parameters Pn834 to Pn840.



#### Acceleration/Deceleration Constant Switching Setting

Parameter		Meaning	Factory Setting
Pn833	n.□□□0	Use parameters Pn80A to Pn80F and Pn827. (Parameters Pn834 to Pn840 are invalid.)	n.□□□0
P11833	n.□□□1	Use parameters Pn834 to Pn840. (Parameters Pn80A to Pn80F and Pn827 are invalid.)	

Note: The setting will be validated by turning the power supply OFF and then ON again, or by executing the CONFIG command.

#### Acceleration/Deceleration Parameters when Pn833=n.□□□0

Parameter No.	Name	Data Size (byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn80A	1st Linear Acceleration Constant 1	2	1 to 65535	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn80B	2nd Linear Acceleration Constant 1	2	1 to 65535	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn80C	Acceleration Constant Switching Speed 1	2	0 to 65535	100 reference units/s	0
Pn80D	1st Linear Deceleration Constant 1	2	1 to 65535	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn80E	2nd Linear Deceleration Constant 1	2	1 to 65535	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn80F	Deceleration Constant Switching Speed 1	2	0 to 65535	100 reference units/s	0
Pn827	Linear Deceleration Constant 1 for Stopping	2	0 to 65535	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100

Parameter No.	Name	Data Size (byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn834	1st Linear Acceleration Constant 2	4	1 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn836	2nd Linear Acceleration Constant 2	4	1 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn838	Acceleration Constant Switching Speed 2	4	0 to 2097152000	Reference unit/s	0
Pn83A	1st Linear Deceleration Constant 2	4	1 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn83C	2nd Linear Deceleration Constant 2	4	1 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn83E	Deceleration Constant Switching Speed 2	4	0 to 2097152000	Reference unit/s	0
Pn840	Linear Deceleration Constant 2 for Stopping	4	0 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100

#### ■ Acceleration/Deceleration Parameters when Pn833=n.□□□1

Note: If the deceleration distance exceeds 1073741823 reference units during positioning, the motor cannot be accelerated to the target speed TSPD specified in the motion command. Set the parameter for deceleration speed to a value that satisfies the following equation.

<u>Deceleration speed [reference unit/s<sup>2</sup>]>Max. command speed<sup>2</sup> [reference unit/s] / (Max. deceleration distance [reference unit] × 2)</u>

### (2) Position Reference Filter

A filter can be applied to the position reference output of a positioning command such as INTERPOLATE, LATCH, POSING, FEED, EX\_POSINT, ZRET, and HOLD.

#### Position Reference Filter Setting Parameters

Parameter No.	Name	Data Size (byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn810	Exponential Function Acceleration/Decelera- tion Bias	2	0 to 65535	100 reference units/s	0
Pn811	Exponential Function Acceleration/Decelera- tion Time Constant	2	0 to 5100	0.1 ms	0
Pn812	Movement Average Time	2	0 to 5100	0.1 ms	0





Exponential Function Acceleration/Deceleration Curve

Movement Average Time Curve

5.2.2 Motion Acceleration/Deceleration Function Setting

#### Position Reference Filter Type Selection

Use the ACCFIL bit of the OPTION field to specify the position reference filter type.

ACCFIL	Meaning
0	Without position reference filter
1	Exponential function acceleration/deceleration position reference filter
2	Movement average time position reference filter

Information: While a position reference is being output (STATUS.DEN = 0), the parameter or the filter type cannot be changed. Wait for completion of the position reference output (STATUS.DEN = 1) to change the setting.

#### (3) Linear Deceleration Speed Setting for Commands to Stop a Motor

Set the deceleration speed when using either of the following commands to stop a motor.

- HOLD (When HOLD\_MOD = 2)
- SV\_OFF (When Pn829  $\neq$  0)

#### Setting for Deceleration to a Stop by Executing HOLD Command (HOLD\_MOD = 2)



The parameter number in	parentheses	is when	Pn833 = 1.
The parameter namber in	paronalouou	10 111011	1110000 1.

Parameter No.	Name	Data Size (byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn827	Linear Deceleration Constant 1 for Stopping	2	0 to 65535	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn840	Linear Deceleration Constant 2 for Stopping	4	0 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100

#### Setting for Deceleration to a Stop by Executing SV\_OFF Command

When SV\_OFF command is executed while a motor is running, the servo can be turned OFF after deceleration to a stop.

When Pn829 is set to 0 (factory setting), the servo will turn OFF immediately upon reception of the SV\_OFF command.



The parameter number in parentheses is when Pn833 = 1.

Parameter No.	Name	Data Size (byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn827	Linear Deceleration Constant 1 for Stopping	2	0 to 65535	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn829	SVOFF Waiting Time (SVOFF at decelera- tion to stop)	2	0 to 65535	10 ms	0
Pn840	Linear Deceleration Constant 2 for Stopping	4	0 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100

5.2.3 Motion Sequence Setting

# 5.2.3 Motion Sequence Setting

This section describes parameters related to the actions of EX\_POSING and ZRET commands.

### (1) Settings for EX\_POSING Command

Set the travel distance from the external signal input position to the final target position for execution of an EX\_POSING command. If a negative value (distance to the negative direction) or a small value is set, the axis will decelerate to a stop and then move to the reverse direction for positioning.



Parameter No.	Name	Data Size (byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn814	Final Travel Distance for External Position- ing	4	-1073741823 to 1073741823	Reference unit	100

### (2) Settings for ZRET Command

This section describes the parameters to set the following items for ZRET command.

- Pn816: Homing direction selection
- Pn817 or Pn842: Approach speed after the origin limit signal is input (DEC signal turns ON)
- Pn818 or Pn844: Approach (creep) speed after the latch signal is input
- Pn819: Final travel distance from the latch signal input position to the origin



Parameter		Meaning	Factory Setting
Pn816	n.□□□0	Forward direction homing	n.□□□0
Pn816	n.□□□1	Reverse direction homing	11.0000

Parameter No.	Name	Data Size (byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn817	Homing Approach Speed 1 <sup>*1</sup>	2	0 to 65535	100	50
Pn842	Homing Approach Speed 1	4	0 to 20971520	reference units/s	0
Pn818	Herring Ammed Streed 2*2	2	0 to 65535	100	5
Pn844	Homing Approach Speed 2 <sup>*2</sup>	4	0 to 20971520	reference units/s	0
Pn819	Final Travel Distance for Homing	4	-1073741823 to 1073741823	Reference unit	100

\*1. The value of Pn842 is effective only when the value of Pn817 is 0.

\*2. The value of Pn844 is effective only when the value of Pn818 is 0.

Information: Set Pn819 (Final Travel Distance for Homing) to a value that satisfies the following equation.

When  $Pn816=n.\square\square\square$ : Origin = Latch signal input position + Pn819 When  $Pn816=n.\square\square\square$ : Origin = Latch signal input position - Pn819

## **5.2.4** Command Data Options

### (1) Torque (Force) Limiting Function

The torque (force) limiting function limits the output torque (force) to protect the connected machine, etc. There are three ways to limit the output torque (force).

- 1. Internal torque (force) limit
- 2. External torque (force) limit using P\_CL/N\_CL signal of OPTION field
- 3. Torque (force) limit by position/speed control command

Note: If all of the above three methods are used, the smallest torque (force) limit will be applied.

#### Internal Torque (Force) Limit

This method always limits the maximum output torque (force) to the set values of the following parameters.

Parameter No.	Name	Data Size (byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn402	Forward Torque Limit (For rotational servo- motors)	2	0 to 800	%	800
Pn403	Reverse Torque Limit (For rotational servo- motors)	2	0 to 800	%	800
Pn483	Forward Force Limit (For linear servomo- tors)	2	0 to 800	%	30
Pn484	Reverse Force Limit (For linear servomotors)	2	0 to 800	%	30

Note: Set the limit value in percentage (%) of the motor rated torque (force).

#### ■ External Torque (Force) Limit Using P\_CL/N\_CL Signal of OPTION Field

This method uses the  $P_CL/N_CL$  signal of the OPTION field to limit the output torque (force) to the set values of the following parameters.

Parameter No.	Name		Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn404	Forward External Torque (Force) Limit	2	0 to 800	%	100
Pn405	Pn405 Reverse External Torque (Force) Limit		0 to 800	%	100

Note: Set the limit value in percentage (%) of the motor rated torque (force).

#### Torque (Force) Limit By Position/Speed Control Command

This methods limits the output torque (force) by setting a desired limit value in the command data (TLIM/  $P_TLIM/N_TLIM$ ).

[Torque (Force) Limiting Function Settable Commands] INTERPOLATE, LATCH, FEED, EX\_POSING, ZRET, and VELCTRL 5.2.4 Command Data Options

#### [Setting Parameters]

Set the following parameters to apply a torque (force) limit from a position/speed control command.

Pn81F	Position Control Command TFF/TLIM Function Allocation		
FIIOTF	n.□□1□	Enables allocation (Set TFF/TLIM operation using Pn002.)	
	Torque (force) Reference Option During Speed/Position Control		
Pn002	n.□□□1	Enables positive/negative torque (force) limit by *TLIM.	
11002	n.□□□3	Uses TLIM/P_TLIM as positive torque (force) limit when OPTION.P_CL=1. Uses TLIM/N_TLIM as negative torque (force) limit when OPTION.N_CL=1.	

Note 1. When using a torque (force) limit set in a position control command, set Pn81F and Pn002 as follows: Pn81F =  $n.\Box\Box1\Box$ , and Pn002 =  $n.\Box\Box\Box1$  or  $n.\Box\Box\Box3$ 

- If  $Pn81F = n.\Box\Box\Box0\Box$ , the torque (force) limit set in the position control command will not applied.
- 2. When using a torque (force) limit set in a speed control command, set Pn002 as follows.
- $Pn002 = n.\square\square\square1$  or  $n.\square\square\square3$
- 3. When a command other than the commands listed in [Torque (Force) Limiting Function Settable Commands], the torque (force) limit of the previously executed TLIM/P\_TILM/N\_TLIM remains valid. During execution of HOLD, SV\_OFF, SVCTRL, or TRQCTRL command, the torque (force) limit specified by TLIM/P\_TRIM/ N\_TLIM is invalid.

### (2) Torque (Force) Feed Forward Function

This function is used to apply a torque (force) feedforward (TFF) from a position/speed control command to shorten positioning time. The host controller differentiates a position reference to generate a torque (force) feedforward reference.

#### [Torque (Force) Feed Forward Reference Settable Commands] INTERPOLATE, LATCH, and VELCTRL

#### [Setting Parameters]

Set the following parameters to use TFF as the torque (force) feed forward.

Pn81F	Position Control Command TFF/TLIM Function Allocation		
1 110 1 1	n.□□1□	Enables allocation (Set TFF/TLIM operation using Pn002.)	
Pn002	Torque (force) Reference Option During Speed/Position Control		
111002	n.□□□2	Enables the torque (force) feed forward by TFF.	

Note 1. To use the torque (force) feed forward in a position control command, set the parameters as follows.  $Pn81F = n.\Box\Box1\Box$  and  $Pn002 = n.\Box\Box\Box2$ 

If  $Pn81F = n.\Box\Box0\Box$ , the torque (force) feed forward by a position control command is disabled. 2. To use the torque (force) feed forward in a speed control command, set the parameter as follows.

 $Pn002 = n.\Box\Box\Box2$ 

### (3) Speed Limiting Function During Torque (Force) Control

This function limits the servomotor speed during torque (force) control to protect the connected machine, etc.

There are two ways to control the speed during torque control:

#### 1. Internal speed limit

2. Speed limit by the torque (force) control command TRQCTRL

Note: If both of the above methods are used, the smaller speed limit will be applied.

### Internal Speed Limit

This method always limits the servomotor speed to either of the following set parameter values.

Parameter No.	Name		Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn407	Speed Limit during Toque Control (For rota- tional servomotors)	2	0 to 10000	min <sup>-1</sup>	10000
Pn480	Speed Limit during Force Control (For linear servomotors)	2	0 to 10000	mm/s	10000

#### Speed Limit by Torque (Force) Control Command TRQCTRL

This method limits the speed by setting a desired speed limit value in the command data (VLIM).

#### [Setting Parameter]

Set the following parameter to use the speed limit set in TRQCTRL command.

	Torque (Force) Reference Option		
Pn002	n.□□0□	Disables the speed limit set in the VLIM. (Factory setting)	
	n.□□1□	Enables the speed limit set in the VLIM.	

#### (4) **OPTION Field Allocation**

The commands can be allocated to the OPTION field using the following parameters. To change the factory setting, set  $Pn81F = \Box \Box \Box \Box 1$  and allocate the function bits using parameters Pn82A to Pn82E. The setting will be validated by turning the power supply OFF and then ON again, or by executing CONFIG.

#### [Setting Parameters]

Para	meter		Name	Setting Range	Factory
No.	Digit	l	Name	Setting Range	Setting
Pn	81F	Comman	d Data Allocation	0000h to 0011h	0000h
		OPTION	Field Allocation		
	0	0	Disables OPTION field allocation.	0 or 1	0
		1	Enables OPTION field allocation.		
Pn	82A	OPTION	Field Allocation 1	0000H to 1E1EH	1813H
	0	0 to E	ACCFIL bit position		3
	1	0	Disables ACCFIL bit allocation.		1
	1	1	Enables ACCFIL bit allocation.		1
	2	0 to E	GSEL bit position		8
	3	0	Disables GSEL bit allocation.		1
	5	1	Enables GSEL bit allocation.		1
Pn	82B	OPTION	Field Allocation 2	0000H to 1F1FH	1D1CH
	0	0 to F	V_PPI bit position		С
	1	0	Disables V_PPI bit allocation		1
	1	1	Enables V_PPI bit allocation.		1
	2	0 to F	P_PI_CLR bit position		D
	3	0	Disables P_PI_CLR bit allocation.		1
	5	1	Enables P_PI_CLR bit allocation.	]	1
5.2.4 Command Data Options

Para	meter		Name	Cotting Dange	Factory
No.	Digit		Name	Setting Range	Setting
Pn	Pn82C		Field Allocation 3	0000H to 1F1FH	1F1EH
	0	0 to F	P_CL bit position		Е
	1	0	Disables P_CL bit allocation.		1
		1	Enables P_CL bit allocation.		1
	2	0 to F	N_CL bit position		F
	3	0	Disables N_CL bit allocation.		1
	5	1	Enables N_CL bit allocation.		1
Pn	82D	OPTION	Field Allocation 4	0000H to 1F1CH	0000H
	0	0 to C	BANK_SEL1 bit position		0
	1	0	Disables BANK_SEL1 bit allocation.		0
		1	Enables BANK_SEL1 bit allocation.		0
	2	0 to F	LT_DISABLE bit position		0
	3	0	Disables LT_DISABLE bit allocation.		0
	5	1	Enables LT_DISABLE bit allocation.		0
Pn	82E	OPTION	Field Allocation 5	0000H to 1D1FH	0000H
	0	0 to F	Reserved		0
	1	0	Reserved		0
	1	1	Reserved		0
	2	0 to D	OUT_SIGNAL bit position		0
	3	0	Disables OUT_SIGNAL bit allocation.		0
	5	1	Enables OUT_SIGNAL bit allocation.		0

Note: 1. Do not allocate more than one signal to one bit. If more than one signal is allocated to one bit, the bit will control an one signal.
 An unallocated function bit acts as if it is set to 0.
 Set the bit to the least significant bit position to be allocated.
 To enable the OUT\_SIGNAL function, set the following parameters to ZERO: Pn50E, Pn50F, and Pn510.

Latching allowable area

## 5.2.5 Position Data Latch Function Setting

This section describes the parameters for setting the position data latch function.

#### (1) Latching Allowable Area

Use the following parameters to set the range to input the latch signal for position data latching by LTMOD\_ON, LATCH, EX\_POSING, or ZRET command. If the latch signal is input out of the set range, position data will not be latched.

Parameter No.	Name	Data Size (byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn820	Forward Latching Allowable Area	4	-2147483648 to 2147483647	Reference unit	0
Pn822	Reverse Latching Allowable Area	4	-2147483648 to 2147483647	Reference unit	0

## ■ When Pn820 > Pn822



## (2) Continuous Latch Function

Latching allowable area

This function sequentially latches the input positions of sequence signal 1 to sequence signal n (n = 1 to 8) for a specified number of times. The continuous latch operation can be aborted by executing the LTMOD\_OFF command. This function can shorten the time between latch completion and the start of the next latch, and enables sequential latch operations at high speed.



#### [How to Start and Stop Continuous Latch Operation]

Set the following parameters, and then set LT\_MOD to 1 to execute the LTMOD\_ON command. The continuous latch operation will start. To abort the operation, execute the LTMOD\_OFF command.

Pn850: Latch Sequence Number n

Pn851: Continuous Latch Count m (When m = 0, the continuous latch operation will be infinitely repeated.)

Pn852: Latch Sequence Signal 1 to 4 Setting

Pn853: Larch Sequence Signal 5 to 8 Setting

Note: If the LTMOD\_ON command is executed by setting Pn850 to 0 and LT\_MOD to 1, the latch mode error warning (A.94E) will occur and the latch operation will not start.

#### [Latch Status]

Latch completion can be confirmed by the following status.

[STATUS Field: The 3rd and 4th byte]

L\_CMP (D10): L\_CMP is set to 1 for one communications cycle every time the external signal is input.

[EX\_STATUS Field: The 28th and 29th byte]

L\_SEQ\_NO (D8-D11): The latch sequence signal number (value n) at latch completion

L CMP CNT (D0-D7): The continuous latch count (value m)

(Added at completion of position latch when the latch sequence signal n is input.)

Note: LPOS is forcibly output to MONITOR 2 for one communications cycle while L\_CMP = 1 every time the external signal is input.

#### [Operation Example]

An example of a continuous latch operation using two latch sequence signals EXT1 and EXT2 is illustrated below. (The parameters are set as follows: Pn850 = 2, Pn851 = 2 or more, Pn852 = 0021H, Pn853 = any)



#### [Setting Parameters]

Para	meter	Nerra		Data			Factory	
No.	Digit	Name Latch Sequence Number		Size (byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Setting	
Pn850		Latch Sequence Number			2	0 to 8	-	0
Pn851		Continuous Latch Count			2	0 to 255	-	0
Pn852		Latch Sequence Signal 1 to	4 Setti	ng	2	0000H to 3333H	-	0000H
		Latch sequence 1 signal	0	Phase C				
	0		1	EXT1 signal	]	0 to 3	_	0
	0	selection	2	EXT2 signal		0105		Ū
			3	EXT3 signal				
			0	Phase C				
	1	Latch sequence 2 signal	1	EXT1 signal		0 to 3	_	0
	1	selection	2	EXT2 signal		0.00.5	_	0
			3	EXT3 signal				
			0	Phase C				
	2	Latch sequence 3 signal	1	EXT1 signal		0 to 3	_	0
	2	selection	2	EXT2 signal		0 10 5		0
			3	EXT3 signal				
			0	Phase C				
	3	Latch sequence 4 signal selection	1	EXT1 signal		0 to 3		0
	3		2	EXT2 signal		0105		0
			3	EXT3 signal				
Pn853		Latch Sequence Signal 5 to 8 Setting		ng	2	0000H to 3333H	-	0000H
		Latch sequence 5 signal	0	Phase C	-	0 to 3	_	0
	0		1	EXT1 signal				
	0	selection	2	EXT2 signal		0 10 5		
			3	EXT3 signal				
			0	Phase C				
	1	Latch sequence 6 signal	1	EXT1 signal	-	0 to 3		0
	1	selection	2	EXT2 signal		0 10 5	_	0
			3	EXT3 signal				
			0	Phase C				
	2	Latch sequence 7 signal	1	EXT1 signal		0 to 3		0
	2	selection	2	EXT2 signal		0 10 5	_	0
			3	EXT3 signal				
			0	Phase C				
	2	Latch sequence 8 signal	1	EXT1 signal	1	0.4:2		0
	3	selection	2	EXT2 signal	1 -	0 to 3	-	0
			3	EXT3 signal	1			

#### [Application Notes]

- 1. The minimum interval between latch signals is  $500 \ \mu$ s. An interval between latch signals that is longer than the communications cycle is required to continuously obtain latched position data.
- 2. If two latch signals are input without allowing the minimum required interval, only the first latch signal input position will be latched. The second latch signal will be ignored.
- 3. Use a subcommand to monitor completion status of continuous latch count, etc.
- 4. The parameters Pn850 to Pn853 can be changed only while the continuous latch operation is stopped.

5.2.6 Acceleration/Deceleration Parameter High-speed Switching Function

## 5.2.6 Acceleration/Deceleration Parameter High-speed Switching Function

This function switches, at high-speed, the acceleration/deceleration parameters that are used for positioning executed by the POSING, FEED, EX\_POSING, ZRET, or HOLD commands.

Register the acceleration/deceleration parameter settings in a bank before starting operation, and execute the bank selector BANK\_SEL to switch the acceleration/deceleration parameter settings to those of the registered bank.

#### [Bank Selector Allocation]

Allocate the following bank selector BANK\_SEL1 in the OPTION field. (The allocation is disabled by default. Refer to (5) OPTION Field Specifications of chapter 7 Data Field for details on bit allocation methods.)

Name	Description	Setting Data
BANK_SEL1	Bank selector	Bank 0 to 15

[Parameter Bank Setting]

Set the following parameters.

Parameter No.	Name	Data Size (byte)	Setting Range	Factory Setting
Pn900	Parameter Bank Number	2	0 to 16	0
Pn901	Parameter Bank Member Number	2	0 to 15	0
Pn902 to Pn910	Parameter Bank Member Definition	2	0000H to 08FFH	0
Pn920 to Pn95F *	Parameter Bank Data	2	0000H to FFFFH Depends on bank member.	0

\* The parameters Pn920 to Pn95F will not be stored in the non-volatile memory. They need to be set every time the power is turned ON.

#### [Parameters that Can be Registered as Bank Members]

The following parameters can be registered as parameter bank members among parameters Pn902 to Pn910. For 4-byte parameters, one parameter must be registered as two consecutive members. (See Setting Example 2.)

Parameter No.	Name	Data Size (byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn80A	1st Linear Acceleration Constant 1	2	1 to 65535	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn80B	2nd Linear Acceleration Constant 1	2	1 to 65535	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn80C	Acceleration Constant Switching Speed 1	2	0 to 65535	100 reference units/s	0
Pn80D	1st Linear Deceleration Constant 1	2	1 to 65535	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn80E	2nd Linear Deceleration Constant 1	2	1 to 65535	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn80F	Deceleration Constant Switching Speed 1	2	0 to 65535	100 reference units/s	0
Pn834	1st Linear Acceleration Constant 2	4	1 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn836	2nd Linear Acceleration Constant 2	4	1 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn838	Acceleration Constant Switching Speed 2	4	0 to 2097152000	Reference unit/s	0

Parameter No.	Name	Data Size (byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn83A	1st Linear Deceleration Constant 2	4	1 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn83C	2nd Linear Deceleration Constant 2	4	1 to 20971520	10000 reference units/s <sup>2</sup>	100
Pn83E	Deceleration Constant Switching Speed 2	4	0 to 2097152000	Reference unit/s	0
Pn810	Exponential Function Acceleration/Decelera- tion Bias	2	0 to 65535	100 reference units/s	0
Pn811	Exponential Function Acceleration/Decelera- tion Time Constant	2	0 to 5100	0.1 ms	0
Pn812	Movement Average Time	2	0 to 5100	0.1 ms	0

#### [Setting Procedure]

STEP 1:

- 1. Set Pn900 (Parameter Bank Number) to m.
- 2. Set Pn901 (Parameter Bank Member Number) to n. Set Pn900 and Pn901 so that Pn900  $\times$  Pn901  $\leq$  64.
- 3. Register bank member parameter numbers using parameters Pn902 to Pn910.
- 4. To enable the bank function, execute the CONFIG command or turn the power supply OFF and then ON again.

#### STEP 2:

 Set the data of each bank in the parameter bank data area from the leading parameter Pn920 in order as shown below.
 Bank 0: Pn920 to Pn (920+n-1)

Bank 1: Pn (920+n) to Pn (920+2n-1)

Bank m-1: Pn {920+(m-1)×n} to Pn (920+m×n-1)

Note: 1. If parameters Pn900 to Pn910 set in STEP 1.1, 1.2, and 1.3 are saved in the non-volatile memory, carry out STEP 2.5 only after power up. However, if you turn the power supply OFF and then ON again after saving parameters Pn900 to Pn910 in the

However, if you turn the power supply OFF and then ON again after saving parameters Pn900 to Pn910 in the non-volatile memory, and start the operation without setting parameters Pn920 to Pn95F, the operation will be carried out under the condition that all bank data is set to 0 (zero) or the minimum setting.

2. If parameters Pn900 to Pn910 set in STEP 1.1, 1.2, and 1.3 are not saved in the non-volatile memory, carry out STEP 1.1 to 2.5 each time the power supply is turned ON.

5.2.6 Acceleration/Deceleration Parameter High-speed Switching Function

Pn900 = 3	Bank number	Pn920 = 80BH value	$ \rangle$	
Pn901 = 3	Bank number	Pn921 = 80EH value		Bank 0
		Pn922 = 80CH value		
Pn902 = 80BH	Member 1	Pn923 = 80BH value	Ń	
Pn903 = 80EH	Member 2	Pn924 = 80EH value		Bank 1
Pn904 = 80CH	Member 3	Pn925 = 80CH value	$\left \right $	
		Pn926 = 80BH value	Ň	
		Pn927 = 80EH value		Bank 2
		Pn928 = 80CH value	]	

Setting Example 1: Switching three banks of members Pn80B, Pn80E, and Pn80C

Setting Example 2: Switching two banks of members Pn836, Pn83C, and Pn838

Pn900 = 2	Bank number	Pn920 = 836H LS word	$\mathcal{A}$
Pn901 = 6	Bank number	Pn921 = 836H MS word	
1 11301 - 0		Pn922 = 83CH LS word	Durk 0
Pn902 = 836H	Member 1	Pn923 = 83CH MS word	Bank 0
Pn903 = 836H	Member 2	Pn924 = 838H LS word	
Pn904 = 83CH	Member 3	Pn925 = 838H MS word	J
Pn905= 83CH	Member 4	Pn926 = 836H LS word	$\mathcal{I}$
Pn906 = 838H	Member 5	Pn927 = 836H MS word	
Pn907 = 838H	Member 6	Pn928 = 83CH LS word	Bank 1
		Pn929 = 83CH MS word	Dank I
		Pn92A = 838H LS word	
		Pn92B = 838H MS word	J

#### [Application Notes]

- 1. If Pn900 (Parameter Bank Number) or Pn901 (Parameter Bank Member Number) is set to 0, the bank function will be disabled.
- 2. If one parameter is registered for more than one bank member definition, the bank data of the biggest bank member definition parameter number will be applied.
- 3. If the bank selector BANK\_SEL is not allocated to the function bit of the OPTION field, the data of Bank 0 will be always applied.
- 4. The acceleration/deceleration parameter high-speed switching function is enabled only while DEN = 1 (Distribution Completed). The parameters will not switch while DEN = 0 (Distributing).
- 5. In the following cases, error A.04A (parameter setting error 2) will occur when the power supply is turned ON or CONFIG command is executed.
  - One 4-byte parameter is not registered for two bank members.
  - The total number of bank data entries exceeds 64 (Pn900  $\times$  Pn901 > 64).
- 6. If a parameter that is not allowed to be a bank member is registered, the bank data of the parameter-registered member will become invalid.
- 7. Bank data that exceeds the setting range of the registered bank member parameter will be clamped to a value within the setting range.
- 8. If a bank number larger than the bank number set in Pn900 is specified (BANK\_SEL1≥Pn900), the parameter bank will not switch and the currently active bank will be used.
- 9. Parameters Pn920 to Pn95F will not be saved in the non-volatile memory. Therefore, they must be set each time the power supply is turned ON.

## 5.2.7 STATUS Field and Monitor Related Settings

## (1) STATUS Field Status Detection Level Setting

This section describes the parameters for setting the status detection levels for the STATUS field data.

## Origin (ZPOINT) Range Setting

Set the ZPOINT signal status detection range.



Parameter No.	Name	Data Size (byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn803	Origin Range	2	0 to 250	Reference unit	10

Note: ZPOINT detection will be performed only after completion of the following operations. Otherwise, it will not be performed.

- · When an incremental encoder is connected
  - Homing operation by ZRET command is completed.
  - The coordinate setting is completed after reference point setting (REFE = 1) by executing POS\_SET command.
- · When an absolute encoder is connected
  - Execution of SENS\_ON command is completed.

#### Positioning Completed (PSET) Width Setting

Set the PSET signal status detection range.



Parameter No.	Name	Data Size (byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn522	Positioning Completed Width	4	0 to 1073741824	Reference unit	7

Note: PSET = 1 when output is completed (DEN = 1) and the feedback position (APOS) is within the positioning completed (PSET) detection range.

5.2.7 STATUS Field and Monitor Related Settings

## NEAR Signal Width Setting

Set the NEAR signal status detection range.



Parameter No.	Name	Data Size (byte)	Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn524	NEAR Signal Width	4	0 to 1073741824	Reference unit	7

Note: NEAR = 1 when the feedback position (APOS) is within the NEAR signal detection range.

#### Zero-speed (ZSPD) Detection Level Setting

Set the ZSPD signal status detection level during speed control (VELCTRL command).

Parameter No.	Name		Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn502	Rotation Detection Level (For rotational servomotors)	2	1 to 10000	min <sup>-1</sup>	20
Pn581	Travel Detection Level (For linear servomotors)	2	1 to 5000	mm/s	20

#### Speed Coincidence (VCMP) Detection Level Setting

Set the VCMP signal status detection level during speed control (VELCTRL command).

Parameter No.	Name		Setting Range	Unit	Factory Setting
Pn503	Speed Coincidence Signal Output Width (For rotational servomotors)	2	0 to 100	min <sup>-1</sup>	10
Pn582	Speed Coincidence Signal Output Width (For linear servomotors)	2	0 to 100	mm/s	10

## (2) I/O Monitor Field Signal Allocation

Allocate CN1 connector input signals to bits D12 to D15 of the I/O monitor field.

# When the Σ-V Series SERVOPACKs (SGDV-□□□A11, -□□□A15, -□□□D11, -□□□D15, -□□□F11, -□□□F15) are Used

Parar	neter	Function	Setting	Allocation	Factory	
No.	Digit	T UNCLOIT	Octaing	Allocation	Setting	
			0	No mapping		
			1	Monitors the CN1-13 input terminal		
		IO12 Signal Mapping	2	Monitors the CN1-7 input terminal		
	0		3	Monitors the CN1-8 input terminal	0	
	0		4	Monitors the CN1-9 input terminal		
Pn81E			5	Monitors the CN1-10 input terminal		
			6	Monitors the CN1-11 input terminal		
			7	Monitors the CN1-12 input terminal		
	1	IO13 Signal Mapping	1 to 7	Refer to IO12 signal mapping	0	
	2	IO14 Signal Mapping	1 to 7	Refer to IO12 signal mapping	0	
	3	IO15 Signal Mapping	1 to 7	Refer to IO12 signal mapping	0	

#### ■ When the DC Power Input Σ-V Series SERVOPACKs (SGDV-□□□E11) are Used

Parar	neter	Function	Setting	Allocation	Factory
No.	Digit		Setting	Allocation	Setting
			0	No mapping	
			1	Monitors the CN1-7 input terminal	
		IO12 Signal Mapping	2	Monitors the CN1-3 input terminal	
	0		3	Monitors the CN1-8 input terminal	0
	U		4	No mapping	0
Pn81E			5	No mapping	
			6	No mapping	
			7	No mapping	
	1	IO13 Signal Mapping	1 to 7	Refer to IO12 signal mapping	0
	2	IO14 Signal Mapping	1 to 7	Refer to IO12 signal mapping	0
	3	IO15 Signal Mapping	1 to 7	Refer to IO12 signal mapping	0

## ■ When the Large-Capacity Σ-V Series SERVOPACKs (SGDV-□□□H11, -□□□J11, JUSP-MD□□11) are Used

Parar	neter	Function	Setting	Allocation	Factory	
No.	Digit	- Function	Setting	Allocation	Setting	
			0	No mapping		
			1	Monitors the CN1-40 input terminal		
		IO12 Signal Mapping	2	Monitors the CN1-41 input terminal		
	0		3	Monitors the CN1-42 input terminal	0	
	U		4	Monitors the CN1-43 input terminal		
Pn81E			5	Monitors the CN1-44 input terminal		
			6	Monitors the CN1-45 input terminal		
			7	Monitors the CN1-46 input terminal		
	1	IO13 Signal Mapping	1 to 7	Refer to IO12 signal mapping	0	
	2	IO14 Signal Mapping	1 to 7	Refer to IO12 signal mapping	0	
	3	IO15 Signal Mapping	1 to 7	Refer to IO12 signal mapping	0	

5.2.7 STATUS Field and Monitor Related Settings

## (3) Option Monitor Setting

Set the contents to be monitored when Option Monitor 1 and Option Monitor 2 are selected for MONITOR 1/ 2/3/4.

Parameter No.		Name	Remarks
	Option N	Aonitor 1 Selection	-
	0000H	Motor rotation speed [1000000H/OS]	-
	0001H	Speed reference [1000000H/OS]	-
	0002H	Torque (Force) [1000000H/max. torque (force)]	-
	0003H	Position error (lowermost 32 bits) [reference unit]	-
	0004H	Position error (uppermost 32 bits) [reference unit]	-
	0005H	System reserved	-
	0006H	System reserved	-
	000AH	Encoder count (lowermost 32 bits) [reference unit]	-
	000BH	Encoder count (uppermost 32 bits) [reference unit]	-
	000CH	External encoder count (lowermost 32 bits) [reference unit]	For fully-closed loop control
	000DH	External encoder count (uppermost 32 bits) [reference unit]	For fully-closed loop control
	0010H	Un000: Motor rotation speed [min <sup>-1</sup> ]	-
	0011H	Un001: Speed reference [min <sup>-1</sup> ]	_
	0012H	Un002: Torque (Force) reference [%]	-
	0013H	Un003: Rotation angle 1 [pulse]	-
Pn824	0014H	Un004: Rotation angle 2 [degree]	-
	0015H	Un005: Input signal monitor	-
	0016H	Un006: Output signal monitor	-
	0017H	Un007: Input position reference speed [min <sup>-1</sup> ]	-
	0018H	Un008: Position error [reference unit]	-
	0019H	Un009: Accumulated load ratio [%]	-
	001AH	Un00A: Regenerative load ratio [%]	-
	001BH	Un00B: DB resistance consumption power [%]	-
	001CH	Un00C: Input reference pulse [reference unit]	-
	001DH	Un00D: Feedback pulse [pulse]	-
	001EH	Un00E: Fully-closed loop feedback pulse [pulse]	For fully-closed loop control
	0023H	Initial multiturn data [rev]	For rotational servomotors
	0024H	Initial incremental pulse	For rotational servomotors
	0025H	Initial absolute position data lowermost 32 bits [pulse]	For linear servomotors
	0026H	Initial absolute position data uppermost 32 bits [pulse]	For linear servomotors
	$0027H^*$	Un022: Installation environment monitor [%]	-
	0080H	Previous value of latched feedback position (LPOS)	_
	Others	Reserved parameters (Do not use.)	-
Pn825	Option N	Aonitor 2 Selection (Same as for Pn824)	_

\* Can only be set for  $\Sigma$ -V Series SERVOPACKs model SGDV- $\Box$  $\Box$  $\Box$  $\Box$  $\Box$ B.

# **MECHATROLINK-II Subcommands**

This chapter describes MECHATROLINK-II subcommands.

6.1	MECHATROLINK-II Subcommands List	6-2
6.2	MECHATROLINK-II Subcommands Details	6-2
	6.2.1 No Operation (NOP: 00H)	6-2
	6.2.2 Read Parameter (PRM_RD: 01H)	6-3
	6.2.3 Write Parameter (PRM_WR: 02H)	6-3
	6.2.4 Read Alarm or Warning (ALM_RD: 05H)	6-4
	6.2.5 Write Non-volatile Parameter (PPRM_WR: 1CH)	6-4
	6.2.6 Set Latch Mode (LTMOD_ON: 28H)	6-5
	6.2.7 Release Latch Mode (LTMOD_OFF: 29H)	6-6
	6.2.8 Status Monitoring (SMON: 30H)	6-6

6.2.1 No Operation (NOP: 00H)

# 6.1 MECHATROLINK-II Subcommands List

The MECHATROLINK-II subcommands can be used by specifying them with the CONNECT command when MECHATROLINK-II communications starts.

The specifications of each MECHATROLINK-II subcommand are described below.

Refer to 1.2.3 Combination of MECHATROLINK-II Main Commands and Subcommands for information on applicable combinations with main commands.

# 6.2 MECHATROLINK-II Subcommands Details

## 6.2.1 No Operation (NOP: 00H)

Byte	NOP		Description
Dyte	Command	Response	Description
17	00H	00H	Not operation command
18		SUBSTATUS	
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
26			
27			
28			
29			

## (1) Substatus Field Specification

This substatus field is used to monitor status of subcommands.

#### Substatus Field

Byte	D7	D6	D6 D5 D4		D3	D2	D1	D0	
18	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved		SBCM- DRDY	SBWARNG	SBALM
Bit	Name		Description			Value		Status	
D0	SBALM	Subcomm	Subcommand alarm occurs.			0	No alarm		
D0	SDALIVI	Subcomm	Subcommand afarm occurs.				Alarm occurs		
D1	SBWARNG	Subcomm	and warning a	0.011#0		0	No warning		
DI	SDWAKNU	Subcomm	and warning o	Jecuis.		1	Warning		
D2	SBCMDRDY	Subcomm	Subcommand Ready			0	Busy		
D2	SDCWIDKD I	(Subcomm	(Subcommand can be received)			1	Ready		

Byte	PRM_RD		Description
Dyte	Command	Response	Description
17	01H	01H	• Reads the parameters.
18		SUBSTATUS	This command has the same function as the main command PRM RD.
19	NO	NO	_
20	NO	NO	
21	SIZE	SIZE	
22			
23			
24			
25		PARAMETER	
26			
27			
28			
29			

## 6.2.2 Read Parameter (PRM\_RD: 01H)

# 6.2.3 Write Parameter (PRM\_WR: 02H)

Byte	PRM_WR		Description		
Dyte	Command	Response	Description		
17	02H	02H	• Writes the parameters.		
18		SUBSTATUS	This command has the same function as the main command PRM WR.		
19	NO	NO	_		
20	NO	NO			
21	SIZE	SIZE			
22					
23					
24					
25	PARAMETER	PARAMETER			
26	TARAMETER	TARAMETER			
27					
28					
29					

6.2.4 Read Alarm or Warning (ALM\_RD: 05H)

## 6.2.4 Read Alarm or Warning (ALM\_RD: 05H)

Bute	Byte ALM_RD		Description
Byte	Command	Response	Description
17	05H	05H	• Reads the alarm or warning.
18		SUBSTATUS	This command has the same function as the main command ALM RD.
19	ALM_RD_MOD	ALM_RD_MOD	• When ALM_RD_MOD is set to 2 or 3, an alarm index will be
20			assigned to byte 20 in the command and the response. An alarm code is assigned to both byte 21 and byte 22 in the response.
21			
22			
23			
24		ALM DATA	
25		ALM_DAIA	
26			
27			
28			
29			

## 6.2.5 Write Non-volatile Parameter (PPRM\_WR: 1CH)

Byte	Byte PPRM_WR		Description						
Dyte	Command	Response							
17	1CH	1CH	• Writes the parameters.						
18		SUBSTATUS	This command has the same function as the main command PPRM WR.						
19	NO	NO	_						
20	NO	NO							
21	SIZE	SIZE							
22									
23									
24									
25	PARAMETER	PARAMETER							
26	THUR WILL'LLC	THUR INL TER							
27									
28									
29									

Byte	PPRM	1_WR	Description
Dyte	Command	Response	Description
17	28H	28H	• Enables the latch mode.
18	LT_SGN	SUBSTATUS	This command has the same function as the main command LTMOD ON.
19	SEL_MON3/4	SEL_MON3/4	
20	LT_MOD		
21		MONITOR3	
22		MONTORS	
23			
24			
25		MONITOR4	
26		MONITOR4	
27			
28		EX_STATUS	
29			

## 6.2.6 Set Latch Mode (LTMOD\_ON: 28H)

## (1) Extension Status Field Specifications

This field is used to monitor extension status.

The SMON, LTMOD\_ON, and LTMOD\_OFF subcommands can be used to enable monitoring.

Byte 28	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0		
		L_CMP_CNT								
Byte	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8		
29	_	_	_	_		L_SEQ_NO				

• L\_CMP\_CNT (D0-D7)

This counter indicates how many times the latch sequence has been completed during continuous latch operation. It remains 0 during a normal latch operation.

• L\_SEQ\_NO (D8-D11)

This number indicates the number of latch sequence being completed during a continuous latch operation. It remains 0 during a normal latch operation.

6.2.7 Release Latch Mode (LTMOD\_OFF: 29H)

## 6.2.7 Release Latch Mode (LTMOD\_OFF: 29H)

Byte	LTMOI	D_OFF	Description					
Dyte	Command	Response						
17	29H	29Н	Releases the latch mode.					
18		SUBSTATUS	This command has the same function as the main command LTMOD_OFF.					
19	SEL_MON3/4	SEL_MON3/4						
20								
21		MONITOR3						
22		MONITORS						
23								
24								
25		MONITOR4						
26		WONITOR4						
27								
28		EX STATUS						
29		EA_STATUS						

## 6.2.8 Status Monitoring (SMON: 30H)

Byte	SM	ON	Description					
Dyte	Command	Response						
17	30H	30H	• Reads the monitoring information specified in SEL_MON3/4. This command has the same function as the main command SMON.					
18		SUBSTATUS	I his command has the same function as the main command SMON.					
19	SEL_MON3/4	SEL_MON3/4						
20								
21		MONITOR3						
22		MONTORS						
23								
24								
25		MONITOR4						
26		MONITOR4						
27								
28		EX STATUS						
29		EA_STATUS						

# Data Field

This chapter describes the data field to be used for the main commands and subcommands. Descriptions in this chapter are also contained in the previous chapter describing each command.

7.1 Main Command Data Field	7-2
7.1.1 Status Field Specifications	7-2
7.1.2 OPTION Field Specifications	7-4
7.1.3 Monitor Selection Field Specifications: SEL_MON1/2/3/4	7-6
7.1.4 Monitor Information Field Specifications: MONITOR 1/2/3/4	7-7
7.1.5 IO Monitor Field Specifications: IO_MON	7-8
7.1.6 LT_SGNL Specifications	7-9
7.2 Substatus Data Field	.7-10
7.2.1 Substatus Field Specification	
7.2.2 Extension Status Field Specifications	7-10

7.1.1 Status Field Specifications

# 7.1 Main Command Data Field

The data of each field in the main commands or subcommands is described below.

## 7.1.1 Status Field Specifications

The status field is used to monitor the SERVOPACK status. The following table shows the bit allocation in the status field.

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
PSET/ V_CMP	ZPOINT	_	PON	SVON	CMDRDY	WARNG	ALM

D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8
_	_	N_SOT	P_SOT	NEAR/ V_LIM	L_CMP	T_LIM	DEN/ZSPD

The following table explains each bit value and its status.

Bit	Name	Value	Description				
D0	ALM	0	No alarm				
D0	ALM	1	Alarm occurs.				
 D1	D1 WARNG		No warning				
DI	WAKING	1	Warning occurs.				
D2	CMDRDY	0	Command cannot be received (busy).				
D2	CMDRDT	1	Command can be received (ready).				
D3	SVON	0	Servo OFF				
D3	SVON	1	Servo ON				
D4	PON	0	Main power supply OFF				
D4	PON	1	Main power supply ON				
D5	-	-	-				
D6	ZPOINT	0	Out of home position range				
Do	ZFOINT	1	Within home position range				
	PSET	0	Out of positioning complete range				
D7	(During position control)	1	Within positioning complete range (The output is completed (DEN = 1) and APOS is within the positioning complete range.)				
	V_CMP	0	Speed does not coincide.				
	(During speed control)	1	Speed coincides.				
	DEN	0	During output				
D8	(During position control)	1	Output completed				
D8	ZSPD	0	Zero speed not detected				
	(During speed control)	1	Zero speed detected				
D9	T LIM	0	Not during torque (force) limit				
D)		1	During torque (force) limit				
D10	L CMP	0	Latch not completed				
D10		1	Latch completed				

Bit	Name	Value	Description
	NEAR		Out of positioning proximity
D11	(During position control)	1	Within positioning proximity
DII	V_LIM	0	Speed limit not detected
	(During torque control)	1	Speed limit detected
D12	P SOT	0	OT signal is off.
D12	F_501	1	OT signal is on.
D13	N SOT	0	OT signal is OFF.
D15	N_501	1	OT signal is ON.
D14	-	_	-
D15	_	_	-

## 7.1.2 OPTION Field Specifications

The option field is used to add functions to a motion command.

## (1) Applicable Commands

SV\_ON, HOLD, INTERPOLATE, POSING, FEED, LATCH, EX\_POSING, ZRET, VELCTRL, TRQCTRL, SVCTRL

Set the functions to be added to a motion command in the main command third and forth bytes reserved for the option field.

The option field of the  $\Sigma$ -V series SERVOPACK is set by default as shown below.

To change the default setting, set the parameter Pn81F as Pn81F =  $\Box\Box\Box$ 1, and set the bits to which functions are to be allocated using the parameters Pn82A to Pn82E. The change must be validated by turning the power supply OFF and then ON again or by sending a CONFIG command.

## (2) OPTION Field Default Setting

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
0	0	0	ACCFIL		0	0	0

D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8
N_CL	P_CL	P_PI_CLR	V_PPI	0	0	G_SEL	

Name	Description		Value	Details	Default Setting		
			0	No acceleration/deceleration filter			
ACCFIL (2 bits)	Acceleration/Deceleration	on filter	1	Exponential function acceleration/decel- eration	D3, D4		
(2 0118)			2	S-curve acceleration/deceleration	,		
			3	Do not set.			
			0	First gain			
G_SEL	Gain switching		1	Second gain	D8, D9		
(2 bits)	Gain switching		2	Reserved (invalid)			
			3	Reserved (invalid)			
V_PPI	Speed loop P/PI control		0	PI control	D12		
(1 bit)	Speed loop F/F1 condition		1	P control	D12		
P_PI_CLR	Position loop position in	Position loop position integral		Does not clear.	D13		
(1 bit)	clear		1	Clears.	D15		
P_CL	Forward torque (force) limit		0	Does not control torque (force).	D14		
(1 bit)	Forward torque (torce) i	11111	1	Controls torque (force).	DIT		
N_CL	Reverse torque (force) li	mit	0	Does not control torque (force).	D15		
(1 bit)	Keverse torque (torce) in		1	Controls torque (force).			
LT_DISABLE	Latch signal input disab	lad	0	Enables latch signal input.	Not allocated		
(1 bit)	Laten signal input disab	ieu	1	Disables latch signal input.	not anocated		
BANK_SEL1 (4 bits)	Bank selector 1 (Bank for acceleration/d tion parameter switching		0 to 15	Bank 0 to Bank 15	Not allocated		
		BIT 0	0	SO1 output signal OFF			
		DII U	1	SO1 output signal ON			
OUT_SIGNAL	I/O signal output com-	BIT 1	0	SO2 output signal OFF	NT-4-114-1		
(3 bits)	mand		1	SO2 output signal ON	Not allocated		
		BIT 2	0	SO3 output signal OFF			
		DI 1 2	1	SO3 output signal ON			

## (3) Functions That Can Be Allocated to Bits of the OPTION Field

Note 1. Do not allocate more than one signal to one bit. Otherwise, multiple signals will be controlled by one bit. The bits to which no function is allocated will act as it is set to 0 (zero)

The bits to which no function is allocated will act as it is set to 0 (zero).
 To enable the OUT\_SIGNAL function, set the following parameters to Zero: Pn50E, Pn50F, and Pn510.

7.1.3 Monitor Selection Field Specifications: SEL\_MON1/2/3/4

## 7.1.3 Monitor Selection Field Specifications: SEL\_MON1/2/3/4

The monitor selection (SEL\_MON1/2/3/4) field is used to select the Servo monitor information.

#### (1) Applicable Commands

SV\_ON, SV\_OFF, HOLD, INTERPOLATE, POSING, FEED, LATCH, EX\_POSING, ZRET, VELCTRL, TRQCTRL, SMON, SENS\_ON, SENS\_OFF, BRK\_ON, BRK\_OFF, LTMOD\_ON, LTMOD\_OFF

## (2) Setting Method

Set MONITOR 1/2/3/4 monitor codes in SEL\_MON1/2/3/4 allocated in the thirteenth byte of the main command or in the reserved area of the nineteenth byte of the subcommand.

SEL\_MON1/2/3/4 allocation is shown below.

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
	SEL_N	MON2			SEL_N	MON1	

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
	SEL_N	MON4			SEL_N	MON3	

## 7.1.4 Monitor Information Field Specifications: MONITOR 1/2/3/4

The monitor information (MONITOR 1/2/3/4) field is used to monitor information selected by the monitor codes in the monitor selection field.

#### Applicable Commands

SV\_ON, SV\_OFF, HOLD, INTERPOLATE, POSING, FEED, LATCH, EX\_POSING, ZRET, VELCTRL, TRQCTRL, SMON, SENS\_ON, SENS\_OFF, BRK\_ON, BRK\_OFF, LTMOD\_ON, LTMOD\_OFF

Monitor Code	Name	Description	Unit
0	POS	Reference position in reference coordinate system (position after reference filtering)	Reference unit
1	MPOS	Reference position	Reference unit
2	PERR	Position error	Reference unit
3	APOS	Feedback position in machine coordinate system	Reference unit
4	LPOS	Feedback latch position in machine coordinate system	Reference unit
5	IPOS	Reference position in reference coordinate system (position before reference filtering)	Reference unit
6	TPOS	Target position in reference coordinate system	Reference unit
7	-	-	_
8	FSPD	Feedback speed	Position/torque (force) control: reference units/s Speed control: Maximum speed/ 40000000H
9	CSPD	Reference speed	Position control: Reference units/s Speed control: Maximum speed/ 40000000H
А	TSPD	Target speed	Position control: Reference units/s Speed control: Maximum speed/ 40000000H
В	TRQ	Torque (force) reference (The rated torque is 100%.)	Position/speed control: % (The rated torque is 100%.) Torque (force) control: Maximum torque (force)/40000000H
С	-	-	-
D	-	-	-
Е	OMN1	Option monitor 1 selected in Pn824	-
F	OMN2	Option monitor 2 selected in Pn825	_

The MONITOR 1/2/3/4 monitor codes are listed below.

7.1.5 IO Monitor Field Specifications: IO\_MON

## 7.1.5 IO Monitor Field Specifications: IO\_MON

The IO monitor field is used to monitor the I/O signal status of the SERVOPACK.

#### Applicable Commands

SMON, SV\_ON, SV\_OFF, SV\_CTRL, FEED, HOLD, INTERPOLATE, POSING, LATCH, EX\_POSING, ZRET, VELCTRL, TRQCTRL, SENS\_ON, SENS\_OFF, BRK\_ON, BRK\_OFF, LTMOD\_ON, LTMOD\_OFF

I/O signal allocation is shown below.

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
EXT2	EXT1	PC	PB	PA	DEC	N_OT	P_OT

D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D09	D08
IO15	IO14	IO13	IO12	-	HBB	BRK	EXT3

Note: The EXT2, EXT3, and HWBB cannot be used with DC power input Σ-V series SERVOPACKs (SGDV-DDE11).

Bit	Name	Contents	Value	Status
D0	P_OT	Forward run prohibited input	0	OFF
D0	P_01	Forward run promoted input	1	ON
D1	N OT	Deverse run prohibited input	0	OFF
D1	N_OT	Reverse run prohibited input	1	ON
D2	DEC	Homing decoloration I S input	0	OFF
D2	DEC	Homing deceleration LS input	1	ON
D3	PA	Encoder phase A input	0	OFF
D3	PA	Encoder phase A input	1	ON
D4	РВ	Encoder phase B input	0	OFF
D4	PD	Encoder phase B input	1	ON
D5	РС	Encoder phase C input	0	OFF
D5	PC	Encoder phase C input	1	ON
D4	EXT1	First systemal latch signal input	0	OFF
D6	EATI	First external latch signal input	1	ON
D7	EXT2	Second outsmal lately signal input	0	OFF
D7	EA12	Second external latch signal input	1	ON
D0	EVT2	Third automal latch signal input	0	OFF
D8	EXT3	Third external latch signal input	1	ON
D9	BRK	Brake output	0	Released
D9	DKK	Blake output	1	Locked
D10	НВВ	Stop signal input, OR of HWBB1 signal and HWBB2 sig-	0	OFF (Forced stop released)
D10	IIDD	nal	1	ON (Forced stop)
D11		Reserved	0	
D12	IO12	CN1 input signal selected in Pn81E.0	0	OFF (open)
D12	1012	Civit input signal selected in thore.0	1	ON (closed)
D13	IO13	CN1 input signal selected in Pn81E.1	0	OFF (open)
D15	1015	Civit input signal selected in thorn.	1	ON (closed)
D14	IO14	CN1 input signal selected in Pn81E.2	0	OFF (open)
D14	1014	Civi input signal solution in FiloTE.2	1	ON (closed)
D15	IO15	CN1 input signal selected in Pn81E.3	0	OFF (open)
015	1015	Civi input signal science in Flio1E.5	1	ON (closed)

## 7.1.6 LT\_SGNL Specifications

## Applicable Commands

LATCH, EX\_POSING, ZRET, LTMOD\_ON (When Pn850 = 0), SVCTRL

The latch signal can be specified in the following latch signal (LT\_SGNL) field.

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
0	0	0	0	0	0	LT_SGNL	

D1	D0	Latch Signal	Signal Details
0	0	Phase C	Encoder origin signal
0	1	EXT1	External input signal 1
1	0	EXT2	External input signal 2
1	1	EXT3	External input signal 3

Note: The EXT2 and EXT3 cannot be used with DC power input  $\Sigma$ -V series SERVOPACKs (SGDV- $\Box\Box\Box$ E11).

7.2.1 Substatus Field Specification

# 7.2 Substatus Data Field

## 7.2.1 Substatus Field Specification

The substatus field is used to monitor status of subcommands.

#### Substatus Field

Byte	D7	D6	D5	D4		D3	D2	D1	D0	
18	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	R	eserved	SBCM- DRDY	SBWARNG	SBALM	
Bit	Name		Descripti	on		Value		Status		
D0	SBALM	Subcomm	Subcommand alarm occurs.				No alarm			
D0	SDALIVI	Subcomm					Alarm occurs			
D1	SBWARNG	Subcomm	and warning	Necure		0	No warning			
DI	DI SDWAKNO		Subcommand warning occurs.				Warning			
D2	D2 SBCMDRDY		Subcommand Ready			0	Busy			
	D2 SBCWDRD I	(Subcommand can be received)				1	Ready			

## 7.2.2 Extension Status Field Specifications

This field is used to monitor extension status.

The SMON, LTMOD\_ON, and LTMOD\_OFF subcommands can be used to enable monitoring.

Byte 28	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
28				L_CMI	P_CNT			
Byte 29	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8
29	-	_	-	_	L_SEQ_NO			

• L\_CMP\_CNT (D0-D7)

This counter indicates how many times the latch sequence has been completed during continuous latch operation. It remains 0 during a normal latch operation.

• L\_SEQ\_NO (D8-D11)

This number indicates the number of latch sequence being completed during a continuous latch operation. It remains 0 during a normal latch operation.

# Detecting Alarms/Warnings Related to Communications or Commands

This chapter describes the alarms and warnings that may occur in MECHATROLINK-II communications. For alarms and warnings that are not described in this manual, refer to the applicable manual for design and maintenance of the SERVOPACK.

8.1	List of Alarms	8-2
8.2	List of Warnings	8-4
8.3	Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning	8-6

## 8.1 List of Alarms

The following table shows alarms that are related to communications or commands and that may occur in MECHATROLINK-II communications.

If an error is found in the command or data that a SERVOPACK has received, the SERVOPACK returns the corresponding alarm number.

At the same time, the alarm number is displayed on the SERVOPACK.

#### Servomotor Stopping Method

If an alarm occurs, the servomotor can be stopped by doing either of the following operations.

- Gr.1: The servomotor is stopped according to the setting in Pn001.0 if an alarm occurs. Pn001.0 is factory-set to stop the servomotor by applying the DB.
- Gr.2: The servomotor is stopped according to the setting in Pn00B.1 if an alarm occurs. Pn00B.1 is factory-set to stop the servomotor by setting the speed reference to "0." The servomotor under torque (force) control will always use the Gr.1 method to stop. By setting Pn00B.1 to 1, the servomotor stops using the same method as Gr.1. When coordinating a number of servomotors, use this stopping method to prevent machine damage that may result due to differences in the stop method.

#### Alarm Reset

Available: Removing the cause of alarm and then executing the alarm reset can clear the alarm. N/A: Executing the alarm reset cannot clear the alarm.

Alarm Number:				SERVOPACK Side		
Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions	Servomotor Stopping Method	Alarm Reset	
A.b6A: MECHATROLINK Communications ASIC Error 1	SERVOPACK MECHA- TROLINK communica- tion section fault.	-	Replace the SERVOPACK.	Gr.1	N/A	
A.E02: MECHATROLINK-II Internal Synchronization Error 1	MECHATROLINK-II transmission cycle fluc- tuated.	-	Remove the cause of trans- mission cycle fluctuation at host controller.			
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SER- VOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.Gr.1		Available	
A.E40: MECHATROLINK-II Transmission Cycle Setting Error	Setting of MECHA- TROLINK-II transmis- sion cycle is out of specifications range.	Check the MECHA- TROLINK-II transmis- sion cycle setting.	Set the transmission cycle to the proper value.	Gr.2	Available	
A.E50: MECHATROLINK-II Synchronization Error	WDT data of host con- troller was not updated correctly.	Check the WDT data updating for the host controller.	Update the WDT data at the host controller correctly.			
	A SERVOPACK fault _		Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SER- VOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	Gr.2	Available	

Alarm Number:				SERVOPACK Side		
Alarm Name (Alarm Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions	Servomotor Stopping Method	Alarm Reset	
A.E51: MECHATROLINK-II Synchronization	WDT data of host con- troller was not updated correctly at the synchro- nization communica- tions start, and synchronization commu- nications could not start.	Check the WDT data updating for the host controller.	Update the WDT data at the host controller correctly.	Gr.2	Available	
Failed	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SER- VOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.			
	MECHATROLINK-II wiring is incorrect.	Check the MECHA- TROLINK-II wirings.	Correct the MECHA- TROLINK-II wiring. Connect the terminator cor- rectly.			
A.E60: MECHATROLINK-II Communications error (Reception error)	MECHATROLINK-II data reception error occurred due to noise interference.	-	Take measures against noise. Check the MECHA- TROLINK-II communica- tions cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK-II com- munications cable.	Gr.2	Available	
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SER- VOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.			
A.E61: MECHATROLINK-II	MECHATROLINK-II transmission cycle fluc- tuated.	Check the MECHA- TROLINK-II transmis- sion cycle setting.	Remove the cause of trans- mission cycle fluctuation at host controller.			
Transmission Cycle Error (Synchronization interval error)	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SER- VOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	Gr.2	Available	
A.EA2:	MECHATROLINK-II transmission cycle fluc- tuated.	Check the MECHA- TROLINK-II transmis- sion cycle setting.	Remove the cause of trans- mission cycle fluctuation at host controller.			
DRV Alarm 2 (SERVOPACK WDC error)	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	Turn the power supply OFF and then ON again. If the alarm still occurs, the SER- VOPACK may be faulty. Replace the SERVOPACK.	Gr.2	Available	
A.ED1: Command Execution	A timeout error occurred when using an MECHA-	Check the motor status when the command is executed.	Execute the SV_ON or SENS_ON command only when the motor is not run- ning.	Gr.2	Available	
Timeout	TROLINK command.	Check the external encoder status when the command is executed.	Execute the SENS_ON com- mand only when an external scale is connected.			

# 8.2 List of Warnings

The following table shows warnings that are related to communications or commands and that may occur in MECHATROLINK-II communications.

If an error is found in the command or data that a SERVOPACK has received, the SERVOPACK returns the corresponding warning number.

At the same time, the warning number is displayed on the SERVOPACK.

Warning Number: Warning Name (Warning Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.94A Data Setting Warning 1 (Parameter Num- ber Error)	Disabled parameter number was used.	Refer to 8.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which com- mand might have caused the warning to occur.	Use the correct parameter number.
A.94B Data Setting Warning 2 (Out of Range)	Attempted to send val- ues outside the range to the command data.	Refer to 8.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which com- mand might have caused the warning to occur.	Set the value of the parameter within the allowable range.
A.94C Data Setting Warning 3 (Calculation Error)	Calculation result of set value is incorrect.	Refer to 8.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which com- mand might have caused the warning to occur.	Set the value of the parameter within the allowable range.
A.94D Data Setting Warning 4 (Parameter Size)	Parameter size set in command is incorrect.	Refer to 8.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which com- mand might have caused the warning to occur.	Use the correct parameter size.
A.94E Data Setting Warning 5 (Latch mode error)	Latch mode error is detected.	Refer to 8.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which com- mand might have caused the warning to occur.	Change the setting value of Pn850 or the LT_MOD data for the LTMOD_ON command sent by the host controller to the proper value.
A.95A Command Warning 1 (Unsatisfying Command)	Command sending con- dition is not satisfied.	Refer to 8.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which com- mand might have caused the warning to occur.	Send a command after command sending condition is satisfied.
A.95B Command Warning 2 (Non-supported Command)	SERVOPACK received unsupported command.	Refer to 8.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which com- mand might have caused the warning to occur.	Do not sent an unsupported command.
A.95D Command Warning 4 (Command Inter- ference)	Command sending con- dition for latch-related commands is not satis- fied.	Refer to 8.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which com- mand might have caused the warning to occur.	Send a command after command sending condition is satisfied.
A.95E Command Warning 5 (Subcommand Disable)	Subcommand sending condition is not satis- fied.	Refer to 8.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which com- mand might have caused the warning to occur.	Send a command after command sending condition is satisfied.

Warning Number: Warning Name (Warning Description)	Cause	Investigative Actions	Corrective Actions
A.95F Command Warning 6 (Undefined Com- mand)	Undefined command was sent.	Refer to 8.3 Monitoring Communica- tion Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning to determine which com- mand might have caused the warning to occur.	Do not use an undefined command.
A.960 MECHATROLINK Communications Warning	MECHATROLINK-II wiring is incorrect. Confirm the wiring.		Correct the MECHATROLINK-II wiring. Or, connect a terminal to the terminal station.
	MECHATROLINK-II data reception error occurred due to noise interference.	Confirm the installation conditions.	Take measures against noise. Check the MECHATROLINK-II communi- cations cable and FG wiring and take measures such as adding ferrite core on the MECHATROLINK-II commu- nications cable.
	A SERVOPACK fault occurred.	-	A fault occurred in the SERVOPACK. Replace the SERVOPACK.

Note: To select whether or not warnings will be detected, use Pn800.1.

# **8.3** Monitoring Communication Data on Occurrence of an Alarm or Warning

The command data received on occurrence of a data setting warning  $(A.94\Box)$  or a command warning  $(A.95\Box)$  can be monitored using the following parameters. The following is an example of the data when an alarm/warning has occurred in the normal state.

Command Data Monitor at Alarm/Warning Occurrence: Pn890 to Pn89E Response Data Monitor at Alarm/Warning Occurrence: Pn8A0 to Pn8AE

Command Byte Order		ata Storage at ng Occurrence	
Byte Order	CMD	RSP	Example: $Pn8A0 = 87$ 65 43 21
1	Pn890.1 to 0	Pn8A0.1 to 0	
2	Pn890.3 to 2	Pn8A0.3 to 2	
3	Pn890.5 to 4	Pn8A0.5 to 4	
4	Pn890.7 to 6	Pn8A0.7 to 6	
5 to 8	Pn892	Pn8A2	-
9 to 12	Pn894	Pn8A4	-
13 to 16	Pn896	Pn8A6	-
17 to 20	Pn898	Pn8A8	
21 to 24	Pn89A	Pn8AA	
25 to 28	Pn89C	Pn8AC	
29 to 32	Pn89E	Pn8AE	

Note: Data is stored in little endian byte order and displayed in the hexadecimal format.

# Appendix

А	Brake Control Commands	A-2
В	General-purpose Servo Control Command	A-5

# A Brake Control Commands

Command Code	Command	Function
21H	BRK_ON	Turns the brake signal off and applies the holding brake.
22H	BRK_OFF	Turns the brake signal on and releases the holding brake.

## (1) Apply Brake (BRK\_ON: 21H)

The specifications of BRK\_ON (21H) command are described below.

Byte	BRK	_ON	Description					
Dyte	Command	Response		Desci	iption			
1	21H	21H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command		
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within commu- nications cycle	Subcommand	Cannot be used		
3		STATUS		signal (/BK) off an				
4		SIAIUS	<ul> <li>This command is enabled only while the servo is OFF.</li> <li>This command is enabled when the parameter Pn50F.2is not set to 0.</li> <li>Brake signal output timing</li> </ul>					
5								
6		MONITOR1	BRK_ON received					
7		MONITORI		l				
8				7				
9								
10		MONITOR2						
11		MONTOR2	/BK	Within 2 ms	4			
12								
13	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2			I			
14		IO MON						
15	]	10_10101						
16	WDT	RWDT						

## (2) Combination of BRK\_ON Command (21H) and Subcommands

The following table shows which subcommands can be combined with BRK-ON command.

Main Command	Subcommand							
	NOP	PRM_RD	PRM_WR	ALM_ RD	PPRM_ WR	LTMOD_ ON	LTMOD_ OFF	SMON
BRK_ON	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	

Note:  $\sqrt{\cdot}$  Can be combined,  $\times$ : Can not be combined

## (3) Release Brake (BRK\_OFF: 22H)

The specifications of BRK\_OFF command (22H) are described below.

Byte	BRK	OFF	Description		Description		
Dyte	Command	Response		Deser	iption		
1	22Н	22H	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command	
2		ALARM	Processing time	Within commu- nications cycle	Subcommand	Cannot be used	
3		STATUS	<ul> <li>Turns the brake signal (/BK) ON and releases the brake.</li> <li>This command is enabled when Pn50F.2 is not set to 0</li> <li>Brake signal output timing</li> </ul>				
4		511105					
5				)FF received			
6		MONITOR1	Ditt_C				
7		MONTOKI					
8				7			
9			/BK		-		
10		MONITOR2					
11				Within 2 ms			
12					i		
13	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2					
14		IO_MON					
15							
16	WDT	RWDT					

	BRK_ON and BRK_OFF commands are always valid as command as long as no warning occurs.
IMPORTANT	Therefore, sending BRK_OFF command while the servomotor is being powered (Servo ON) will not change the operation status.
	However, it is very dangerous to send SV_OFF command in the above status since the brake is kept released.
	Always make sure of the status of brake control command when using BRK_ON or BRK_OFF command.

## (4) Combination of BRK\_OFF Command (22H) and Subcommands

The following table shows which subcommands can be combined with BRK-OFF command.

Main Command	Subcommand							
	NOP	PRM_RD	PRM_WR	ALM_ RD	PPRM_ WR	LTMOD_ ON	LTMOD_ OFF	SMON
BRK_OFF	$\checkmark$	×	×	×	×	×	×	

Note:  $\sqrt{\cdot}$  Can be combined,  $\times$ : Can not be combined

## (5) Operation for MECHATROLINK Communications Errors

If any of the MECHATROLINK communications errors listed in the following table occurs when the brake signal is being controlled by the BRK\_OFF or BRK\_ON command, the brake signal will be output according to the setting of Pn884.0 (MECHATROLINK communications error operation setting parameter). If any other alarm occurs, the status that is set for the BRK\_ON or BRK\_OFF command will be maintained regardless of the setting of Pn884.0.

Note: Software version 0029 or higher is required to use this function. You can confirm the software version in Fn012. For details, refer to 6.14 Software Version Display (Fn012) in the Σ-V Series User's Manual Design and Maintenance Rotational Motor/MECHATROLINK-II Communications Reference (Manual No. SIEP S800000 46).

Alarm Number	Alarm Name
A.E50	MECHATROLINK Synchronization Error
A.E60	MECHATROLINK Communications Error (Reception error)
A.E61	MECHATROLINK Transmission Cycle Error (Synchronization interval error)

#### Parameter Setting

Set the operation for a MECHATROLINK communications error using the following parameter.

Р	arameter	Meaning	When Enabled	Classification
		Keep status at error occurrence in accordance with the selected braking command (BRK_ON or BRK_OFF).	Immediately	Setup
	n.0001	Enables the holding brake.		

#### Brake Signal Timing Charts for MECHATROLINK Communications Error Operation Settings

#### • When Pn884.0 is set to 0 or for software version 0028 or lower



#### • When Pn884.0 is set to 1

The following timing chart applies when a MECHATROLINK communications error-related alarm occurs.



The following timing chart applies when any alarm other than a MECHATROLINK communications errorrelated alarm occurs.



# **B** General-purpose Servo Control Command

The specifications of general-purpose servo control command are described below.

Dute	SVC	TRL		Deee	inting		
Byte	Command	Response	•	Desci	ription		
1	3FH	3FH	Phases in which the command can be executed	Phase 2 and 3	Synchronization classification	Asynchronous command	
2	SUBCTRL	ALARM	Processing time	Depends on pro- cessing	Subcommand	Can be used	
3	OPTION	STATUS	Ver 1.0. It is use	d to perform the ge	MECHATROLINK neral-purpose servo		
5 6 7 8	TOPS	MONITOR1	<ul> <li>Latch Processing Supported.</li> <li>Select the latch signal using L_SGN in SUBCTRL and set SET_L to 1.</li> <li>When the selected latch signal is input, L_CMP in STATUS field will become 1.</li> <li>Perform latch processing again after setting SET_L to 0.</li> <li>The latch signal cannot be abarged while SET_L = 1.</li> </ul>				
9 10 11 12	TSPD/ VFF	MONITOR2	<ul> <li>The latch signal cannot be changed while SET_L = 1.</li> <li>Motion <ul> <li>Any of the motions selected for Motion Selection is executed.</li> <li>Sequence Signals <ul> <li>Any of the sequence signals listed in the following table is input.</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>				
12	SEL_MON1/2	SEL_MON1/2	/2				
14 15	SQ_CMD	IO_MON	-				
16	WDT	RWDT					
17 18 19 20							
21 22							
23	Subcommand area	Subcommand area					
24							
25							
26							
27							
29							

#### Sub-control (SUBCTRL)

D7	D6	D6 D5		D3	D2	D1	D0
RESERVE 0		MOTION Select motion		RESERVE 0	SET_L Latch com- mand	L_S Select lat	GN tch signal

Appendix

Арр

#### Select Motion (MOTION)

D6	D5	D4	Motion	• During phase 1, Command warning 1 (A.95A)
0	0	0	HOLD	will occur for POSING and FEED, and the com-
0	0	1	INTERPOLATE	<ul><li>mand will be ignored.</li><li>For INTERPOLATED, in all other phases except</li></ul>
0	1	0	FEED	phase 3, Command warning 1 (A.95A) will occur
0	1	1	POSING	and the command will be ignored.

Select Latch Signal (L\_SGN)

D1	D0	Latch Signal	Meaning
0	0	Phase C	Encoder zero-point signal
0	1	EXT1	External latch signal 1
1	0	EXT2	External latch signal 2
1	1	EXT3	External latch signal 2

Sequence Signals: SQ\_CMD

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	ACLR Alarm clear	SEN Sensor ON	BRK Brake ON	SON Servo ON

## Combination of SVCTRL (3F) and Subcommands

			Subcommand					
CODE	CODE Main Command	NOP	PRM_WR	ALM_RD	PPRM_ WR	LTMOD_ ON	LTMOD_ OFF	SMON
3F	SVCTRL	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	×		$\checkmark$

Note:  $\sqrt{\cdot}$  Can be combined,  $\times$ : Can not be combined

## **Revision History**

The revision dates and numbers of the revised manuals are given on the bottom of the back cover.

MANUAL NO. SIEP S800000 54B <1>-1 WEB revision number Revision number Date of publication

Date of Publication	Rev. No.	WEB Rev. No.	Section	Revised Content
September 2015	<8>	0	Front cover	Revision: Format
			Preface, 2.1.1 (4), 2.1.2 (1), 3.2.5 (2), 3.2.18 (2), 5.2.7 (2)	Addition: Descriptions of large-capacity Σ-V series multi-winding drive units (JUSP-MDDD11)
			Back cover	Revision: Address, format
November 2013	<7>	0	Appendix A	Addition: Description of operation for MECHATROLINK Communications Errors
July 2013	<6>	0	Front cover	Addition: Description of DC power input $\Sigma$ -V series and large-capacity $\Sigma$ -V series
			Preface	Addition: Related manual on DC power input $\Sigma$ -V series and large-capacity $\Sigma$ -V series
			2.1.1	Revision: Contents of communication settings for SERVOPACK series
			2.1.2, 3.2.5 (2), 5.2.7 (2)	Addition: Description of large-capacity $\Sigma$ -V series (SGDV- $\Box\Box$ H11)
			3.2.1, chapter 8	Revision: Reference manual
			4.2.10 (2)	Revision: Description of speed control mode
			5.2.7 (3)	Addition: Note about 0027H (Un022: Installation environment monitor)
			Back cover	Revision: Address
June 2012	<5>	0	Preface	Addition: Related manual on large-capacity Σ-V series
			3.2.5 (2), 5.2.7 (2)	Addition: Description of large-capacity $\Sigma$ -V series (SGDV- $\Box\Box$ J11)
			5.2.7 (2)	Addition: Description of DC power input $\Sigma$ -V series (SGDV- $\Box\Box\Box$ E11)
March 2012	<4>	0	Preface	Addition: Related manual on DC power input $\Sigma$ -V series
			All chapters	Addition: Description of DC power input $\Sigma$ -V series (SGDV- $\Box\Box\Box$ E11)
			Back cover	Revision: Address
August 2011	<3>	0	3.2.9 (4), 7.1.5	Revision: Applicable commands
			4.2.9 (1), (3), 5.2.3 (2)	Revision: Homing approach speed 1, homing approach speed 2
			5.2.1 (1)	Revision: Formula when the electronic gear is not used
April 2011	<2>	1	5.2.7 (3)	Addition: 0027H (Un022: Installation environment monitor)
December 2010		0	All chapters	Slightly revised
			Front cover, back cover	Revision: Format
			4.2.4 (1), 4.2.7 (1)	Revision: Synchronization classification
			4.2.7 (1), 4.2.8 (1), 4.2.9 (1)	Addition: Notes about LT_SGNL
			Chapter 7	Revision: Section numbers
			Chapter 8	Addition: Entire chapter on the detection of alarms/warnings related to communications or commands

Date of Publication	Rev. No.	WEB Rev. No.	Section	Revised Content
June 2010	<1>	1	Chapter 3, Chapter 4, Chapter 5, Chapter 6, Chapter 7	Partly revised
			Back cover	Addition: Address
				Addition: The words "Original instructions"
February 2010		0	All chapters	Completely revised
July 2007	Ι	-	-	First edition

# AC Servo Drives $\Sigma$ -V Series /DC Power Input $\Sigma$ -V Series / $\Sigma$ -V Series for Large-Capacity Models **USER'S MANUAL** MECHATROLINK-II Commands

#### **IRUMA BUSINESS CENTER (SOLUTION CENTER)**

480, Kamifujisawa, Iruma, Saitama, 358-8555, Japan Phone 81-4-2962-5151 Fax 81-4-2962-6138 http://www.yaskawa.co.jp

#### YASKAWA AMERICA, INC.

2121, Norman Drive South, Waukegan, IL 60085, U.S.A. Phone 1-800-YASKAWA (927-5292) or 1-847-887-7000 Fax 1-847-887-7310 http://www.yaskawa.com

#### YASKAWA ELÉTRICO DO BRASIL LTDA.

777, Avenida Piraporinha, Diadema, São Paulo, 09950-000, Brasil Phone 55-11-3585-1100 Fax 55-11-3585-1187 http://www.yaskawa.com.br

#### YASKAWA EUROPE GmbH

185, Hauptstraβe, Eschborn, 65760, Germany Phone 49-6196-569-300 Fax 49-6196-569-398 http://www.yaskawa.eu.com

#### YASKAWA ELECTRIC KOREA CORPORATION

9F, Kyobo Securities Bldg. 26-4, Yeouido-dong, Yeongdeungpo-gu, Seoul, 150-737, Korea Phone 82-2-784-7844 Fax 82-2-784-8495 http://www.yaskawa.co.kr

#### YASKAWA ELECTRIC (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD. 151, Lorong Chuan, #04-02A, New Tech Park, 556741, Singapore Phone 65-6282-3003 Fax 65-6289-3003

http://www.yaskawa.com.sg

YASKAWA ELECTRIC (THAILAND) CO., LTD. 59, 1st-5th Floor, Flourish Building, Soi Ratchadapisek 18, Ratchadapisek Road, Huaykwang, Bangkok, 10310, Thailand Phone 66-2-017-0099 Fax 66-2-017-0799 http://www.yaskawa.co.th

#### YASKAWA ELECTRIC (CHINA) CO., LTD.

22F, One Corporate Avenue, No.222, Hubin Road, Shanghai, 200021, China Phone 86-21-5385-2200 Fax 86-21-5385-3299 http://www.yaskawa.com.cn

## YASKAWA ELECTRIC (CHINA) CO., LTD. BEIJING OFFICE Boom 1011, Tower W3 Oriental Plaza, No.1, East Chang An Ave.,

Dong Cheng District, Beijing, 100738, China Phone 86-10-8518-4086 Fax 86-10-8518-4082

#### YASKAWA ELECTRIC TAIWAN CORPORATION 9F, 16, Nanking E. Rd., Sec. 3, Taipei, 104, Taiwar Phone 886-2-2502-5003 Fax 886-2-2505-1280



YASKAWA ELECTRIC CORPORATION

In the event that the end user of this product is to be the military and said product is to be employed in any weapons systems or the manufacture thereof, the export will fall under the relevant regulations as stipulated in the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Regulations. Therefore, be sure to follow all procedures and submit all relevant documentation according to any and all rules, regulations and laws that may apply. Specifications are subject to change without notice for ongoing product modifications and improvements

© 2007-2015 YASKAWA ELECTRIC CORPORATION

MANUAL NO. SIEP S800000 54I <8>-0 Published in Japan September 2015 15-8-11 Original instructions