# PROGRAMMABLE CONTROLLER

**Operating Manual** 

**Programming unit** 

type A7PU



### REVISIONS

\*The manual number is given on the bottom left of the back cover.

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## REVISIONS

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#### INTRODUCTION

Thank you for choosing the Mitsubishi MELSEC-A Series of General Purpose Programmable Controllers. Please read this manual carefully so that the equipment is used to its optimum. A copy of this manual should be forwarded to the end User.

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## 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The A7PU programming unit (hereinafter referred to as "PU") is a programming unit with audio cassette interface used for the MELSEC-A series.

This Operating Manual describes the operations of the PU.

This manual is structured as follows:

Differences between Type A6PU Programming Unit and Type A7PU Programming Unit are as described below:

- 1) ROM cassettes for A6PU and A7PU are not compatible with each other.
- 2) Applicable CPU types are as indicated in the following table. (O: Usable, X: Unusable)

PU Type CPU Type	A6PU	Α7Ρυ
A0J2CPU	×	0
A1CPU, A1ECPU, A1NCPU	0	0
A2CPU, A2ECPU, A2NCPU	0	0
A3CPU, A3ECPU, A3NCPU	0	0
АЗНСРО	×	0

# **1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

After unpacking, make sure that the package includes the following products.

Description	Quantity
Type A7PU programming unit	1
Type J-1 cable (for connection with audio cassette recorder)	1

## POINT

In using the PU, refer to the following manuals as required:

- · A series CPU User's Manual.
- · Instruction Manual for the audio cassette used.

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#### 2. SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

This chapter describes system configurations with which the PU may be used.

#### 2.1 Applicable System

The PU has a programming function and an audio cassette function. If may be used in the following two ways in conjunction with the A series PC:

- 1) Add-on system: The PU is connected directly onto the A series CPU.
- 2) Hand-held system: The PU is connected to the A series CPU with the AC30R4 (AC300R4) cable (for A6GPP).

Example configurations are shown in Fig. 2.1 and Fig. 2.2 on the following pages.

A7PUs manufactured after March, 1987 or those which have an H before the date of manufacture may be used with the A3HCPU (P21/R21). The name plate shown below indicates the date of manufacture.



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Fig. 2.1 System Configuration Example



Fig. 2.2 System Configuration Example \_\_\_\_\_ 2-3 \_\_\_\_\_

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#### 2.2 System Equipment

Table 2.1 indicates equipment which will be required for the system configurations shown in Fig. 2.1 and Fig. 2.2.

Туре	Description Remarks	
A7PU	Programming unit	<ul> <li>Programming unit with LCD indicator</li> <li>Equipped with programming function and audio cassette function</li> </ul>
AC30R4	RS-422 Cable	<ul> <li>Connection cable between A series CPU and A7PU.</li> <li>Length 3 m.</li> </ul>
AC300R4	RS-422 Cable	<ul> <li>Connection cable between A series CPU and A7PU. Length 30 m.</li> </ul>
J-1	Cable for audio cassette	• Connection cable between A7PU and audio cassette. Length 2 m.

Table 2.1 System Equipment List

# 3. SPECIFICATIONS

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## 3. SPECIFICATIONS

Describes the performance specifications of the PU.

## 3.1 General Specifications

The general specifications of the PU are as indicated below:

Item		S	pecifications		
Ambient temperature	Operating		0 to 40°	°C	
	Storage	-20 to 50° C			
Ambient humidity	Operating	85%RH or less (no condensation)			
	Storage	10 to 90%RH or less (no condensation)			
Vibration resistance		Frequency	Acceleration	Amplitude	Sweep count
	Conforms to JIS C9011.	10 to 55Hz	_	0.075mm	10 times
		55 to 150Hz	1g	-	(1 octave/minute)
Shock resistance	Conforms	to JIS C0912. (10g,	3 times in each o	f X, Y, and Z	directions)

Table 3.1 General Specifications of A7PU (Continue)

ltem	Specifications
Operating ambience	There should be no corrosive gases and dust should be minimum.
Cooling system	Self-cooling

Table 3.1 General Specifications of A7PU

# 3. SPECIFICATIONS

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#### 3.2 A6PU Performance Specifications

The performance specifications of the PU are as indicated below:

Item		Specifications	
Connected unit	A series PC		
Power, current consumption	Power supplied from connected A CPU (5V DC, 0.3A)		
	Add-on	Loaded to A series CPU directly.	
Connection system	Hand-held	Connected by AC30R4 cable.	
Display system	Display of 16 characters x 2 lines (with cursor) (liquid crystal display) Equipped with illumination for the display		
Operation system	54 operation keys (Covered by polyurethane film)		
Key operation check	Buzzer		
	Applicable audio cassette	Domestic audio cassette recorder (See Appendix 1).	
Audio cassette interface	Applicable tape	Any domestic cassette tape (particularly home computer types)	
	Transmission speed	600 BPS	
	Record output/replay output	100mVp-p/5Vp-p	

Table 3.2 Performance Specifications of A7PU (Continue)

ltem	Specifications
External dimensions mm (inch)	188 (7.40) (height) x 79 (3.11) (width) x 44.5 (1.75) (depth). When loaded directly to CPU, depth is 37.5 (1.48).
Weight kg (lb)	0.5 (1.1)

Table 3.2 Performance Specifications of A7PU

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#### 3.3 Connection Cables

The specifications of connection cables required for the PU are as indicated below.

## (1) AC30R4 cable

Item	Specifications	
Connected CPU	Between A series CPU and A7PU	
Length m (ft)	3 (9.84)	
Weight kg (lb)	0.5 (1.1)	

Table 3.3 AC30R4 Cable

(2) AC300R4 cable

Item	Specifications	
Connected CPU	Between A series CPU and A7PU	
Length m (ft)	30 (98.4)	
Weight kg (lb)	5 (11)	

Table 3.4 AC300R4 Cable

# 3. SPECIFICATIONS

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## (3) J-1 cable

ltem	Specifications
Connected unit	Between A7PU and audio cassette recorder
Length m (ft)	2 (6.56)
Weight kg (lb)	0.03 (0.07)

Table 3.5 J-1 Cable

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## 4. HANDLING

This chapter describes the handling instructions, nomenclature, and maintenance of the PU.

## 4.1 Handling Instructions

- (1) Do not drop or subject to shock.
- (2) Do not disassemble the case.
- (3) When the PU is not in use or the PU is connected to the CPU via a cable, fit the protective cap on to the connector.
- (4) Do not touch the connector pins of the PU.
- (5) Do not open the ROM cartridge container and do not remove the ROM cartridge located inside.

## IMPORTANT

- (1) When designing the system, ensure that all protective and safety circuits are located outside the PC.
- (2) Static electricity will damage the components on the printed circuit board therefore:
  - 1) Ground human body and work bench.
  - 2) Do not touch the conductive areas of the printed circuit board or the components with any non-grounded material.

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#### 4.2 Nomenclature

The nomenclature of the PU is indicated in Fig. 4.1 and Fig. 4.2.



Fig. 4.1 Nomenclature of A7PU (front)

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Fig. 4.2 Nomenclature of A7PU (rear)

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Fig. 4.3 Arrangement of Operation Keyboard

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#### 4.3 Maintenance

The PU has no special components which require inspection or replacement.

When keeping the PU in storage, take care of the following points:

(1) Avoid storing the PU in the following environments:

- 1) Ambient temperature is outside the range  $-10^{\circ}$ C to  $50^{\circ}$ C.
- 2) Ambient humidity is outside the range 10 to 90%RH.
- 3) Condensation occurs due to sudden temperature changes.
- 4) Anywhere that the PU may be subjected to wind and rain or the direct rays of the sun.
- 5) Anywhere that there are excessive amounts of conductive powders, such as dust, dirt, and iron filings, or corrosive gases, oil mist, salt, etc.
- (2) Ensure that the audio cassette manual is fully understood before use.

- (3) Avoid storing tape cassettes in places where temperature and/or humidity are high or in the vicinity of strong magnetic fields.
- (4) When storing a cassette for a long time, replay and rewind it on the cassette player every six months.

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#### 5. STARTING PROCEDURE

5.1 Starting Procedure and General Operation Procedure



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#### 5.2 Connecting and Disconnecting to and from the A Series CPU

The PU can be connected and disconnected to and from the PC while it is running. If possible, however, connect and disconnect the PU with the PC in STOP mode. When connecting and disconnecting the PU with the PC in RUN mode take care to insert the connector properly.

Fig. 5.1 shows the connecting and disconnecting procedures for direct connection with the PC and Fig. 5.2 shows the connecting and disconnecting procedures for remote connection.

When using the audio cassette function, connect the PU according to Fig. 5.1 or Fig. 5.2, and then connect the PU and the audio cassette according to Fig. 5.4.

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Fig. 5.1 Connection and Disconnection Procedures for direct connection with CPU.

- (3) Disconnecting procedure
  - 1) Press the CL key.
  - 2) Remove the PU fixing screws.
  - 3) Unload the PU from the CPU.
  - 4) Fit the RS422 connector protective cap to the rear of the PU.
  - 5) Fit the CPU connector cap.

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#### (1) Connecting procedure

- 1) Remove the CPU connector cap.
- Remove the protective cap from the connector at the top of the PU. Store the protective cap by clipping it to the lugs on the bottom of the PU. (Refer to Fig. 5.5.)
- Connect the plastic cased connector on the AC30R4 to the socket on the top of the PU.
- Connect the metal cased connector to the R\$422 socket on the CPU and tighten the fixing screws.
- (2) Operation

Perform operation according to Chapter 6 or Chapter 7.



Fig. 5.2 Connecting and Disconnecting Procedures for Remote Connection with CPU
- (3) Unloading procedure
  - 1) Press the CL key.
  - Remove the fixing screws on the CPU connector and disconnect the AC30R4 cable from the CPU. Fit the cap to the CPU connector.
  - 3) Disconnect the AC30R4 cable from the PU.
  - 4) Fit the protection cap to the connector on the top of the PU.

For connecting ans disconnecting of the AC30R4 cable to and from the connector at the top of the PU, refer to Fig. 5.3.

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#### (1) Connection of PU and AC30R4 cable

Insert the PU connector end of the AC30R4 cable into the PU in the direction shown on the left. (Insert the connector until clicking sound is heard.)

### (2) Disconnection of PU and AC30R4 cable

- Push the connector release button in the direction of arrow (1).
- With the button pressed, pull the connector in the direction of arrow (2).

#### Fig. 5.3 Connecting and Disconnecting of PU and AC30R4 Cable





### (1) J-1 to PU

As shown on the left, connect the cable to the audio cassette connector at the bottom of the PU.

(2) Connection to audio cassette • Write mode

Connect the cable to the microphone terminal or equivalent of audio cassette recorder.

 $\circ$  Read and verify modes

Connect the cable to the earphone terminal or equivalent of audio cassette recorder.

#### Fig. 5.4 Connection with Audio Cassette



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#### 5.3 Checking of CPU Type



(2) When the PU is connected with the CPU or the PU is reset (refer to Section 5.6), the following screen is displayed.



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### REMARKS

After the PU is connected to the CPU, it takes 3 to 5 seconds until the screen shown on the left is displayed. Before this screen is displayed, the status of screen is as shown below. (The same applies during communication with the ACPU.)



5.4 Checking of Keyword (or Entry Code) (only applicable if an entry code has been entered into the parameters)





#### REMARKS



When the CPU type checking operation is performed after the entry code is specified (6-digit hexadecimal number), the keyword input screen is displayed.

When a keyword has not been entered or A7PU is loaded in A0J2CPU, the screen shown in Section 5.5 is displayed.

- 1) Input the six digit hexadecimal data using the device number setting keys.
- 2) Check the keyword. After OK/NG has been displayed for two seconds, the screen shown in Section 5.5 is displayed. When keyword and entry codes do not coincide, only the following operations are valid.



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#### 5.5 Function Selection

Basic Operation $\left( \begin{bmatrix} SFT \\ \pm \end{bmatrix} \right)$ Function selection							
Operation Procedure          P R 0 G R A M M I N G            STP ±             (Programming function is selected.)							
Function	Verify	Read (Replay)	Write (Record)	Insertion/ Deletion	Monitor	Test	Parameter
PROGRAMMING		Always possible	Only during CPU stop	Only during CPU stop	Always possible	Always possible	Only during CPU stop
CASSETTE MT	Always possible	Only during CPU stop	Always possible				
DURING RUN PROGRAMMING		Always possible	Always possible	Only during CPU stop	Always possible	Always possible	Only during CPU stop
PROGRAMMING (SUB)		Always possible	Only during CPU stop	Only during CPU stop	Always possible	Always possible	Only during CPU stop
DURING RUN PROGRAMMING(SUB)		Always possible	Always possible	Only during CPU stop	Always possible	Always possible	Only during CPU stop

\* "Duting CPU stop" means at stop or pause status.

Table 5.1 Operating Conditions of Various Modes

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Select either the programming function or the audio cassette function.

By pressing the |SFT| key, the display screen changes as shown below. By the input of  $\begin{pmatrix} STP \\ \pm \end{pmatrix}$  key, the screen display function is selected.



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#### 5.6 Reset Operation

Operation Procedure	Press both the $\begin{bmatrix} RST \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ + \end{bmatrix}$ keys at the same time.
This triggers a hardware	reset for the PU. Proceed to Section 5.3.

### POINT

- 1) The reset operation may be used at any time.
- 2) When switching between the programming function and the audio cassette function it is necessary to reset.

#### 5.7 Clear of Keyword (or Entry Code) and Sequence Program

This section describes the procedure necessary when the entry code has been forgotten. In this case all programs must be cleared.



### IMPORTANT

When the clear operation described is performed, all sequence programs are cleared and the parameters changed to default values.



#### 6. PROGRAMMING FUNCTION OPERATION PROCEDURES

The following six programming functions are available:

 Programming
 Read
 For reading a program by step number, instruction, device number, etc.

 Write
 For writing a program. Programs may be written to the CPU while it is running.

 Insert/delete
 For inserting and deleting instructions.

 Monitor
 For monitoring the specified device number, data register, offline switch, etc.

 Test
 For forcing devices ON/OFF, changing the present value of data registers, switching devices ON/OFF line, checking of programs, reading step numbers of errors and reading/writing of programs in machine code.

 Parameter setting
 Mode to set the parameters of the ACPU.

\* "During CPU run" means in run status or in step run status.



#### 6.1 Mode Selection





#### 6.2 Screen Display and General Operation Procedure



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(2) Handling of (SFT) key

The control and display of valid keys is automatically performed by the PU. However, when it is necessary to change this, press the shift (SFT) key.

By pressing the shift key, the key operations change as shown below. (The the mark indicates a strong key operation.)



- (3) Use of CL key
  - (a) For modes other than parameter mode.

The CL (or CLEAR) key is used to delete an instruction while it is being keyed in. Hence if an error is made during program writing, pressing the CL key will allow the operation to be repeated correctly.

- (b) In parameter mode
  - Processing is stopped.
- (4) SSN key

This key is used to declare a step number.

When the son key is pressed, the display of key operation changes to the following.

The lower key codes in area A are valid. The lower key codes in area B are valid.

(5)  $\begin{pmatrix} STP \\ + \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\begin{pmatrix} STP \\ - \end{pmatrix}$  keys

These keys are pressed at the end of a series of key operations in order to execute those key operations.

After checking the display, press the relevant key.

In this manual,  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ \pm \end{bmatrix}$  indicates that either of  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ + \end{bmatrix}$  or  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ - \end{bmatrix}$  key may be pressed.

(6) Cursor display method

The cursor is controlled by the PU and flickers (at intervals of approximately 0.5 seconds). The cursor may appear as  $\blacksquare$  or  $\Box$  depending on the circumstances. In this manual, a frame ( $\Box$ ) is used to indicate the cursor position.



(7) Display of key-input data

Key-input data is displayed on the left of the cursor display in due order.

Example:

0





 A hexadecimal number is displayed in 4 digits or 8 digits without zero suppression. Example:



(9) Device display

When there are two or more devices in a basic instruction a comma is provided after the instruction to indicate which of the devices is currently displayed in the lower portion of the screen.

Example:





(10) Step number display

Step numbers are displayed in decimal.

When two five figure step numbers are being displayed they appear as shown on the right.



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#### 6.3 Instruction Input Procedures

Instruction input procedures with the PU are classified into four as follows:

(1) Instruction code only



- (2) LD, LDI, AND, ANI, OR, ORI, OUT (except OUT T/C), SFT, SET, RST, PLS, and MCR instructions [INS] SP DEVICE DEVICE NO. STP Example: LD X0 ----- LD [X] O STP [X] O STP
- (3) OUT T/C instruction and MC instruction



### REMARKS

In the above instruction input, the input of  $\frac{1}{SP}$  key can be omitted.

- (4) Instructions other than the above
  - Press the  $\vec{s_P}$  key between the instruction and device and between source data and destination data. Example: MOV K255 D0  $\longrightarrow$  MOV  $\vec{s_P}$  K 2 5 5  $\vec{s_P}$  D 0  $\vec{s_TP}$   $+ D1 D2 D3 \longrightarrow + \vec{s_P}$  D 1  $\vec{s_P}$  D 2  $\vec{s_P}$  D 3  $\vec{s_TP}$ DMOVP D1 D2  $\longrightarrow$   $\begin{bmatrix} D & MOV & P & \vec{s_P} & D & 1 & \vec{s_P} & D & 2 & \vec{s_TP} \\ \hline SFT & D & M & O & V & P & \vec{s_P} & D & 1 & \vec{s_P} & D & 2 & \vec{s_TP} \\ \hline SFT & D & M & O & V & P & \vec{s_P} & D & 1 & \vec{s_P} & D & 2 & \vec{s_TP} \\ \hline \end{bmatrix}$
- (5) ASCII character input procedure To include a blank code in an ASCII character string, press the SFT key.
- (6) Handling of devices M and L

In test, monitor, write, and insert modes, the displays of devices M and L change depending on the setting.

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Example: Assume that the parameter setting is M0 to 999 and L1000 to L2047. By pressing the WR, SSN, O, STP, LD, L, O, and STP, keys, the PU display shows LD M0.

#### 6.4 Write Mode

Write mode is used to write a new program to the RAM of the programmable controller CPU or modify a program. For write operation in machine language, refer to Section 6.8.6 (page 6-70).

(1) Write during run

Write during CPU run may be performed with the following restrictions:

- (a) Any previous instruction which is being overwritten should be of the same length (i.e. same number of steps) as that replacing it.
- (b) Both the instruction prior to the write operation and the instruction to be written should not be P or I instructions.
- (2) Check for the same coil

In write mode, double coil error check is not made.

Check for double coil may be made in test mode. For the operation procedure and other details, refer to Section 6.8.4 (page 6-67).

(3) Sequence program capacity

When the sequence program capacity is set to nK steps, the number of usable steps is as described below:

0 to (n x 1024 – 2) steps

Example: In the case of 2K steps

 $0 \text{ to } 2 \times 1024 - 2 = 0 \text{ to } 2046 (= 2047 \text{ steps})$ 

When microcomputer program capacity has been set to mK bytes with the A0J2CPU, the number of steps is 0 to  $[(7 - m/2) \times 1024 - 1)]$  steps.

Example: Setting of microcomputer program capacity to 2K bytes

0 to  $[(7 - 2/2) \times 1024 - 1] = 0$  to 6143 (= 6144 steps)

The relation between the RUN/STOP key switch positions of CPU unit and the write conditions is as indicated below.

	Key Switch Position of CPU Unit					
Function	RUN	STOP	PAUSE	STEP RUN		
Programming function	×	0	0	x		
Programming function during CPU run	0	0	0	0		
<b>REMARKS</b> For the A0J2CPU, PAUSE and STEP RUN are r	not available.		O mark: X mark:			

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The basic operation in write mode is as described below.

Mode	Item	Basic Operation			
All clear (Batch write of NOP) Write Write of program	1	In write mode $STP \longrightarrow STP NO. \longrightarrow \pm NOP \longrightarrow K \longrightarrow STEP NO. \longrightarrow \pm $			
	In read, insert/delete, { Instruction display operation in read, }→₩R→J				
		In write mode $SSN \rightarrow STEP NO. \rightarrow \stackrel{STP}{\pm} \rightarrow \stackrel{Setting of}{\lim_{t \to t}} \rightarrow \stackrel{STP}{\pm}$			
		In read, insert/delete, { Instruction display operation in read, }→WR」 or monitor mode			

-- indicates operation to be performed when step number is displayed.



#### 6.4.1 All clear (Consecutive write of NOP)



- (1) The memory is cleared using this procedure.
- (2) Press the ssN, STEP NO., and TP keys to display the head step number at which the NOP instructions will be written. By pressing the NOP, κ, STEP NO., and TP keys, the final step number is specified and the NOP write operation is executed.
   In the operation from read, insert/delete, or monitor mode, the displayed step number is used as a head step number. By pressing the WR, NOP, STEP NO., and TP keys, the final step number is used as a precified and the NOP write operation is executed.

If the initial step number is located halfway through an instruction, the head step of that instruction is taken as the head step number.

If the final step number is located halfway through an instruction, the clearing operation is automatically performed up to the final step of that instruction.

Refer to Operation example 3.

### REMARKS

The consecutive write of NOP takes approximately 5.5 seconds per 1K step.



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Operation example 2 (Operation from read, insert/delete, or monitor mode)



Operation example 3 (The head step number or the final step number is located halfway through an instruction)



#### 6.4.2 Write of program



- After setting the step number, input the instruction and press the <sup>STP</sup><sub>±</sub> key. This writes the instruction to the CPU memory and advances the step number.
   Thereafter, each time the Setting of Instruction and STP are input, the instruction is written and the step number incremented.
- (2) An instruction is not written per step but written per instruction.

### Example:

In the case of <u>MOV D0 D1</u>, MOV, D0, and D1 do not need to be written separately but in blocks.

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- (3) When the instruction written in the memory is overwritten with another instruction, the number of steps of the preceding instruction may be different from the number of steps of the instruction to be written. In this case, the step numbers of the succeeding program are automatically shifted. (For details, refer to the following page.)

Therefore, if write operation is performed after a program has been written up to the maximum memory capacity, the program in the vicinity of the final step exceeds the memory capacity and is erased.

(4) Be sure to write the END instruction at the end of program.

Processing examples when the number of steps of the instruction written in the memory is different from the number of steps of the instruction to be written



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#### 6.5 Read Mode

Read mode is used to read the memory of the programmable controller CPU.

The read operation can be performed either during the stop or run of the CPU. However, the read operation during run by instruction or device may take some time. (Time is proportional to the number of steps in the sequence program.)

For the read operation in machine language, refer to Section 6.8.6 (page 6-70).

The basic operation in read mode is as described below.

Mode	ltem	Basic Operation	
Read	Read by step number	Operation in read mode $SSN \longrightarrow STEP NO. \longrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} STP \\ \pm \end{bmatrix}$	
		Operation from write, insert/delete, or monitor mode $\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{Instruction display operation from write,}\\ \text{insert/delete, or monitor mode}\end{array}\right) \longrightarrow \mathbb{R} \mathbb{D} \longrightarrow \mathbb{S} \mathbb{T} \mathbb{P} \underbrace{\pm}$	
	Read by instruction	$[NS] \xrightarrow{i}_{SP} \xrightarrow{i}_{DEVICE} \xrightarrow{i}_{DEVICE NO.} \xrightarrow{STP}_{\underline{\pm}}$	
	Read by device number		

#### 6.5.1 Read by step number



- (1) After specifying the step number press the  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ + \end{bmatrix}$  or  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ \end{bmatrix}$  to display that instruction.
- (2) When the specified step number is located halfway through an instruction, the head step number of that instruction is used.
  - Example: When step 106 is specified in the example shown on the following page, the program is displayed beginning with step 104.
- (3) Each time the  $(TP)_{+}$  key is pressed, the next instruction is displayed. Each time the  $(TP)_{+}$  key is pressed, the preceding instruction is displayed.

(4) If the specified step number exceeds the final step, the program automatically returns step 0. If the step number precedes step 0, the program automatically returns to the final step.

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DMOV

K-1234567890Z ₽

09

STP

+



#### 6.5.2 Read by instruction



- (1) The following instructions are read with devices and device numbers provided. The other instructions are read only by instruction.
  - LD OR AND SET PLS SFT OUT MC
  - LDI ORI ANI RST MCR
  - The OUT T, OUT C, and MC instructions are read as follows:
  - Example: Instruction . . . . OUT TO K123, read as OUT TO and instruction MC N3 M1023, read as MC N3
  - As for the P and I instructions, only read by device number can be performed. (Refer to Section 6.5.3)

- (2) After setting the instruction, the first  $\stackrel{\text{(STP)}}{\pm}$  input searches that instruction, starting at step 0, and displays the detected step. Thereafter, the  $\stackrel{\text{(STP)}}{\pm}$  input starts the search from the next step and displays the next detected step. When the step is not found, "CANT FIND" is displayed.
- (3) Change of input data

Prior to the  $\binom{\text{STP}}{\pm}$  input, data can be changed by the following operation.

DEVICE NO.

- 1) After pressing the CL key, input correct data.
- 2) To change the INS , input SFT and INS
- 3) To change the DEVICE and

, simply key in the correct data.

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Read Procedure by Instruction

(1) Read of comparison instruction

When an instruction has been specified, the specified instruction and all-related instructions are read depending on instructions.

Specified Instruction		Read Instructio	n
=	LD≈	, AND=	, OR=
D=	LDD=	, ANDD=	, ORD=
<>	LD<>	, AND<>	, OR<>
D<>	LDD<>	, ANDD<>	, ORD<>
>	LD>	, AND>	, OR>
D>	LDD>	, ANDD>	, ORD>
< =	LD< =	, AND< =	, OR< =
D< =	LDD< =	, ANDD< =	, ORD< =
<	LD<	, AND<	, OR<
D<	LDD<	, ANDD<	, ORD<
> =	LD> =	, AND> =	, OR> =
D> =	LDD> =	, ANDD> =	, ORD> =

When the full instruction has been specified (such as LD= and LDD=), only those instructions are searched and read.

(2) Read of instruction, which is executed when input condition turns on, and instruction which is executed only once when input condition turns on (e.g. MOV and MOVP)

Specified Instruction	Read Instruction		
Instruction executed when input condition turns on	<ul> <li>Specified instruction</li> <li>Instruction executed only once when input condition turns on</li> </ul>		
Instruction executed only once when input condition turns on	Specified instruction		

For example, in the case of MOV instruction (executed when the input condition turns on) and MOVP instruction (instruction executed only once when the input condition turns on), when MOV is specified, both the MOV instruction and the MOVP instruction are read. When MOVP is specified, only the MOVP instruction is read.

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#### 6.5.3 Read by device number



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If the step cannot be detected after searching up to END, "CANT FIND" is displayed.

### (3) Change of input data

Prior to the  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ \pm \end{bmatrix}$  input, data can be changed with the following operation.

1) Press the  $c_1$  key and input correct data.





Operation example

Circuit example

#### 6.6 Insert/Delete Mode

The insert/delete mode is used to add or delete instructions to or from the program memory. In this mode, operation can be performed only during CPU stop.

The basic operation in insert/delete mode is as described below.

Mode	ltem	Basic Operation		
	Insertion of instructions	Operation in insert/delete mode $SSN \rightarrow STEP NO. \rightarrow \underbrace{STP}_{1 \text{ Instruction}} \rightarrow \underbrace{STP}_{+}$		
In cort /		Operation from read, write, or monitor mode $\left( \begin{array}{c} \text{Instruction display operation in} \\ \text{read, write, or monitor mode} \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \underbrace{\mathbb{N}_{\text{DE}}}_{\text{DE}}$		
Insert/ delete	Deletion of instructions	Operation in insert/delete mode $SSN \rightarrow STEP NO. \rightarrow STP + STP - STP$		
		Operation from read, write, or monitor mode $\left( \begin{array}{c} \text{Instruction display operation in} \\ \text{read, write, or monitor mode} \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \underbrace{\mathbb{M}}_{\mathbb{M}}$		

---- indicates operation to be performed when step number is displayed.



#### 6.6.1 Insertion of instructions



(1) A new program is inserted in front of the specified step. The succeeding instructions and step numbers are adjusted accordingly.

If the insert operation is performed with program lengths approaching the maximum memory capacity and the addition of steps causes the memory capacity to be exceeded, the final instructions will be lost.

(2) An instruction is not inserted per step but per instruction.

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- (3) After inputting the STEP NO. , either the  $\stackrel{\text{STP}}{\stackrel{+}{+}}$  or  $\stackrel{\text{STP}}{\stackrel{-}{-}}$  key may be operated. However, after setting an instruction, it is inserted by pressing  $\stackrel{\text{STP}}{\stackrel{+}{-}}$  key. (The  $\stackrel{\text{STP}}{\stackrel{+}{-}}$  key is valid in delete mode.)
- (4) Instructions are keyed in as described in section 6.3.
- (5) When the step number is located halfway through an instruction, the head step number of the instruction is searched and that step number and instruction are displayed.

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### 6.6.2 Deletion of instructions



- (1) By the input of  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ \end{bmatrix}$ , the instruction at the displayed step number is deleted. Step numbers are adjusted accordingly.
- (2) An instruction is not deleted per step but per instruction.
- (3) After inputting the STEP NO. , either the  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ + \end{bmatrix}$  or  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ \end{bmatrix}$  key may be operated. In delete mode, however, only the input of  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ \end{bmatrix}$  is valid. (The  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ + \end{bmatrix}$  key is valid in insert mode.)
- (4) When the step number is located halfway through an instruction, the head step number of the instruction is searched and that step number and instruction are displayed.



 STP
 1
 0
 0
 M
 7

 STP
 1
 0
 0
 U
 Y
 2
 0

(Circuit example)

In this example, dotted-line area is deleted.

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By the deletion operation, the step numbers change.

#### 6.7 Monitor Mode

Monitor mode is used to monitor the ON/OFF states of various devices and the contents of various registers in order to check the operation of the program. Monitor mode can be operated during CPU run. The basic operation in monitor mode is as described below.

Mode	ltem	Basic Operation
	Monitor of X, Y, M, L, B, and F	$DEVICE \longrightarrow DEVICE NO. \longrightarrow \stackrel{(STP)}{\underline{\pm}}$
	Monitor of D, W, R, A, Z, and V	Monitor of D, W, R, and A $DEVICE \rightarrow DEVICE NO. \rightarrow STP_{\pm}$
		Monitor of Z and V $DEVICE \xrightarrow{\text{STP}}$
Monitor	Monitor of T/C present value and contact ON/OFF status	DEVICE $\longrightarrow$ DEVICE NO. $\longrightarrow \underbrace{\text{STP}}_{\underline{\pm}}$
	Continuity check	Operation in monitor mode Operation from write, insert/delete, or read mode $(Instruction display operation in write insert/delete, or read mode (Instruction display operation in write insert/delete, or read mode)$
	Monitor of offline switch (Y, M, L, B, F)	$\boxed{\text{DEVICE}} \longrightarrow \overrightarrow{\text{SFT}} \longrightarrow \overrightarrow{\text{DEVICE NO.}} \longrightarrow \overrightarrow{\overset{\text{STP}}{\pm}} $ Not available for A0J2, A3HCPU.

---> indicates operation to be performed when step number is displayed.



#### 6.7.1 Monitor of X, Y, M, L, B, and F



### (1) The ON/OFF status of the specified device is displayed.



The ON/OFF status is displayed to the left of the device.

(2) By the input of  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ + \end{bmatrix}$ , the ON/OFF status of the next device number is displayed. By the input of  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ - \end{bmatrix}$ , the ON/OFF status of the preceding device number is displayed.

(If  $\begin{pmatrix} STP \\ + \end{pmatrix}$  is input when the largest device number is being displayed, the device number returns to the head device number. If  $\begin{pmatrix} STP \\ - \end{pmatrix}$  is input when the head device number is being displayed, the device number returns to the largest device number.)

- (3) The screen displays the ON/OFF states of a maximum of four devices.
- (4) When the SFT key is pressed during the operation of this function, the execution proceeds to the monitor operation of offline switch (Section 6.7.5 on page 6-54). (Invalid for A0J2, A3HCPU.)



#### Operation example





### 6.7.2 Monitor of D, W, R, A, Z, and V



(1) The value of the selected device is displayed in decimal or hexadecimal. Perform switching between decimal and hexadecimal with the  $s_{FT}$  key after  $\left\{ \frac{STP}{\pm} \right\}$ .



- (2) By pressing the  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ + \end{bmatrix}$  key, the ON/OFF status of the next device number is displayed. By pressing the  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ + \end{bmatrix}$  key, the ON/OFF status of the preceding device number is displayed.
  - $(If \xrightarrow{STP}_{+})$  is input when the largest device number is being displayed, the device number returns to the head device number. If  $\xrightarrow{STP}_{-}$  is input when the head device number is being displayed, the device number ber returns to the largest device number.)
- (3) The screen displays the contents of two devices.
- (4) Monitor operation for 32-bit instruction.

The PU monitors device values in units of 16 bits. Therefore, when a 32-bit instruction in used, monitor the contents of the two consecutive devices used for the 32 bit data instruction.

Example: Contents of registers after the execution of DMOV K100 D0

Decimal monitor	Hexadecimal monitor
D0 = 100	M0064
D1 = 0	M0000

In hexadecimal, the content is H00000064.

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#### Operation example





#### 6.7.3 Monitor of T/C present value and contact ON/OFF status



(3) The screen displays the ON/OFF states and values of two devices.



#### Operation example





### 6.7.4 Continuity check



- (1) Using the operation "Read by step number" (Section 6.5.1 on page 6-25), a program is read and the continuity status, contact ON/OFF status, and device present value are displayed.
- (2) Explanation of display (For display screen, refer to the following page)
  - Continuity status: The continuity status after the execution of the instruction is displayed to the left of the instruction. (Not displayed for A0J2, A3HCPU)
    - ON/OFF display: Displayed to the left side of the device number.

Present value: Displayed above the T/C number for a sequence instruction.

Displayed to the left of the device number for a basic or application instruction.

Switch between decimal and hexadecimal by pressing the (SFT) key after  $\binom{STP}{\pm}$ .

(3) By pressing the stp key, the next instruction is displayed. By pressing the stp key, the preceding instruction is displayed.

 $(If \overset{\text{STP}}{+})$  is input at the final number, the step number returns to the head step number. If  $\overset{\text{STP}}{-}$  is input at the head step number, the step number returns to the final step number.)

(4) Even if digit qualification or index qualification has been performed, the continuity check is made for the previous device number.

Example D0Z: The present value of D0 is displayed. (Not the present value of D[0+Z]) K2X0: ON/OFF of X0 is displayed. (Not ON/OFF of X0 to X7)





(6) Basic instruction and application instruction



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#### Operation example





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### 6.7.5 Monitor of offline switch (Y, M, L, B, F) (Not available for A0J2, A3HCPU.)



Offline status causes the coil of the element to be effectively disconnected from its controlling logic.
 (2) By pressing the STP / key, the status of the next device number is displayed. By pressing the STP / key, the status of the preceding device number is displayed.

(If  $\begin{pmatrix} STP \\ + \end{pmatrix}$  is input when the largest device number is being displayed, the device number returns to the head device number. If  $\begin{pmatrix} STP \\ - \end{pmatrix}$  is input when the head device number is being displayed, the device number returns to the largest device number.)

(3) The screen displays the offline statuses of two devices.

- (4) When the SFT key is pressed during the operation of this function, the execution proceeds to the monitor operation of X, Y, M, L, B, and F (Section 6.7.1 on page 6-42).
- (5) For the set/reset operation of offline switch, refer to Section 6.8.3. on page 6-64.

Operation example



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### 6.8 Test Mode

Test mode is used to perform the test operation for the program and to read any error steps and error descriptions when appropriate. In test mode, operation can be performed during CPU run or stop. The basic operation in test mode is as described below.

Mode	ltem	Basic Operation	
	Set/reset of X, Y, M, L, B, and F	$\boxed{\text{DEVICE}} \longrightarrow \boxed{\text{DEVICE NO.}} \longrightarrow \xrightarrow{\text{STP}} \longrightarrow \boxed{\text{SET}} \left( \text{or } \overrightarrow{\text{RST}} \right)$	
	Present value change of T, C, D, W, R, A, Z, and V	$\boxed{\text{DEVICE}} \rightarrow \boxed{\text{DEVICE NO.}} \rightarrow \underbrace{\stackrel{\text{STP}}{\pm}}_{\pm} \rightarrow \underbrace{}_{Present value} \rightarrow \underbrace{\stackrel{\text{STP}}{\pm}}_{\pm}$	
Test	Set/reset of offline switch (Y, M, L, B, and F)	$\boxed{\text{DEVICE}}  \text{SFT}  \text{DEVICE NO.} \xrightarrow{\text{STP}}  \text{SET} (\text{or } \text{RST})$	
	Program check		
	Read of error step and error description at error time	$\begin{array}{c} K \longrightarrow \overset{STP}{\underline{+}} \end{array}$	

Mode	ltem	Basic Operation	
Test	Read/write in machine language	Read SSN → ADDRESS → STP ±	
		Write $SSN \rightarrow ADDRESS \rightarrow (STP \pm Machine language code \rightarrow (STP \pm Machine language code \pm (STP \pm $	

For the A0J2, A3HCPU, set/reset of the offline switch cannot be performed.

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#### 6.8.1 Set/reset of X, Y, M, L, B, and F



- (2) If the device being set/reset is X, the processing of any instructions using this device is carried out on an "or" basis between the image memory and the actual input. (The image memory is set/reset by this function)

Take care not to SET/RESET X devices used in the data link.

- (3) By the input of  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ + \end{bmatrix}$ , the next device number is displayed. By the input of  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ \end{bmatrix}$ , the preceding device number is displayed.
  - (If  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ + \end{bmatrix}$  is input when the largest device number is being displayed, the device number returns to the head device number. If  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ \end{bmatrix}$  is input when the head device number is being displayed, the device number returns to the largest device number.)
- (4) The screen displays the states of a maximum of four devices.
- (5) When the (SFT) key is pressed during the operation of this function, the execution proceeds to the set/reset operation of offline switch (Section 6.8.3 on page 6-64). (Invalid for A0J2, A3HCPU)

### IMPORTANT

Be sure to reset any device which has been set by this operation. e.g. by use of the RESET switch on the CPU unit.


#### Operation example





### 6.8.2 Present value change of T, C, D, W, R, A, Z, and V



(3) When "0" is written as the present value of timer/counter, the contact is also reset.

(4) By pressing the  $\left(\begin{array}{c} STP \\ + \end{array}\right)$  key, the value of the next device number is displayed. By the input of  $\left(\begin{array}{c} STP \\ - \end{array}\right)$ , the value of the preceding device number is displayed.

(If  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ + \end{bmatrix}$  is input when the largest device number is being displayed, the device number returns to the head device number. If  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ - \end{bmatrix}$  is input when the head device number is being displayed, the device number returns to the largest device number.)

- (5) The screen displays the contents of two devices.
- (6) Present value change of special register

The special register is controlled by the OS of the A series CPU. To change the present value of a special register, perform operation after checking the content, referring to the CPU User's manual.

(7) Present value change when 32-bit instruction is used

Changes to present values can only be done in units of 16 bits using the PU. Therefore, convert the 32-bit data to hexadecimal and write it in units of 16 bits.

Example: To store K305432864 (H12348920) to D0 and D1, write H8920 to D0 and H1234 to D1.

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### 6.8.3 Set/reset of offline switch (Y, M, L, B, F) (Not available for A0J2, A3HCPU)



- (1) The selected device number is placed online by pressing \$\begin{bmatrix} SET \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}\$ and offline by pressing \$\begin{bmatrix} RST \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}\$.
   (In offline status, a device can be set to the on or off status by the operation of Section 6.8.1, without regard to the operation result of sequence program.)
- (2) Take care when using this function in conjunction with special function units, since certain Y numbers cannot be set/reset.
- (3) By pressing (TP) , the next device number is displayed. By pressing (TP) , the preceding device number is displayed.
  - (If  $\begin{pmatrix} STP \\ + \\ + \end{pmatrix}$  is input when the largest device number is being displayed, the device number returns to the head device number. If  $\begin{pmatrix} STP \\ \\ \end{pmatrix}$  is input when the head device number is being displayed, the device number returns to the largest device number.)
- (4) The screen displays the contents of a maximum of two devices.



(5) When the SFT key is pressed during the operation of this function, execution proceeds to the set/reset operation of X, Y, M, L, B, and F (Section 6.8.1 on page 6-58).

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#### Operation example



#### 6.8.4 Program check





#### Operation example



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#### 6.8.5 Reading the error step and error description



For error numbers and error messages, refer to Section 8.3 on page 8-7.



### 6.8.6 Read/write in machine language



(1) The content of address set by |SN|, ADDRESS, and  $|T| = \frac{|STP|}{2}$  is directly read from the CPU and displayed in hexadecimal. The new machine language code may then be written to the CPU by inputting Machine language code and  $|T| = \frac{|STP|}{2}$ . The read operation can be performed even during CPU run. However, the write operation can be performed only during CPU stop.

If the PU has been set to programming function during CPU run, the write operation can be performed during CPU run.





(2) By pressing  $(STP)_+$ , the content of the next address is displayed. By pressing  $(STP)_+$ , the content of the previous address is displayed.

#### REMARKS

In this operation, only the area (B) (device number setting keys) shown on page 6-3 are valid.



#### Operation example



### 6.9 Parameter Setting Mode

Parameter setting mode is used to set the parameters of the A1, 2 and 3 CPUs. In this mode, operation can be performed only during CPU stop. A list of parameter is indicated in Table 6.1. Some parameters cannot be set using the A7PU, these must be set using the A6GPP or A6HGP.

	CPU	A0J2 CPU		A1(E)CPU, A1NCPU		A2(E)CPU, A2NCPU		A3(E)CPU, A3NCPU		A3HCPU	
	ltem	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range
setting	Main program	3K steps	No setting	6K steps	1 to 6K steps (in units of 1K step)	6K steps	1 to 14K steps (in units of 1K step)	6K steps	1 to 30K steps (in units of 1K step)	6K steps	1 to 30K steps (in units of 1K step)
ory capacity	Subprogram	0K step	No setting	0K step	No setting	0K step	No setting	0K step	1 to 30K steps (in units of 1K step	0K step	-1 to 30K steps (in units of 1K step)
Memo	File register	0K point	No setting	0K point	No setting	0K point	0 to 4K steps (in units of 1K step)	0K step	0 to 8K steps (in units of 1K step.)	0K point	0 to 8K steps (in units of 1K step)



	CPU A0J2 CPU		J2 CPU	A1(E)CP	U, A1NCPU	A2(E)CPU, A2NCPU		A3(E)CPU, A3NCPU		A3HCPU	
	ltem	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range
scity setting	Comment capacity	1.5K bytes 95 points	No setting	0K byte	0 point or 128 points	0K byte	0 to 4032 points (in units of 64 points)	0K byte	0 to 4032 points (in units of 64 points)	0K byte	0 to 4032 points (in units of 64 points)
ry capacity	Sampling trace	Absent	No setting	Absent	No setting	Absent	Present/ absent	Absent	Present/ absent	Absent	Present/ absent
Memory	Status latch	Absent	No setting	Absent	No setting	Absent	Present/ absent	Absent	Present/ absent	Absent	Present/ absent
	Latch range setting	Half latch Devices to be latched L1024 to 2047, C64 to 127, D256 to 511, T40 to 79, T100 to 119, T124 to 127, B200 to 3FF (W200 to 3FF)	No latch, half latch, full latch		B0 to 3FF T0 to 255 C0 to 255 D0 to 1023 W0 to 3FF (in units of 1 point		B0 to 3FF T0 to 255 C0 to 255 D0 to 1023 W0 to 3FF (n units of -1 point)		B0 to 3FF T0 to 255 C0 to 255 D0 to 1023 W0 to 3FF (in units of 1 point)		B0 to 3FF T0 to 255 C0 to 255 D0 to 1023 W0 to 3FF (in unite of 1 point)



CPU	A0.	A0J2 CPU		A1(E)CPU, A1NCPU		A2(E)CPU, A2NCPU		A3(E)CPU, A3NCPU		A3HCPU	
ltem	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	
Link range specification	-	No setting	-	Number of link stations: 1 to 64 Input (X): X0 to FF Output (Y): Y0 to FF Link register (W): W0 to 3FF Monitor time: 10ms to 2000ms (in units of 10ms)	_	Number of link stations: 1 to 64 Input (X): X0 to FF Output (Y): Y0 to FF Link relay (B): B0 to 31F Link register (W): W0 to 3FF Monitor time: 10ms to 2000ms (in units of 10ms	-	Number of link stations: 1 to 64 Input (X): X0 to FF Output (Y): Y0 to FF Link register (W): W0 to 3FF Monitor time: 10ms to 2000ms (in units of 10ms)	_	Number of link stations: 1 to 64 Input (X): X0 to FF Output (Y): Y0 to FF Link register (W): W0 to 3FF Monitor time: 10ms to 2000ms (in units of 10ms)	

	CPU	A0J2 CPU		A1(E)CPU, A1NCPU		A2(E)CPU, A2NCPU		A3(E)CPU, A3NCPU		АЗНСРИ	
	Item	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range
6	Setting of internal relay, latch relay, step relay	M0 to 999 L1000 to 2047	No setting depends on fatch range setting	M0 to 999 L1000 to 2047	M/L/S0 to 2047	M0 to 999 L1000 to 2047	M/L/S0 to 2047	M0 to 999 L1000 to 2047	M/L/S0 to 2047	M0 to 999 L1000 to 2047	M/L/S0 to 2047
ction setting	Watch dog timer	200ms	No setting	200ms	10ms to 2000ms (in units of 10ms	200ms	10ms to 2000ms (in units of 10ms	200ms	10ms to 2000ms (in units of 10ms	200ms	No Setting
Auxiliary fund	Timer setting	100ms: T0 to 79 10ms: T80 to 119 integra- ting T120 to 255	No setting	100ms: T0 to 199 10ms: T200 to 255	Setting of 100ms, 10ms, integrating timers (in units of 8 points)	100ms: T0 to 199 10ms: T200 to 255	Setting of 100ms, 10ms, integrating timers (in units of 8 points)	100ms: T0 to 199 10ms: T200 to 255	timers (in units of)	100ms: T0 to 199 10ms: T200 to 255	timers (in units of)

Table 6.1 Default Values and Set Values for Each CPU (Continue)

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	/	 ~ -	-	
	′ M	 SF	e .	. /1
1		 JC	<b>U</b>	

	CPU	A0J2 CPU		A1(E)CPU, A1NCPU		A2(E)CPU, A2NCPU		A3(E)CPU, A3NCPU		A3HCPU	
	Item	Defauit value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range
function setting	l/O assignment	64 points	No setting	-	0 to 64 points each (n units of) 16 points) • input (X) unit • Output (Y) unit • Special function unit • Vacant slot	-	0 to 64 points each (n units of) 16 points) unit • Output (Y) unit • Special function unit • Vacant slot	_	0 to 64 points each (n units of 16 points) • input (X) unit • Output (Y) unit • Special function unit • Vacant slot		0 to 64 points each (in units of 16 points) • input (X) unit • Output (Y) unit • Special function unit • Vacant slot
Auxiliary	Remote RUN/PAUSE setting	-	No setting	_	X0 to FF • Only 1 point can be set for RUN contact • Setting of PAUSE contact alone is not allowed.	-	X0 to FF • Only 1 point can be set for RUN contact • Setting of PAUSE contact alone is not allowed.	_	X0 to FF • Oniy 1 point can be set for RUN contact • Setting of PAUSE contact alone is not allowed.	-	X0 to FF • Only 1 point can be set for RUN contact • Setting of PAUSE contact alone is not allowed.

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	CPU	A0J2 CPU		A1(E)CPU, A1NCPU		A2(E)CPU, A2NCPU		A3(E)CPU, A3NCPU		A3HCPU	
	ltem	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range
Auxiliary function setting	Run mode at error	Continu- ation • Fuse blow • Opera- tion error	No setting	Continu- ation • Fuse blow • Opera- tion error [Stop] • //O unit verify error • Special functi- on unit opera- tion orror	(Stop/ continuation) • Fuse blow • Operation error • I/O unit verify error • Special function unit operation error	Continu- ation • Fuse blow • Opera- tion error [Stop] • VO unit verify error • Special functi- on unit opera- tion error	(Stop/ continuation) • Fuse blow • Operation error • I/O unit verify error • Special function unit operation error	Continu ation • Fuse blow • Opera- tion error [Stop] • I/O unit verify error • Special functi- on unit opera- tion error	(Stop/ continuation) • Fuse blow • Operation error • I/O unit verify error • Special function unit operation error	Continu- ation • Fuse blow • Opera- tion error [Stop] • VO unit verify error • Special functi- on unit opera- tion error	Stop/ continuation • Fuse blow • Operation error • I/O unit verify error • Special function unit operation error
	Annunciator display mode	Absent	No setting	Absent	No setting	Absent	No setting	Absent	Display present/ absent	Absent	Display present/ absent

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	CPU A0.		J2 CPU	A1(E)CP	U, A1NCPU	A2(E)CPU, A2NCPU		A3(E)CPU, A3NCPU		A3HCPU	
	ltem	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range
function setting	STOP → RUN output mode	Opera- tion status prior to STOP is restored.	No setting	Opera- tion status prior to STOP is restored.	Output of status prior to STOP or result one scan after operation	Opera- tion status prior to STOP is restored.	Output of status prior to STOP or result one scan after operation	Opera- tion status prior to STOP is restored.	Output of status prior to STOP or result one scan after operation	Opera- tion status prior to STOP is restored.	Output of status prior to STOP or result one scan after operation
Auxiliary f	Counter setting Interrupt counter	-	No setting		C0 to 247 (in units of 8 points	-	C0 to 247 (in units of 8 points	_	C0 to 247 (in units of 8 points	Absent	No setting
F	rint title entry	_	128 alphanumeric and special characters	. —	128 alphanumeric and special characters	-	128 alphanumeric and special characters	_	128 alphanumeric and special characters	-	128 alphanumeric and special characters
	Entry code (keyword) setting		No setting.		6 hexadecimal digits ( 0 to 9, A to F )		6 hexadecimal digits ( 0 to 9, A to F )		6 hexodecimal digits ( 0 to 9, A to F )		6 hexadecimal digits ( 0 to 9, A to F )

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CPU	A0.	J2 CPU	A1(E)CPU, A1NCPU		A2(E)CPU, A2NCPU		A3(E)CPU, A3NCPU		A3HCPU	
ltem	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range	Default value	Parameter setting range
VO control mode	Direct	No setting	A1 direct A1E VO refresh	No setting	A2 direct A2E VO refresh	No setting	A3 direct A3E VO refresh	No setting	l/O direct	<ul> <li>VO refresh</li> <li>Input refresh, output direct</li> <li>Input direct, output refresh</li> <li>VO direct</li> </ul>
Operation mode	Initial opera- tion	No setting	Initial opera- tion	No setting	Initial opera- tion	No setting	Initial opera- tion	No setting	Initial opera- tion	No setting
Interrupt counters for I0 to I31	Absent	No setting	Absent	No setting	Absent	No setting	Absent	No setting	Absent	Absent/ present set per counter



Internal relay, latch relay, step relay range setting for the A0J2CPU.

Selection	Unlatched Area	Latched Area	
· No latch	M0 to 2047, T0 to 255, C0 to 255, D0 to 511, B0 to 3FF, (W0 $\sim$ 3FF)	No setting	
Half latch	M0 to 1023, C0 to 63, D0 to 255, T0 to 39, T80 to 99, T120 to 123, B0 to 1FF, (W0 to FF)	L1024 to 2047, C64 to 127, D256 to 511, T40 to 79, T100 to 119, T124 to 127, B200 to 3FF, (W200 to 3FF)	
All latch         No setting         L0 to 2047,T0 to 255, C0 to 255, D0 to 511, B0 3FF)		L0 to 2047,T0 to 255, C0 to 255, D0 to 511, B0 to 3FF, (W0 to 3FF)	

### REMARKS

- (1) The A7PU only allows the step relay (S) range to be read. The A6GPP/A6HGP/A6PHP must be used to set and change the step relay (S) range.
- (2) The step relay (S) range is "S1536 to 2047" independently of the latch setting when step relay (S) "present" is set to the A0J2CPU.
- (3) The step relay (S) has the same functions as the internal relay (M) and can be used in the same way as the internal relay (M) in the program.

Set parameters in the order that they are presented on the display, for each operation see sections 6.9.1 to 6.9.11.



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#### 6.9.1 Clearing of parameters



page 6-84). For the A0J2CPU, the execution proceeds to the setting of latch range (Section 6.9.6 on page 6-92).

By the  $(\underline{STP})$  input, the execution proceeds to the setting completion operation (Section 6.9.10 on page 6-99).

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(3) When clearing parameters

To change the parameters set in the CPU into default values, select the screen shown below and press  $\left( \begin{array}{c} \text{STP} \\ + \end{array} \right)$ 

P PARAMETER CLEAR

By the  $\left(\frac{\text{STP}}{\pm}\right)$  input, all the parameters are changed to default values and execution proceeds to the setting completion operation (Section 6.9.10 on page 6-99).

POINT

If a keyword (entry code) has been set, parameters cannot be cleared. Therefore, it is necessary to redefine the keyword (Section 6.9.9 on page 6-97).



#### 6.9.2 Setting of program memory capacity (Other than A0J2CPU)



(1) For the setting of program memory capacity, the following screen is displayed.



- (2) By pressing STP or STP + the program memory capacity displayed on the screen is entered as a parameter. (The setting unit is 1K step.)
- (3) When the A3, A3HCPU is used, set the memory capacities of both the main program and subprogram. (When the subprogram is not required, set the subsequence program capacity of 0K step.)



Operation example For A1 or A2CPU

ORB 6

STP

+



STP....Program memory capacity is set to 6K steps. When the A1CPU is used, the execution proceeds to the setting of M and L ranges (Section 6.9.4 on page 6-87). When the A2CPU or A3CPU is used, execution proceeds to the setting of file register capacity (Section 6.9.3 on page 6-86).

For A3 or A3HCPU	P P R O G R A M M E M O R Y M A I N I SK S T E P
SET 4	P PROGRAM MEMORY MAIN 4K STEP
STP +	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c } \hline P & P & R & O & G & R & M & M & E & M & O & R & Y \\ \hline S & U & & & & & & & & \\ \hline S & U & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & &$
SET 4	PPROGRAM MEMORY SUB 44K STEP

.....Subprogram memory capacity is set to 4K steps and execution proceeds to the setting of file register capacity (Section 6.9.3 on page 6-86).



### 6.9.3 Setting of file register capacity (Other than AOJ2 and A1CPU)

Basic Operation • When changing	File register capacity $\longrightarrow$ $STP + +$
• When not changing	STP ±

(1) Set the file register capacity of A2, A3 or A3HCPU.

(The setting unit is 1K point. If the file register is not required, set the capacity to 0K point.)

Operation example

P FILE REGISTER 3K P FILE REGISTER 4K

SET 4

> STP +

... File register capacity is set to 4K points and the execution proceeds to the setting of M and L ranges (Section 6.9.4 on page 6-87).



### 6.9.4 Setting of M and L ranges (Other than A0J2CPU)



(1) For the setting of M and L ranges, the following screen is displayed.



(2) Input the head number as described below:

The head number of L must not be greater than that of S and must not be less than that of M. When M is not required, input "head number of L = 0."

When L is not required, input "head number of L = head number of S."

(3) By the input of  $\binom{\text{STP}}{\pm}$ , the head numbers are set to the numeric values displayed on the screen.

#### **Operation example**

SET

P M, L SETTING MO LIOOOS2000	····· Present setting displayed	M = 0 to 999 L = 1000 to 1999 S = 2000 to 2047
PM, L SETTING MOL934[S2000		. 3 - 2000 10 2047

(STP + . . . . . M is defined as 0 to 933 and L is defined as 934 to 1999 and S is defined as 2000 to 2047 the setting of timer range (Section 6.9.5 on page 6-89).

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### 6.9.5 Setting of timer ranges (Other than A0J2CPU)



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When the 100ms timer is not required, set the head number of the 10ms timer = 0.

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When the 10ms timer is not required, set the head number of 10ms timer = head number of retentive timer. When the retentive timer is not required, set the head number of retentive timer = 256. Example: When not changing the range of 10ms timer but changing only the range of retentive timer, input  $s_{FT}$ ,  $\frac{Head number of}{retentive timer}$ , and  $\frac{s_{TP}}{\pm}$ .

(4) By the input of  $\binom{\text{STP}}{\pm}$ , the head numbers are set to the numeric values displayed on the screen.

(5) Minimum setting in units of 8 timers. Be sure to set the head number of each timer so that it can be divided by 8.

#### Operation example



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#### 6.9.6 Setting of latch range (Other than A0J2CPU)



 (4) By pressing STP / the following devices are displayed: Device display order: B → LT → HT → IT → C → D → W (→ indicates STP / input and ← indicates STP / input.) When STP / is pressed during the display of device B, execution returns to Section 6.9.5. When STP / is pressed during the display of device W, execution proceeds to Section 6.9.7.

When the A3HCPU is used, execution proceeds to Section 6.9.8.

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#### Operation example



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### (A0J2CPU)





6.9.7 Setting of WDT (Other than A0J2, A3HCPU)



of keyword (entry code) (Section 6.9.9 on page 6-97).



### 6.9.8 Setting the I/O control mode (A3HCPU)



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### 6.9.9 Setting/resetting of keyword (entry code) (Other than A0J2CPU)



- (1) Set or reset the keyword. (entry code)
- (2) The keyword is made up of six hexadecimal digits.

**Operation** example

When keyword has not been set

 $[P \ K \ E \ Y \ W \ 0 \ R \ D \ ]$ Since a keyword has not been set, display is provided in blank.  $[SFT \rightarrow CJ \rightarrow 0UT \rightarrow 4]$   $[P \ K \ E \ Y \ W \ 0 \ R \ D \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4]$ Since a keyword has not been set, display is provided in blank.  $[SFT \rightarrow CJ \rightarrow 0UT \rightarrow 4]$   $[P \ K \ E \ Y \ W \ 0 \ R \ D \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4]$ Since a keyword has not been set, display is provided in blank.  $[STT \rightarrow CJ \rightarrow 0UT \rightarrow 4]$ Since a keyword has not been set, display is provided in blank.  $[P \ K \ E \ Y \ W \ 0 \ R \ D \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4]$ Since a keyword has not been set, display is provided in blank.

6-97



When keyword has been set



- When changing the keyword (entry code):
  - 1) Reset the keyword by the above operation.
  - 2) Set a new keyword by the operation described on the preceding page.



### 6.9.10 Completion of setting operation

Basic Operation • When parameter setting is completed and is to be loaded to the CPU END				
• When changing the parameters				
<ol> <li>The setting completion operation loads the parameters to the CPU or allows the parameters to be checked.</li> </ol>				
Operation example				
(END Z The parameter setting is complete and the execution proceeds to the parameter write operation (Section 6.9.11 on page 6-100).				
PIFOK KEYIN "END"				
$\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ \pm \end{bmatrix}$				
For the A0J2CPU, the execution proceeds to the setting of latch range (Section 6.9.6 on page 6-92).				



#### 6.9.11 Write of parameters



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When selecting the audio cassette function, reset as described in Section 5.6 on page 5-16.

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## 7. AUDIO CASSETTE INTERFACE OPERATION PROCEDURES



### 7. AUDIO CASSETTE INTERFACE OPERATION PROCEDURES

The audio cassette function allows the record (write), replay (read), and verify of data shown in Table 7.1. The record (write) and verify operations can be performed during CPU run. The replay (read) operation can be performed only during CPU stop.

CPU Type	A1CPU	A2CPU	A3CPU	A3HCPU
Parameter	0	0	0	0
Program	0	0	0	0
Parameter + program	0	0	0	0
Subprogram	_	_	0	0
Device memory	0	0	0	0
File register	_	0	0	0
Comment	0	0	0	0
Status latch		0	0	0
Sampling trace		0	0	0
Memory cassette	-	0	0	0
Others (General data)	0	0	0	0

Table 7.1 Data Processed by Audio Cassette Function

 $(\bigcirc = allowed)$ 

### 7.1 Operation Instructions

- (1) For the read or verify operation, set the volume of the audio cassette to maximum. (Refer to Appendix 1.)
- (2) For the selection of tape recording time, refer to the list of processing times in the Appendix.
- (3) Normal domestic cassettes may be used-however those sold for home computer use are recommended.
- (4) A tape recorded with the A6PU can be replayed to the CPU via the A7PU.
- (5) If device memory data recorded from the A0J2CPUP23/R23 is replayed to the A0J2CPU, verify error will occur. If device memory data recorded from the A0J2CPU is replayed to the A0J2CPUP23/R23, link register contents will be lost.

### ΡΟΙΝΤ

See Appendix 2 for required processing times. For memory capacities > 64K the A6GPP programs should be stored on floppy disk due to the long time required with the PU.

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## 7. AUDIO CASSETTE INTERFACE OPERATION PROCEDURES

### 7.2 General Operation for Audio Cassette Function

The general operation for the audio cassette function is explained below.



### 7.3 Mode Setting



The mode selection result is shown at the left top of screen.



## 7. AUDIO CASSETTE INTERFACE OPERATION PROCEDURES



Operation example



### 7.4 Setting of Processed Data



(3) This operation is required for all, record, replay, and verify modes.

### 7. AUDIO CASSETTE INTERFACE OPERATION PROCEDURES

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### 7.5 Setting of Program Capacity



## 7. AUDIO CASSETTE INTERFACE OPERATION PROCEDURES

- (4) When it is necessary to record a sequence program and a microcomputer program together, set the program capacity to include the microcomputer program capacity.
  - Example: When the sequence program capacity is 6K steps and the microcomputer program capacity

Operation example



\* Indicates the mode set in Section 7.3.

### REMARKS

When program is selected for the A0J2CPU, record, replay or verify is enabled for parameter + program.

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### 7.6 Setting of Addresses



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### Operation example



\* Indicates the mode set in Section 7.3.

## 7. AUDIO CASSETTE INTERFACE OPERATION PROCEDURES

#### 7.7 Setting Completion Operation

Basic Operation <ul> <li>When making no change after completing the setting</li> </ul>	END	2	
• When making any changes.			
		 	J

(1) The setting completion operation is used to complete or change (check) data settings.

#### Operation example

\* IF OK KEY IN <sup>\\</sup>END"

 $\begin{bmatrix} END \\ z \end{bmatrix}$  · · · · Completes setting and proceeds to execution operation (Section 7.8).

\* IF OK KEY IN <sup>®</sup>END"

 $[\stackrel{\text{STP}}{+}]$  · · · · To change or check data settings. Screen returns to mode setting (Section 7.3 on page 7-4).

By pressing  $\begin{bmatrix} STP \\ - \end{bmatrix}$ , execution returns to the operation (Section 7.4 Section 7.5 or Section 7.6) immediately prior to the setting completion operation.

### 7.8 Execution Operation

Basic Operation • When executing processing	(STP) ±	
• When not executing processing	CL	

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(1) The execution operation is used to execute or not to execute the mode set in Section 7.3. Operation example

To stop processing during execution, press the CL key. When the CL key is pressed, the following message is displayed.

(RECORD), (REPLAY), or (VERIFY) is displayed in (

## 7. AUDIO CASSETTE INTERFACE OPERATION PROCEDURES



Upon completion of execution, the following screen is displayed. By pressing  $[\underline{stp}]_{\pm}$  after completion, execution returns to Section 7.3.



### POINT

Note the approximate processing time in the Appendix before selecting the audio cassette tape to be used.

## 7. AUDIO CASSETTE INTERFACE OPERATION PROCEDURES

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### Replay and verify operation example



If the level matching check result is not satisfactory, the following screen is displayed for approximately 60 seconds.

In this case the volume of the audio cassette. When the level is OK, the screen shown above is displayed.

\* RUN LEVEL NG

If the level does not become OK during the level check (Which lasts approximately 60 seconds), "LEVEL ERROR" is displayed. In this case, press  $\left[\frac{\text{STP}}{\pm}\right]$ , rewind the tape, and repeat the operation.

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This chapter describes error messages and corrective actions during programming and use of cassette interface.

### 8.1 Error Messages for Programming Function

If an error message is displayed, press the relevant mode key and repeat the operation correctly.

No.	Display	Display Condition	Corrective Action
1	ACPURUN	Write, insert/delete mode, or another mode has been attempted during CPU run.	Set to CPU stop.
2		Data has been searched but cannot be found.	

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No.	Display	Display Condition	Corrective Action
3	CANT OPERATE	The correct keyword has not been entered	Restart the PU and key-in the correct entry code.
4	CODE ERROR	The instruction code has been cor- rupted or semi-deleted.	When the CPU has detected an error, set the CPU from RUN to STOP status, reset the CPU, then check instructions located in front of and behind the step where the error has occurred, and write correct instruction.
5	DEVICE ERROR	The set device symbol is wrong. The device number is outside the range specified.	Re-set.
6	DUAL COIL ERROR	The coil already exists in the pro- gram.	If the program is correct, leave it as it is. Otherwise change the coil designation.
7	INS SET ERROR	The instruction set in the read, write, or insert mode is not correct.	Re-set.

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No.	Display	Display Condition	Corrective Action
8	MODE SET ERROR	Mode selection has not been made.	Select mode.
9	OPERATION ERROR	An operation mistake has been made.	Check key operation.
10	PARAMETER ERROR	The assignment of memory set by parameters has exceeded the capacity of memory cassette.	Correct the memory assignment.
11	PC NOT RESPOND	Communication cannot be made with the CPU.	Perform operation again. If commu- nication cannot be made, check the following: PU Cable connection condition CPU
12	PC WRITE ERROR	Data could not be written to the CPU.	Check the setting of RAM/ROM. Check the loading of RAM, etc. Check the memory protect switch of CPU.
13	SETTING ERROR	Non valid parameter setting.	Check correct setting.

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No.	Display	Display Condition	Corrective Action
14	STEP OVER ERROR	The set step number is greater than the largest step number.	Set correct step number.
15	WR ADDR ERROR	Write-in access has been attempted to a write-forbidden area.	Set correct address.
16	MEMORY PROTECT	During write in write, insert, delete mode, etc., memory protect switch of the memory cassette is ON.	Set memory protect switch to OFF.
17	CASSETTE ERROR	During communication with the CPU in entry code clear, parameter write, or MT mode, memory cassette is faulty or is not loaded.	Load memory cassette. Change memory cassette.

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### 8.2 Error Messages for Audio Cassette Function

No.	Display	Display Condition	Corrective Action
1	ACPURUN	Replay has been attempted during CPU run.	Stop the CPU.
2	LEVEL ERROR	<ul> <li>The level does not match because of volume setting during replay or verify. (The level NG display is provided after a certain peri- od of time (approximately 60 seconds).)</li> <li>The audio cassette does not operate during replay or verify.</li> </ul>	Re-set the volume of audio cassette to the optimum value. (Refer to Appendix 1.)
3	MTERROR	<ul> <li>A sum check error has occurred with respect to the sum check code recorded on the tape.</li> <li>Data in excess of the data recorded on the tape has been attempted to be replayed or verified.</li> </ul>	Change the tape. Set correct setting range.
4	PARAMETER ERROR	The assignment of memory set by parameters replayed from the tape, has exceeded the capacity of the memory cassette.	Load correct memory cassette or check the combination of memory cassette and tape.

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No.	Display	Display Condition	Corrective Action
5	PC NOT RESPOND	Proper communication cannot be made with the CPU.	Check cable connection, etc.
6	SETTING ERROR	The set value is not correct.	Perform correct setting.
7	VERIFY ERROR	A verify error has occurred. Device memory data recorded from the A0J2CPUP23/R23 has been re- played to the A0J2CPU.	

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#### 8.3 Error Number and Error Message List

When an error has occurred in the programmable controller CPU, one of the following messages is displayed by the operation described in Section 6.8.5 on page 6-69(  $\boxed{\text{TEST}} \rightarrow \boxed{\kappa} \rightarrow \boxed{\binom{\text{STP}}{\pm}}$ ).

ERROR No.	Error Message	Description	Corrective Action
10	INS. CODE ERROR	<ul> <li>An instruction code, which cannot be decoded by the CPU, is included in the program.</li> <li>1) A ROM including an instruction code, which cannot be decoded, has been loaded.</li> <li>2) The contents of memory have changed for some reason and an instruction code, which cannot be decoded, has been included.</li> </ul>	Read the error step and correct the instruction at that step. When the cause of trouble is the ROM, rewrite the contents or change it.
11	PARAMETER ERROR	<ol> <li>A capacity larger than the memory capacity of CPU has been attempted to be written.</li> <li>The parameter contents of CPU memory have changed due to noise or improper loading of memory.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check the parameter contents and re-set them by the PU.</li> <li>Check the loading of CPU mem- ory.</li> </ol>

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ERROR No.	Error Message	Description	Corrective Action
12	MISSING ENDINS	The END instruction does not exist in the program.	Write END at the end of program.
13	CAN'T EXECUTE	<ol> <li>There is no jump destination or there are several jump destinations specified for CJ, SCJ, CALL, CALLP, or JMP instruction.</li> <li>There is a CHG instruction but there is no subprogram setting.</li> <li>Although there is no CALL instruction, a RET instruction is in the program and has been executed.</li> <li>The jump destination of CJ, SCJ, CALL, CALLP, or JMP instruc- tion is located below the END in- struction and has been executed.</li> </ol>	Read the error step by the PU and correct the program at that step. (Insert jump destination or reduce the number of jump destinations to one.)

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ERROR No.	Error Message	Description	Corrective Action
15	CAN'T EXECUTE	<ol> <li>Although an interruption unit is used, the interruption pointer I, does not exist for that unit in the program or there are several occurences.</li> <li>An IRET instruction is not included in the interruption pro- gram.</li> <li>There is an IRET instruction other than in the interruption program.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check if there is an interruption program, which corresponds to the interruption unit, or reduce the occurences of I to one.</li> <li>Check if there is an IRET instruc- tion in the interruption program.</li> <li>Check if there is an IRET instruc- tion in other than the interrup- tion program and delete the IRET instruction.</li> </ol>
16	CASSETTE ERROR	A memory cassette is not loaded.	Load a memory cassette and perform reset.
20	RAMERROR	After checking if the CPU can perform write and/or read operation to and/or from the data memory area of CPU, either or both could not be perform- ed.	The cause is a hardware error, consult the nearest sales representative.
21	OPE.CIRCUIT ERR	The operation circuit, which per- forms sequence processing inside the CPU, does not work properly.	

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ERROR No.	Error Message	Description	Corrective Action
22	WDTERROR	<ul> <li>Scan time has exceeded the watch dog timer error supervising time.</li> <li>1) The scan time of user program has exceeded the WDT valve due to program.</li> <li>2) Instantaneous power failure has occurred during scan and the scan time has increased.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Calculate and check the scan time of user program and reduce the scan time by use of CJ instruc- tion, etc.</li> <li>Monitor the content of special register D9005. When it is other than 0, check the power and reduce voltage variations because the power voltage is unstable.</li> </ol>
23	SUB-CPU ERROR	The sub-CPU has malfunctioned.	The cause is a hardware error, consult the nearest sales representative.
24	END NOT EXECUTE	<ol> <li>When the END instruction is executed, another instruction code has been read due to noise, etc.</li> <li>The END instruction has changed to another instruction code for some reason.</li> </ol>	Perform reset and run the CPU again. If the same error is displayed again, the cause is a hardware error, consult the nearest sales representative.
26	WDTERROR	The main CPU has executed an end- less loop or has malfunctioned. (The sub-CPU makes check.)	The cause is a hardware error, consult the nearest sales representative.

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ERROR No.	Error Message	Description	Corrective Action
31	UNIT VERIFY ERR	<ul> <li>I/O unit data is different from that at power-on.</li> <li>1) An I/O unit has been removed during operation or a different unit has been loaded.</li> <li>2) The above has occured during stop and then the CPU has been set to RUN status.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Since the bit of special register D9116 to D9123, which corre- sponds to the unit where a verify error has occurred, is "1", moni- tor the special registers by the PU and check and change the relevant unit.</li> <li>If the present unit arrangement is OK, perform reset by the RESET switch.</li> </ol>
32	FUSE BREAK OFF	A fuse has blown in an output unit.	<ol> <li>Check the fuse blow indicator LED of output unit.</li> <li>Monitor special registers D9100 to D9107 and change the fuse of unit corresponding to the special register of which bit is "1".</li> </ol>

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ERROR No.	Error Message	Description	Corrective Action
40	CONTROL BUS ERR	The FROM and TO instructions can- not be executed. Control bus error with respect to a special unit.	The cause is a hardware error in special unit, CPU unit, or base unit, change the unit and consult the nearest sales representative.
41	SP.UNIT DOWN	When the FROM or TO instruction is executed, access has been made to a special function unit which has not responded. 1) The accessed special function unit is defective.	Since this is a hardware error of the special unit, consult the nearest sales representative.
42	LINK UNIT ERROR	<ol> <li>AJ71R22 or AJ71P22 is loaded in the master station.</li> <li>Two or more AJ71R22 or AJ71P22 are loaded in a local station.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Remove the AJ71R22 or AJ71P22 from the master station.</li> <li>Only one AJ71 R22 or AJ71P22 should be loaded in the local station.</li> <li>After correction reset.</li> </ol>

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ERROR No.	Error Message	Description	Corrective Action
43	I/O INT.ERROR	Interruption has occured with out interrupt unit being loaded.	Hardware error. Consult the nearest sales representative.
44	SP.UNIT LAY ERR	<ol> <li>Three or more computer link units are loaded on one CPU unit.</li> <li>Two or more AJ71P22 or AJ71R22 are loaded.</li> <li>Two or more interruption units are loaded.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Max. of two computer link units allowed.</li> <li>Only one AJ71P22 or AJ71R22 allowed.</li> <li>Only one interrupt unit allowed.</li> </ol>
46	SP.UNIT ERROR	Access (execution of FROM or TO instruction) has been made to a location where there is no special function unit.	Check and correct the content of FROM or TO instruction.
47	LINK PARA ERROR	Link parameters are incorrect.	<ol> <li>Write parameters again.</li> <li>If parameters are correct but the message is still displayed, the cause is a hardware error. Therefore, consult the nearest sales representative.</li> </ol>

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ERROR No.	Error Message	Description	Corrective Action Read the error step, check and cor- rect the program at that step. (Check the device setting range, BCD conver- sion value, etc.)	
50	OPERATION ERROR	<ol> <li>The result of BCD conversion has exceeded the specified range (9999 or 99999999).</li> <li>Setting has been performed ex- ceeding the specified device range and operation cannot be perform- ed.</li> </ol>		
70	An error code is displayed (no message)	<ol> <li>The battery voltage has reduced.</li> <li>The battery lead is disconnected.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Change the battery.</li> <li>When RAM memory or power failure compensation is necessary, connect the battery.</li> </ol>	

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#### APPENDICES

#### APPENDIX 1 Level Matching of Audio Cassette

This chapter describes the levels, classified by the models of audio cassettes. The following models has been checked as of May, 1986 and are examples only, this should not be taken as an indication of the models availability in a given country.

Audio Cassette Type	Volume Graduation during Replay or Verify	Remarks
CS-665 (by Fairmate)	0(min) 5 10(max)	Set the volume graduation to the range from 5/10 to 10/10.
RT-F33 (by Toshiba)	0(min) <u>5</u> 10(max)	Set the volume graduation to the range from 4/10 to 10/10.
RQ-341 (by National)	0(min) 5 10(max)	Set the volume graduation to the range from 4/10 to 7.5/10.
RQ-2739 (by National)	0(min) 5 10(max)	Set the volume graduation to the range from 4.5/10 to 10/10.
RX-1835 (by National)	0(min) 5 10(max)	Set the volume graduation to the range from 2/10 to 10/10.
TC-1100 (by Sony)	0(min) 5 10(max)	Set the volume graduation to the range from 5.5/10 to 10/10.

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### APPENDIX 2 Processing Time for Audio Cassette Function

Data Name	Capacity	Processing Time	Remarks
Parameter	3K bytes	Approx. 2 min.	
	6K steps	Approx. 6 min.	
Main program	14K steps	Approx. 12 min. 25 sec.	
Subprogram	30K steps	Approx. 25 min. 10 sec.	
Device memory	6.5K bytes	Approx. 3 min. 25 sec.	
File register	8K bytes (4K points)	Approx. 4 min.	
Comment	64K bytes (4032 points)	Approx. 26 min. 25 sec.	
Status latch	28K bytes	Approx. 12 min.	
Sampling trace	8K bytes	Approx. 4 min.	

## APPENDIX

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Data Name	Capacity	Processing Time	Remarks
	16K bytes (A3MCA-0)	Approx. 7 min. 15 sec.	
	16K bytes (A3MCA-2)	Approx. 7 min. 15 sec.	
	32K bytes (A3MCA-4)	Approx. 13 min. 35 sec.	
Memory cassette	64K bytes (A3MCA-8)	Approx. 26 min. 25 sec.	
	96K bytes (A3MCA-12)	Approx. 39 min. 50 sec.	
	64K bytes (A3MCA-8)         Approx. 26 min. 25 sec.           96K bytes (A3MCA-12)         Approx. 39 min. 50 sec.           144K bytes (A3MCA-18)         Approx. 58 min. 20 sec.		
Others	4K bytes	Approx. 2 min. 25 sec.	
(General data)	10K bytes	Approx, 4 min. 40 sec.	

### APPENDIX

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### IMPORTANT

The components on the printed circuit boards will be damaged by static electricity, so avoid handling them directly. If it is necessary to handle them take the following precautions.

- (1) Ground human body and work bench.
- (2) Do not touch the conductive areas of the printed circuit board and its electrical parts with any non-grounded tools etc.

Under no circumstances will Mitsubishi Electric be liable or responsible for any consequential damage that may arise as a result of the installation or use of this equipment.

All examples and diagrams shown in this manual are intended only as an aid to understanding the text, not to guarantee operation. Mitsubishi Electric will accept no responsibility for actual use of the product based on these illustrative examples.

Owing to the very great variety in possible applications of this equipment, you must satisfy yourself as to its suitability for your specific application.

When exported from Japan, this manual does not require application to the Ministry of International Trade and Industry for service transaction permission.

# MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE : MITSUBISHI DENKI BLDG MARUNOUCHI TOKYO 100 TELEX : J24532 CABLE MELCO TOKYO NAGOYA WORKS : 1-14 , YADA-MINAMI 5 , HIGASHI-KU, NAGOYA , JAPAN

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